

Who Killed Melendez? Editorial.
An Analysis of the McKellar Bill: Editorial.
Industry Has a John L. Lewis, Too: Mirror of Public Opinion.

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YANKS LOSE 18 BOMBERS IN DAY RAID ON REICH; R.A.F. HITS RUHR AGAIN

AMERICANS DOWN MANY FIGHTERS; WUPPERTAL NIGHT TARGET OF BRITISH

English Drop Nearly
1500 Tons of Explosives
in Operations Costing
33 Big Planes.

LONDON, June 25 (AP).—A large force of United States heavy bombers, flying without fighter escort, attacked targets in Northwest Germany today and 18 of the craft are missing, headquarters of the United States Eighth Air Force announced.

The American communiqué said strong fighter opposition was encountered but that many enemy planes were destroyed. Adverse weather made observation of the results of the attack difficult.

British Raid Wuppertal.

Earlier, the British announced that the Royal Air Force carried the offensive against the Ruhr to new intensity last night by returning to the bomb-battered city of Wuppertal in great strength and making a concentrated attack on chemical and textile manufacturing plants.

Thirty-three bombers failed to return from the night's operations, which included assaults on other targets in the Ruhr and laying mines in enemy waters.

The attack was concentrated on the industrial area of Elberfeld, the western section of Wuppertal, the Air Ministry said.

"The attack was nearly as heavy as that recently made on Barmen, the eastern half of Wuppertal, and from preliminary reports great damage appears to have been done," a communiqué said.

Heavy defensive activity was reported by flyers who returned from the area, which is packed with anti-aircraft guns, searchlight batteries and fighter planes.

Nazis Admit Heavy Loss.

The German communiqué said "losses among the populations of the towns attacked are heavy," and that several towns were hit, "in particular Wuppertal-Elberfeld and Remscheid." Remscheid, near Wuppertal, is a center of the German tool industry and has important railway repair shops.

The Barmen area of Wuppertal was attacked May 29 with 1500 tons or more of bombs. The sprawling industrial area occupies both sides of the Wupper River.

Wuppertal was formed in 1929 by an amalgamation of the towns of Elberfeld and Barmen and had a population of more than 400,000.

The Air Ministry said that German planes dropped bombs harmlessly during the night in one place on the southeast coast of England.

R. A. F. fighters prowling over Western Europe last night harassed enemy air bases and shot down at least one German plane over an airfield in The Netherlands.

The night raids followed a day of intense Allied aerial activity in

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Today's War News

LONDON—Big American bombers, flying unescorted, deliver new attack on Northwestern Germany following heavy Royal Air Force night raid on Wuppertal in the Ruhr; 18 U. S. bombers and 33 British bombers lost; new blows follow raids by 400 planes on Hitler's "Atlantic wall" defense.

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA—Fifty United States Liberators from Middle East command drop heavy weight of bombs in first raid on Salonika, Greece, and return safely from 1000-mile round trip; Sardinia airfields and shipping hit by 300 American light and medium bombers and fighters, which down 20 enemy planes with loss of nine; British add another Axis fighter.

Mediterranean Air Action



Arrow and plane symbols indicate Allied air raids in Mediterranean theater. Liberators from the United States Ninth Air Force flew approximately 500 miles—to blast an airdrome at Salonika, Greece, while other planes struck at Sardinia and Sicily.

LIBERATORS BOMB SALONIKA, GREECE; SARDINIA POUNDED

50 Big U. S. Craft Attack Greek Port While 300 Fighters and Mediums Hit Island.

By NOLAN NORGAARD
ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA, June 25 (AP).—United States Ninth Air Force Liberators struck for the first time yesterday at the historic Greek port of Salonika from Middle East bases, while about 300 American bombers and fighters of the Northwest African command battered communications of Sardinia, 700 miles to the west, it was announced today.

Cairo communiques said more than 50 Liberators, attacking in two waves, dropped more than 125 tons of bombs and scored direct hits of three hangars at the Axis-occupied Sardinia airdrome of Salonika, leaving all of them in flames. Pilots saw explosives burst among administration buildings and on the field and dispersal areas.

"At least three enemy aircraft were destroyed on the ground and oil fires were started," the Cairo communiqué said. "The Liberators carried out the operation without loss, making a round trip of more than 1000 miles across the Mediterranean."

Important Aegean Port.

Salonika, a city with a normal peacetime population of about 236,000, is situated on the eastern coast of Greece approximately 700 miles northwest of Alexandria. It is one of the principal ports on the Aegean and in 1918 served as the base from which Gen. Franchet D'Esperey sent his Allied forces

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King Reaches British Base Early, Joshes Churchill for Being 'Late'

By HENRY B. JAMESON
ROYAL AIR FORCE BASE IN BRITAIN, June 25 (AP).—King George VI returned today from an extraordinary tour of the North African battlefields, his big four-engine bomber landing at this case just after 6 a. m.

The King, tanned and smiling, was the first to step from the plane. Royal Air Force guard of honor presented arms and Air Marshal Sir Charles Portal, chief of the British air staff, stepped forward to greet him.

After inspecting the honor guard, King George was driven to the R. A. F. member, escorted by 10 Spitfires, landed an hour ahead of schedule because of an unexpectedly strong tail wind. A short time later Winston Churchill's automobile arrived and the Prime Minister alighted smiling.

The smile disappeared when he was told he was late. Scowling slightly, he was driven to the R. A. F. mess to join the King. The King appeared highly

amused at Churchill's discomfiture over his late arrival and told the Prime Minister jokingly that he had "missed all the fun." Later the two drove away together.

The King's pilot, who flew the plane on the entire 5800-mile journey, said the trip home was completely uneventful and that the King spent most of the night sleeping.

The King's only comment when he alighted was: "A very good trip indeed."

The royal plane left North Africa last night and flew non-stop to England. An escort of four American Alacobras accompanied it over the African coast and the Spitfires picked it up this morning.

The pilot said that during the trip "we didn't see a single German plane the entire time except on the ground."

The King flew to North Africa June 12 and while there visited British, American and French land forces and warships of the fleet off the African coast. He also visited Malta.

U. S. TAKING CORN IN STORAGE HERE, 17 OTHER CITIES

10 St. Louis Elevators Among 96 in Midwest Containing Requisitioned Supplies.

CEILING PRICE PAID FOR GRAIN

Action Is Taken to Meet Needs of Processors Making Essential War Products.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—The War Food Administration announced today it is requisitioning stocks of corn in 96 Midwestern terminal elevators, including 10 in St. Louis, in a move to secure supplies for processors making corn food, feed and industrial products essential to the war effort.

Supplies obtained under the requisitioning order will be allocated among processors of corn starch, sugar, syrup and other products under a plan yet to be announced.

Besides those in St. Louis, the elevators on which requisitions are being served are at Manitowish, Wis., two elevators; Sioux City, Ia., four; Peoria, Ill., three; Burlington, Ia., one; St. Joseph, Mo., six; Des Moines, Ia., two; Indianapolis, Ind., three; Louisville, Ky., two; Omaha, Neb., and Council Bluffs, Ia., 14; Chicago, 20; Minneapolis, eight; Decatur, Ill., three; Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kan., 14; Superior-Duluth, four.

Corn in these elevators is being requisitioned regardless of previous contracts, WFA said.

Requisitioning papers are being served, officials said, by United States Marshals and in some cases by military officials where marshals are not available.

Requisitioning of such corn was decided on after the WFA received complaints that persons owning grain were holding it for higher prices while many processing plants had been forced to close down because of their inability to purchase corn at the Government's ceiling price.

The WFA will pay the ceiling price of \$1.07 a bushel, Chicago basis, for the requisitioned corn. The grain will be resold to processors at the same price.

Stocks to Be Small.

Corn supplies secured by requisitioning elevator stocks are expected to be relatively small, officials estimate placing the quantity in affected elevators at barely sufficient to supply processors for approximately two weeks.

Under consideration is a plan by which farmers would be paid a subsidy above the ceiling price for selling corn for use by processors.

The action reflects a growing tight supply situation in corn and other livestock feeds. These products are being dwindling under the impact of a record number of livestock.

There has been a tendency on the part of corn farmers to hold the grain on the farm to meet their own livestock feeding requirements. They have been encouraged to follow this course by the fact that they can get a con-

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CHRISTMAS MAILING DATES ARE SET FOR MEN OVERSEAS

Sept. 15 to Oct. 15 Deadline for Gifts to Soldiers, Sept. 15 to Nov. 1 to Sailors.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—In the air-conditioned Post Office Department Building, even a June hot spell does not preclude thoughts of Christmas. Wherefore the department announced today that Christmas gifts for Army personnel overseas must be mailed between Sept. 15 and Oct. 15 to assure delivery on time.

The dates for gifts to Navy personnel overseas were fixed at Sept. 15 to Nov. 1.

ROOSEVELT JUST AS STRONG FOR SECOND FRONT AS REDS

So He Says at Press Conference, But Doesn't Elaborate on Subject.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—President Roosevelt declared today that he is just as strong as the Russians are for a second front and that everybody is agreed on that issue.

Reporters reminded him at a press conference that the Russian Government again had raised its voice in a demand for a second front, and he said that his was just as strong as theirs. He did not amplify the point in any manner.

ANTISTRIKE BILL VETOED SENATE VOTES TO OVERRIDE ISSUE IN DOUBT IN HOUSE

ROOSEVELT SAYS HE WON'T ACCEPT OCT. 31 DEADLINE SET BY MINERS

Asserts Coal Must Be Produced, and That Many Get Away From Fact We Are at War, With Nation at Stake.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—President Roosevelt said today he would not recognize nor accept an Oct. 31 deadline set by the United Mine Workers for continued coal production in Government-operated mines.

He told a press conference he was merely trying to see that coal was mined and that this had to be done some way. He added that many of us get away from the fact we are at war and the life of a nation is very much at stake.

The War Labor Board went to War Mobilization Director James F. Byrnes today with a request that the Government compel the United Mine Workers to comply fully with the board's order, or that punishment be imposed.

Board members told Byrnes that the country's largest corporations, United States Steel (in the Federal Shipbuilding case) and General Motors, had complied with WLB orders, however reluctantly, but that in the coal case only the operators have been penalized. Their mines have been seized, although they are ready to obey the WLB.

Full compliance would mean the signing of a two-year contract containing a pledge not to strike for the duration of the war. The contract ordered by the board would permit reopening of the wage clauses in the interim, but otherwise it is the 1941-43 Appalachian agreement plus some concessions such as higher vacation payments, and free tools and equipment.

Penalties Not Intended.

WLB members said penalties against the miners were not intended, but that the union, as such, should be brought to book for defiance. The penalties might take the form of a suspension of the dues checkoff or freezing of the UMW treasury.

The board also made plain that it has finally determined the controversy between the miners and the operators, and all that remains is matter of enforcement. This was taken to mean that retroactive liabilities against the operators are no longer accruing, unless, of course, the miners sue.

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THICK SMOKE PALL, SECOND OF SUMMER IN DOWNTOWN AREA

The second thick smoke pall of the summer blanketed the downtown district and some other areas early today.

Weather Bureau observers described the smoke at that time from 6 to 7:30 a. m. thick for 35 minutes from 7:30 to 8:05 and moderate again until 9:45.

The thick, gray smoke was heavy with the acrid odor from chemical industries, and was irritating to sensitive noses and throats.

Thick smoke was not last Wednesday for the first time since April, hanging over parts of the city in the early morning. Moderate smoke covered part of the city June 9 for a short time. The two thick palls were the first in June since enactment of the smoke ordinance in 1940. One thick pall was experienced last July.

Smoke Commissioner Robert M. Boyles said one source of today's smoke was industrial plants outside the city.

EINSTEIN TO WORK FOR NAVY

Scientist to Tackle Mathematical Problems in Ordnance.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—Prof. Albert Einstein, noted scientist and author of the theory of relativity, has agreed to work for the United States Navy on mathematical physical problems in ordnance.

He visited M. L. Beyer, plant superintendent of the International Postal Supply Co., who

INFLATION, NOT FOOD CZAR, REAL ISSUE, PRESIDENT SAYS

Responsibility on Congress if It Starts Upward Spiral by Demand for Higher Farm Prices, He Asserts.

By RAYMOND F. BRANDT
Chief Washington Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—President Roosevelt, emphasizing that the real question before the country is whether or not there shall be inflation, declared today that if Congress starts the inflationary spiral by insisting on higher farm prices the responsibility will be 100 per cent on Congress.

The President's strong statement, delivered in serious and positive tones, was made in response to questions at his press conference about Congressional efforts to make Chester C. Davis of St. Louis a food czar, with control over farm prices.

The House Agriculture Committee by a vote of 18-to-8 yesterday favorably reported legislation that would take all food rationing and price fixing powers from the Office of Price Administration and place them under Davis, who has limited powers as War Food Administrator.

The President had offered his resignation because he had not been given full authority over food. The President did not answer directly, saying that he had remarked last week that Davis had told him that he did not want to succeed Prentiss Brown as OPA administrator. When it was pointed out that Davis might want to have control of food prices and farm prices.

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ALDERMEN VOTE LICENSE BAR ON TAX DELINQUENTS

Must Show Receipts for Property Levy to Buy Auto Stickers or Business Permits.

An ordinance to require St. Louisans to exhibit personal property tax receipts for three preceding years before they will be permitted to purchase city automobile license stickers' merchants' licenses, or manufacturers' license was passed unanimously today by the Board of Aldermen.

It was estimated the measure would result in yielding \$500,000 additional revenue the first year and \$200,000 each succeeding year.

In addition, the board passed a milk ordinance amendment sponsored by Health Commissioner Joseph F. Bredeck, providing for a date mark to replace the date of pasteurization now printed on the bottle caps of all milk bottles in the city.

City Collector Richard S. Gruener said that the license ordinance is expected to approve, would have far-reaching effect in bringing in delinquent personal property taxes.

Licenses that can be obtained under the new measure without exhibiting personal property tax receipts include dog, entertainment, drivers' and bicycle licenses.

Alderman Charles G. Kratochvil introduced the ordinance and Mayor Becker urged its passage, stating the receipts from it would help considerably in meeting proposed pay increases for city employees.

Of the total personal property tax levy of \$3,632,379 for 1942, about \$812,000 is delinquent, Gruener said. Many persons have been accustomed not to pay their personal property taxes in the absence of effective compulsion. University City and Kansas City have passed similar ordinances, and the Kansas City measure has been upheld by the Supreme Court of Missouri.

The board also took away from the Legislation Committee the wage compensation plan, designed to give wage increases of \$750,000 a year to about 3200 city employees. The Aldermen voted to consider the bill next Friday, sitting as a committee of the whole.

Gasoline Curb in East Stand, WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—

Hope of relieving civilian gasoline rationing curbs on the East Coast this summer were apparently dashed today by action of Secretary Ickes, as Petroleum Administrator, in allotting a scant 328,000 barrels daily for civilian use through July, August and September.

Doctor Uses Magnet to Draw Lock From Stomach of 5-Year-Old Boy

(Pictures in Everyday Magazine.)

NEW YORK, June 25 (AP).—In what doctors said was the first such operation on record, a Brooklyn physician yesterday fished a metal lock from the stomach of a 5-year-old boy by means of a magnet.

The patient, Donald Brown of Brooklyn, swallowed the inch-long lock 13 days ago. His parents consulted Dr. Samuel Silber, who set out in search for an electro-magnet small enough to be inserted into the stomach.

He visited M. L. Beyer, plant superintendent of the International Postal Supply Co., who

ROOSEVELT SAYS MEASURE WOULD ADD TO, NOT CUT, WORK STOPPAGES

Asserts He Sympathizes With Aims, but Cites 'Discriminatory' Provisions—Calls for 45-65 Draft Extension.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—President Roosevelt vetoed the Connally-Smith-Harness anti-strike bill today on the ground it would "stimulate labor unrest" but the Senate promptly voted, 56 to 25, to override the veto.

The Senate voted five minutes after being told by the President that the legislation, while intended to insure continuous war production, instead would hurt production. Both Missouri Senators, Clark and Truman, voted to sustain the veto.

The measure now goes to the House for its consideration on whether to override. Whether the House would follow the Senate's lead was not sure, as it passed the bill originally by a much smaller proportion of votes than did the Senate. The House vote on the bill, a compromise worked out by a House and Senate conference committee, was 219 to 129.

Roosevelt said in his veto message to the Senate that the measure had an entirely praiseworthy purpose but that he was convinced it would in some cases produce strikes "in vital war plants which otherwise would not occur."

Declaring that he intended to use the powers of government to prevent the interruption of war production by strikes, he formally recommended amendment of the Selective Service Act so that persons between 45 and 65 years may be inducted into noncombat military service.

"This will enable us," he said, "to induct into military service all persons who engage in strikes, stoppages, or other interruptions of work in plants in the possession of the United States."

"This direct approach would be to extend the principle of selective service and make it universal in character."

He said he would approve legislation which would truly strengthen the hands of the government in dealing with strikes harming the war effort and which would prevent defiance of decisions of the War Labor Board.

The vetoed bill would outlaw

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

Continued Warm

THE TEMPERATURES

1 a. m. 72° 10 a. m. 81°
2 a. m. 73° 11 a. m. 82°
3 a. m. 74° 12 a. m. 83°
4 a. m. 75° 1 p. m. 84°
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6 a. m. 77° 3 p. m. 86°
7 a. m. 78° 4 p. m. 87°
8 a. m. 79° 5 p. m. 88°
9 a. m. 80° 6 p. m. 89°
10 a. m. 81° 7 p. m. 90°
11 a. m. 82° 8 p. m. 91°
12 a. m. 83° 9 p. m. 92°
1 p. m. 84° 10 p. m. 93°
2 p. m. 85° 11 p. m. 94°
3 p. m. 86° 12 a. m. 95°
4 p. m. 87° 1 a. m. 96°
5 p. m. 88° 2 a. m. 97°
6 p. m. 89° 3 a. m. 98°
7 p. m. 90° 4 a. m. 99°
8 p. m. 91° 5 a. m. 100°
9 p. m. 92° 6 a. m. 101°
10 p. m. 93° 7 a. m. 102°
11 p. m. 94° 8 a. m. 103°
12 a. m. 95° 9 a. m. 104°
1 p. m. 96° 10 a. m. 105°
2 p. m. 97° 11 a. m. 106°
3 p. m. 98° 12 a. m. 107°
4 p. m. 99° 1 a. m. 108°
5 p. m. 100° 2 a. m. 109°
6 p. m. 101° 3 a. m. 110°
7 p. m. 102° 4 a. m. 111°
8 p. m. 103° 5 a. m. 112°
9 p. m. 104° 6 a. m. 113°
10 p. m. 105° 7 a. m. 114°
11 p. m. 106° 8 a. m. 115°
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1 p. m. 108° 10 a. m. 117°
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3 p. m. 110° 12 a. m. 119°
4 p. m. 111° 1 a. m. 120°
5 p. m. 112° 2 a. m. 121°
6 p. m. 113° 3 a. m. 122°
7 p. m. 114° 4 a. m. 123°
8 p. m. 115° 5 a. m. 124°
9 p. m. 116° 6 a. m. 125°
10 p. m. 117° 7 a. m. 126°
11 p. m. 118° 8 a. m. 127°
12 a. m. 119° 9 a. m. 128°
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11 p. m. 130° 8 a. m. 139°
12 a. m. 131° 9 a. m. 140°
1 p. m. 132° 10 a. m. 141°
2 p. m. 133° 11 a. m. 142°
3 p. m. 134° 12 a. m. 143°
4 p. m. 135° 1 a. m. 144°
5 p. m. 136° 2 a. m. 145°
6 p. m. 137° 3 a. m. 146°
7 p. m. 138° 4 a. m. 147°
8 p. m. 139° 5 a. m. 148°
9 p. m. 140° 6 a. m. 149°
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11 p. m. 142° 8 a. m. 151°
12 a. m. 143° 9 a. m. 152°
1 p. m. 144° 10 a. m. 153°
2 p. m. 145° 11 a. m. 154°
3 p. m. 146° 12 a. m. 155°
4 p. m. 147° 1 a. m. 156°
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7 p. m. 162° 4 a. m. 171°
8 p. m. 163° 5 a. m. 172°
9 p. m. 164° 6 a. m. 173°
10 p. m. 165° 7 a. m. 174°
11 p. m. 166° 8 a. m. 175°
12 a. m. 167° 9 a. m. 176°
1 p. m. 168° 10 a. m. 177°
2 p. m. 169° 11 a. m. 178°
3 p. m. 170° 12 a. m. 179°
4 p. m. 171° 1 a. m. 180°
5 p. m. 172° 2 a. m. 181°
6 p. m. 173° 3 a. m. 182°
7 p. m. 174° 4 a. m. 183°
8 p. m. 175° 5 a. m. 184°
9 p. m. 176° 6 a. m. 185°
10 p. m. 177° 7 a. m. 186°
11 p. m. 178° 8 a. m. 187°
12 a. m. 179° 9 a. m. 188°
1 p. m. 180° 10 a. m. 189°
2 p. m. 181° 11 a. m. 190°
3 p. m. 182° 12 a. m.

NAZIS REPORTED SENDING 150,000 TROOPS TO GUARD BRENNER PASS

Move Said to Indicate
Lack of Confidence in
Italian Resistance—
Mussolini to Oust Luke-
warm Fascists.

LONDON, June 25 (AP).—Ten German army divisions comprising roughly 150,000 men are being moved into Northern Italy to guard the mountainous approaches to Brenner Pass, gateway to Germany, against an Allied invasion from the south, it was asserted here today by an unofficial source with continental connections.

The informant, who declined to permit use of his name, said the move suggested that the Nazis were distrustful of the resistance their Italian allies would put up against such an invasion and were preparing their own defense line at the portals of Germany itself.

He said half of the 10 divisions already were fanning out into their new positions and that the rest were on the way to form a fluid reserve force which could be shifted quickly toward the Riviera or into the Balkans in case of urgent need.

Without confirmation from any Allied source, a German radio commentator declared in a broadcast recorded by Reuters news agency that the British Eighth Army had been sent from North Africa to Syria to spearhead an Allied attack on the Balkans. (Units of the Eighth Army recently were reviewed at Tripoli and on Malta by King George.)

Force of Lukewarm Fascists. The Rome radio said today that Premier Mussolini had ordered a wholesale purge of lukewarm Fascist party members. Reporting that Mussolini presided over a meeting of party directors, the radio quoted a communiqué issued afterward as saying: "The party membership now is being purified of all lukewarm Fascists who do not serve the country and the Fascist regime with a religious fervor, according to the directives given by the Duce."

A Bern dispatch yesterday said reliable sources reported 7000 anti-Fascists had been arrested in Italy. A Berlin dispatch to the Swiss newspaper Neue Zuercher Zeitung suggested that Mussolini in re-vamping his cabinet four months ago sought to counteract sentiment for a separate peace in some Italian circles.

Nazi Writer Quoted. The Zeitung's Berlin correspondent referred to an article by Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, former German Imperial Foreign Secretary, and commented that Von Kuehlmann's disclosure was "all the more sensational" because the German people had not hitherto been told of any hint of Italian war weariness.

Writing in the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, von Kuehlmann said "English politics apparently influenced the Americans to turn a cold shoulder to Italian individuals and groups" so that "even these now recognized that only further fighting and victory can uphold the Italian future."

The Cabinet shakeup turned out among others, Count Galeazzo Ciano, Foreign Minister, and Count Dino Grandi, Minister of Justice, but there was no suggestion by Von Kuehlmann that they were among those seeking peace.

Axis Is Ready, Says Goebbels. Meanwhile, the German radio quoted German Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels as writing in the weekly, Das Reich, that the Axis is prepared "day and night" for an invasion.

Saying it was "possible," even "probable," that the Allies would try to invade the Continent, Goebbels said: "The only question is when and where."

The Balkans figured largely in invasion speculation, however. In a Stockholm dispatch telling of Greek guerrilla activity which has extended even to sea, John H. Colburn, Associate Press correspondent wrote: "It is known that British and Indian forces have been concentrated on the Eastern Mediterranean island of Cyprus, and Axis sources recently reported the arrival of American troops there."

"Behind this island, which has well developed naval and air bases and may serve as a springboard for a Balkan attack, the British Ninth Army waits in Syria and Palestine for action."

Colburn's dispatch added that "while fighting the land and sea guerrillas with one hand, the Axis has been reinforcing troops and fortifications throughout the Balkans with the other."

"Berlin reports this week said large contingents of troops had been transferred from Russia to that area," he continued. "Many of these were said to be units engaged in the Balkan campaign early in the war."

Antistrike Bill Vetoed; Senate Votes to Override

Continued From Page One.

strikes in Government-controlled war industries and regulate walk-outs in privately operated plants. It had been denounced by labor leaders as intended to "crucify labor" and praised by its proponents as a "happy solution" of a protracted congressional controversy.

Sympathizes With Aims. Roosevelt said that he understood and sympathized with the general purposes of the bill to make such interruptions of work as those which have taken place in the coal industry clearly unlawful. The first seven sections of the bill are directed to this objective, he said, and if the measure were limited to them he would sign it.

These sections offered statutory authority to the President to seize war facilities, proposed that existing terms and conditions of employment be maintained except as directed by the War Labor Board, designated it a criminal offense to instigate, direct or aid a strike in a Government-operated establishment, and gave the WLB statutory powers.

The President struck heavily at a section of the bill which would make it mandatory for the National Labor Relations Board to take a secret ballot among employees in plants, mines and other facilities 30 days after notice of an intention to strike.

Text of Veto Message. "I am returning herewith, with my approval, S. 796, the so-called war labor disputes bill."

"It is not a simple bill, for it covers many subjects. I approve many of the sections; but other sections tend to obscure the issues or to write into war legislation certain extraneous matter which appears to be discriminatory. In the form submitted to me, the accomplishment of its avowed purpose—the prevention of strikes in wartime—could well be made more difficult instead of more effective. "Let there be no misunderstanding of the reasons which prompt me to veto this bill at this time."

Opposes Strikes in Wartime. "I am unalterably opposed to strikes in wartime. I do not hesitate to use the powers of government to prevent them."

"It is clearly the will of the American people that for the duration of the war all labor disputes be settled by orderly procedures established by law. It is the will of the American people that no war work be interrupted by strike or lockout."

"American labor as well as American business gave their 'no-strike, no-lockout' pledge after the attack on Pearl Harbor."

"That pledge has been well kept except in the case of the leaders of the United Mine Workers. For the entire year of 1942, the time lost by strikes averaged only five one-hundredths of one per cent of the total man hours worked. The American people should realize that fact—that 99.95 per cent of the work went forward without strikes, and that only five one-hundredths of one per cent of the work was delayed by strikes. That record has never before been equaled in this country. It is as good or better than the record of any of our allies in wartime."

Laws Needed for Wartime. "But laws are often necessary to make a very small minority of the people live up to the standards that the great majority of people follow. Recently there has been interruption of work in the coal industry, even after it was taken over by the Government. I understand and sympathize with the general purpose of the War Disputes Bill to make such interruptions clearly unlawful."

"The first seven sections of the bill are directed to this objective. "Section One provides that the act may be cited as the War Labor Disputes Act."

"Section Two relates to definitions. "Section Three gives statutory authority to the President to seize war facilities—a power already exercised on several occasions under executive order or proclamation."

"Sections four and five of the bill provide for maintaining existing terms and conditions of employment except as directed by the War Labor Board."

"Sections six makes it a criminal offense to instigate, direct or aid a strike in a Government-operated plant or mine."

"This would make possible the arrest of a few leaders who would instigate a strike, but it would not have any deterrent effect. But it would not assure continuance of war production in the most critical emergencies."

"Section seven gives the National War Labor Board statutory authority and defines its powers. "Broadly speaking, these sections incorporate into statute the existing machinery for settling labor disputes. The penalties provided by the act do not detract from the moral sanctions of labor's no-strike pledge."

Objects to Other Provisions. "If the bill were limited to these seven sections I would sign it. "But the bill contains other provisions which have no place in legislation to prevent strikes in wartime and which in fact would foment slow-downs and strikes."

"I doubt whether the public generally are familiar with these provisions. I doubt whether the Congress had the opportunity fully to appraise the effects of these provisions upon war production."

"Section Eight requires the representatives of employees of a war contractor to give notice of a labor dispute which threatens seriously to interrupt war production to the Secretary of Labor, the National War Labor Board, and the National Labor Relations

Board in order to give the employees the opportunity to express themselves by secret ballot whether they will permit such interruption of war production.

"It would force a labor leader who is trying to prevent a strike in accordance with his no-strike pledge, to give the notice which would cause the taking of a strike ballot and might actually precipitate a strike."

Cannot Sanction Strikes in War. "In wartime we cannot sanction strikes with or without notice. "Section Eight further makes it mandatory that the National Labor Relations Board on the 30th day after the giving of the notice take a secret ballot among the employees in the plants, mines, facilities, bargaining unit or bargaining units, as the case may be, on the question of whether they will stop work. This requirement would open the whole controversy over bargaining units, a fruitful source of controversy and of bitter jurisdictional strife."

"Section Eight ignores completely labor's 'no-strike' pledge and provides in effect for strike notices and strike ballots. Far from discouraging strikes, these provisions would stimulate labor unrest and give Government sanction to strike agitators."

30-Day Bidding Period. "The 30 days allowed before the strike vote is taken under Government auspices might well become a bidding period instead of a cooling period. The thought and energy of the workers would be diverted from war production to vote-getting."

"The heads of our military, naval and production agencies have testified that these provisions are likely to be subversive of the very purpose of the bill—uninterrupted production."

"Section Nine of the bill prohibits for the period of the war political contributions by labor organizations. This provision obviously has not relevancy to a bill prohibiting strikes during the war in plants operated by the Government. If there be merit in the prohibition, it should not be confined to wartime, and careful consideration should be given to the appropriateness of extending the prohibition to other nonprofit organizations."

Intends to Act to Bar Strikes. "There should be no misunderstanding. I intend to use the powers of government to prevent the interruption of war production by strikes. I shall approve legislation that will truly strengthen the hands of Government in dealing with such strikes, and will prevent the defiance of the National War Labor Board's decisions."

"I recommend that the Selective Service Act be amended so that persons may be inducted into non-combat military service up to the age of 65 years. This will enable us to induct into military service all persons who engage in strikes or stoppages or other interruptions of work in plants in the possession of the United States."

"This direct approach is necessary to insure the continuity of war work. The only alternative would be to extend the principle of selective service and make it universal in character."

"I recognize that this bill has an entirely praise-worthy purpose to insure full war production. But I am convinced that Section Eight will produce strikes in vital war plants which otherwise would not occur. Therefore, I could not properly discharge the duties of my office if I were to approve S. 796."

Veto No Surprise. The veto came as no surprise at the Capitol, since Roosevelt had said in a statement Tuesday intended to ask Congress to authorize the use of the Selective Service Act as a club against strikes in war industries.

His proposal to use the draft in this manner met with a cool reception in both the Senate and House, and even before the veto message arrived, there was talk of overriding the President's action and ignoring the draft club proposal.

Says People Are Disappointed. The Senate vote was taken after Senator Connally (Dem.), Texas, said the majority of the people of the United States were "sorely disappointed" at the President's rejection of the measure.

Senator Hatch (Dem.), New Mexico, seconded Connally's views and there was an immediate chorus of "lets vote" from members on the floor. In a tense silence, the clerk called the roll and the necessary two-thirds vote of approval was announced minutes later by Vice-President Wallace, presiding.

The vote saw 84.3 per cent of the Republicans lined up against the President, and 64 per cent of the Democrats.

There was an outburst of applause from the galleries and several Senators, including Minority Leader McNary of Oregon strode over to Connally to shake hands and congratulate him.

Voicing the sentiment expressed by many other members in discussion earlier today, Senator Chandler (Dem.), Kentucky, said he doubted the Senate Military Affairs Committee would give any early consideration to Roosevelt's draft proposal. Members of the House Military Committee said they would be equally disinterested in any such plan.

Chairman May (Dem.), Kentucky, pointed out that the House committee already had passed over a similar proposal. He referred to a bill by Representative Colmer (Dem.), Mississippi, to cancel occupational deferments of draft-age strikers. It was shelved, May said, because committee members did not like "the idea of using selective service as a club," and be-

SENATOR CLARK FOR IMPEACHING OF JESSE JONES

Accuses Secretary of Commerce of 'Indecent Lobbying' in Support of Subsidy Plan.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—Senator Clark (Dem.), Missouri, shouted in the Senate today that Secretary of Commerce Jesse Jones ought to be impeached for what Clark termed "indecent lobbying" in opposition to a proposal to prohibit price-reducing food subsidies.

Clark's statement followed the reading by the Senate clerk of a letter from Jones to Senator Johnson (Dem.), Colorado, declaring that commitments already had been made for payment of 450 million dollars in subsidies on meat, butter and coffee, and urging that those commitments, at least, be carried out.

Declaring that this statement was not true, Clark told his colleagues, "This is an exhibition of indecent lobbying."

"I think it is something for which Secretary Jones could be impeached by the House," Clark shouted, "and if he were, I would vote to convict him."

Clark denied that any such sum as 450 million dollars has been committed thus far for payment of subsidies to cut the price of meat, butter and coffee.

"Secretary Jones knows it is not true," he said. "The only commitment has been a newspaper release by Mr. Jones and Price Administrator Jones saying that they intended to pay certain subsidies."

Clark said that Jones said in a lobby of the Senate yesterday afternoon conferring with members as they passed by. "I think this is an indecent practice, forbidden by law," Clark said. "I think it is something for which he could be impeached."

Hill Objects. Clark's statements immediately brought objection from Acting Majority Leader Hill (Dem.), Alabama, who declared that Jones was "acting well within his rights."

"He had some information," he asserted, "that he believed the Senate should have. And if he hadn't sent this (the letter to Johnson) to the Senate, he might even have been derelict in his duty as Secretary of Commerce."

With signs pointing toward a close vote on the question of prohibiting food subsidies, Senator Capper (Rep.), Kansas, urged adoption of an amendment by Senator Clark which would alter pending cause selective service officials themselves opposed it.

How Senate Voted. Here is the vote by which the Senate today overrode the veto: For overriding—(56). Democrats for—Andrews, Bankhead, Bilbo, Byrd, Caraway, Chavez, Connally, Eastland, George, Gerry, Hatch, Hayden, Hill, MacIver, Maybank, McClellan, McKellar, O'Daniel, O'Mahoney, Overton, Pepper, Radcliffe, Reynolds, Russell, Smith, Stewart, Thomas (Ok.), Tydings, Van Nuys (29).

Republicans for—Alben, Brewster, Bridges, Brooks, Buck, Butler, Capper, Ferguson, Gurney, Hawkes, Holman, Lodge, McNary, Millikin, Moore, Reed, Revercomb, Robertson, Taft, Thomas (Idaho), Tolley, Van Antwerp, Wherry, White, Wiley, Willis, Wilson (27).

Against (25). Democrats against—Bone, Clark (Mo.), Downey, Green, Guffey, Johnson (Colo.), Kilgore, McCarran, McFarland, Mead, Murdock, Murray, Scruggs, Thomas (Utah), Truman, Tunnell, Wagner, Walsh, Wheeler (19).

Republicans against—Ball, Davis, Langer, Nye, Shipstead (6). Progressive against overriding—LaFollette (1).

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115,000 PLANES IN YEAR OPENING JULY 1 FORECAST; ESTIMATE BOOSTED 15,000

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—EN. H. H. ARNOLD, commanding the Army Air Forces, disclosed yesterday that airplane production in the year beginning July 1 is expected to reach 115,000.

Testifying before the House Civil Service Committee, Gen. Arnold boosted by 15,000 earlier War Department estimates that 100,000 planes would be produced in that year.

Even so, the new estimate falls 10,000 planes short of the original objective of 125,000 for the year as disclosed last month during hearings before the House Appropriations Committee on the Army's 1944 supply bill. The revision, Army officials explained then, was caused by changes in design and concentration on heavier types of craft—in short, on more big bombers.

The huge acquisition of aircraft, Gen. Arnold told the Civil Service group during questioning on personnel problems in the War Department, will be accomplished with approximately 36 billion dollars provided for the Air Forces in the Army supply bill already passed by the House.

Today, he declared, there are more than two million officers and men in the Army Air Forces, or 42 times more than there were three years ago.

legislation to prevent such payments.

Capper said the chief effect of the food subsidy plan would be to "transfer to the public treasury a part of the consumers' cost of living."

Briefly, it proposes to charge part of the cost of the food we civilians eat to future generations to pay—our men in the armed forces who return to civilian life will be required to help pay for the food we civilians consume while they are risking their lives in this global war," he asserted.

Move by O'Mahoney. Senator O'Mahoney (Dem.), Wyoming, asked for immediate enactment of a measure to place the entire food program under the Price Control Act in the hands of the War Food Administrator.

Richard Gilbert, chief of the Price Administration's research division, told reporters living costs would increase 50 per cent in six months if House cuts and restrictions in OPA's appropriations were allowed to stand.

The subsidy issue is before the Senate in amendments offered to a bill extending the life of the Commodity Credit Corporation for two more years and increasing its borrowing power from \$2,650,000,000 to \$3,650,000,000 to finance subsidies.

CIO President Philip Murray served notice on a congressional committee today that unless an effective rollback and subsidy program are operating by July 15, organized labor would be compelled to demand that the hold-the-line order against inflation and the Little Steel wage formula be scrapped.

Murray delivered the ultimatum before a special congressional committee studying consumer problems.

Insisting that Congress support the President's price rollback program, supported by subsidies, he said that labor could not meet increased living costs under present wage ceilings unless Congress acted immediately.

Murray accused Congress of having failed to "live up to its commitments" to stabilize prices and hold down living costs.

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Yanks Lose 18 Bombers in Day Raid

Continued From Page One.

which 400 to 500 bombers and fighters hammered at Germany's "Atlantic wall" defenses from The Netherlands to France's Cherbourg peninsula.

Participating in these operations were many types of aircraft, including American P-47 Thunderbolts—the fastest and most heavily armed United States single seat fighters, Mitchell bombers, Typhoons, Spitfires, and American-made Venturas and Bostons were included in the attacking forces, in which Polish, Norwegian and Canadian airmen were represented.

American Thunderbolts were credited with shooting down one Focke-Wulf fighter and damaging another, while British Spitfires downed 10 German planes and probably knocked out others. The total Allied losses were one bomber and four fighters—none of which were American planes.

153 Bombers Lost in 7 Days. The current offensive, which began with the assault on the Schneider munitions works at Le Creusot, 170 miles southeast of Paris last Saturday night, included the first great daylight assault by United States bombers on the Ruhr, an assault which set ablaze the important German synthetic rubber plant at Huls, and the round trip R. A. F. shuttle raid between bases in England and North Africa.

In the seven-day period 153 Allied bombers were lost. 4,600,000 Ruhr Refugees. A Bern dispatch quoted "a reliable source" as estimating that between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 non-essential persons have been shifted to other parts of Germany since Allied bombers began their systematic destruction of the Ruhr Valley's industries.

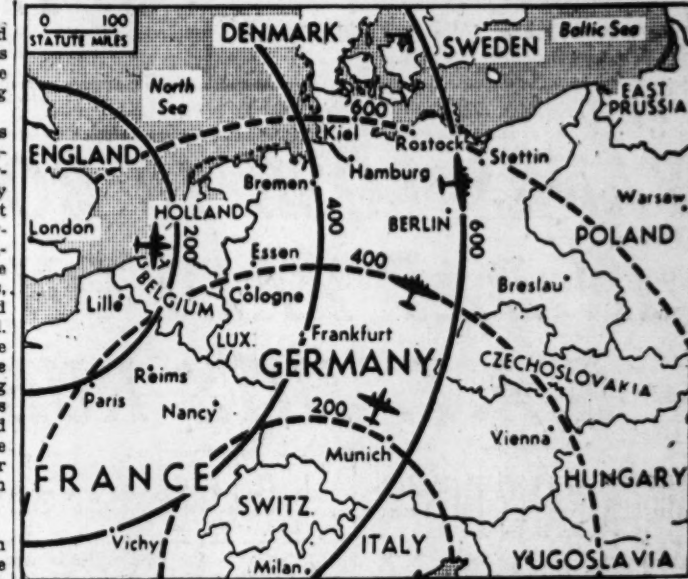
Following last night's R. A. F. raid on Wuppertal, the German radio broadcast an account from a "front line reporter" in which it was stated: "Approaching the town from many miles distant streams of bombed-out people can be met carrying or pushing on barrows the few belongings still left to them."

Seeking to cheer bomb-harassed German people, the German radio asserted that the Nazi air force's fighter strength was now enlarged "on a grand scale."

Indicating the large number of Germans who have lost their homes, the radio announced that as of July 1 nobody anywhere in Germany would be permitted to have more than one room per person.

Stockholm dispatches quoted Adolf Hitler's Volkischer Beobachter as saying, "What makes this fight so difficult is the necessity of taking the full force of the attack passively without having a chance of personally and actively counterattacking, either at the moment (of the raid) or later."

Bombs are falling so thick on cities in west and northwest Germany, the paper said, that the maps on which they are recorded



Map indicates how the new plan of "shuttle bombing" between Britain and Africa would be aided if Italy were knocked out of the war and its northern plains used as a terminus. Solid curves mark bomber distances from London; broken curves mark distances from Milan.

at each city's air raid precautions headquarters are blotted out by colored flags and pins.

JAP AIR BASE AT SALAMAUA BOMBED, HUGE FIRES STARTED

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN AUSTRALIA, June 25 (AP).—Five hundred-pound bombs dropped from Mitchell medium bombers blew up buildings and started huge fires yesterday at the Japanese base of Salamaua, New Guinea. An Army spokesman said the bombs fell among "considerable" air installations.

Salamaua is on the Huon Gulf, 12 miles above the jungle sector where Japanese and Allied troops frequently have engaged in patrol clashes. Today's communiqué said the Japanese in that sector have suffered over 200 casualties this week in futile attempts to crack Allied lines, while Allied losses were "very light in proportion."

Boston attack planes strafed the enemy there yesterday. Australian-flown Beaufighters destroyed two grounded Japanese bombers at Salaru in the Tanimbar group of islands above Australia.

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FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE the Municipal Theatre Association maintains a special MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT to obviate the wait in line at the box office for purchase of tickets for all performances of the current Silver Anniversary Season.

Send your mail order to Municipal Opera Ticket Office, Lobby, Arcade Building, 8th and Olive. If possible, select several performances of each production in order to fill your request with the best seat locations. INCLOSE REMITTANCE AND ADDRESSED, STAMPED ENVELOPE FOR SAFE TICKET RETURN. All orders are filled promptly as received.

Besides eliminating your waiting in line at the box office, mail orders also may enable you to obtain better seat locations, if received in ample time. You are urged to take advantage of this convenient ticket service!

While the Municipal Opera Ticket Office downtown is open daily, except Sunday, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., you will receive quicker attention in making your ticket purchases between the hours of 5 and 9 p. m. On Sunday you also can purchase tickets from 12 noon to 5 p. m. downtown, or for any performance of the subsequent week's show at the main box office, at the lower entrance of the Municipal Theatre in Forest Park.

We urge you again to: FIRST—Order Municipal Opera Tickets by Mail SECOND—Arrange to visit the Arcade Building box office between 5 and 9 p. m., Monday through Saturday, or Sundays, noon to 5 p. m.

Here are the remaining musical hits for Municipal Opera's Silver Anniversary Season. Mail your ticket orders today.

June 28 to July 4, "SONS O' GUNS"
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July 12 to 18, "GREAT WALTZ"
July 19 to 25, "ROSALIE"
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STATE SENATOR URGES LIMIT ON U. S. TAXES

Leonard Proposes Constitutional Convention to Fix Restrictions.

JEFFERSON CITY, June 25 (AP).—Senator A. N. Leonard, Joplin banker-attorney yesterday proposed that the Missouri Senate ask Congress to initiate a constitutional amendment limiting income and inheritance taxes to 25 per cent. The Senate took no action on the resolution, which must

have House concurrence. Senator H. R. Williams (Rep.), Cassville, suggested such a move "would put the burden of paying taxes on an ordinary plug ugly like myself."

"I would limit the tax on big corporations and independently wealthy individuals but on the tie-hauler—you'd gig him," Williams said.

Circulation Men to Meet Here.

CLEVELAND, June 25 (AP).—

R. W. Taylor, circulation manager of the Flint (Mich.) Journal, was elected president of the International Circulation Managers' Association yesterday. St. Louis was chosen for the convention, on June 20-22, 1944. New officers include James F. Jee of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, first vice-president.

MEN PUSHED YOUNGSTERS INTO RIOTS, WITNESSES SAY

Indications Are That Planning and Organization Were Behind Racial Clashes—Dies Investigation Awaited.

This is the second of a series of articles by a veteran member of the Detroit News staff, in which he examines and analyzes the basic causes of this week's race riots.

By PHILIP A. ADLER

DETROIT, June 25.—Investigation of Detroit's recent racial disturbances by a congressional committee, headed by Representative Martin Dies, as announced in Washington, if properly conducted, should bring much startling revelations about local, national and international plotting and planning behind the affair which took the lives of 31 Detroit citizens and injured about 700 more.

If conducted along the lines of the last Dies investigation in Detroit, it will be futile. Dies, in 1939, focused his attention on Detroit's political left, and despite many suggestions, paid no heed to the activities of the right.

It is to the racial elements of the right that all those who refuse to regard Detroit's mass-murder as something "spontaneous" or "accidental" now point their accusing fingers.

The following bits of evidence about the general character of the disturbances may be of aid to the investigators.

Pushed Youngsters Into Fight.

A Detroit Negro woman, a recognized leader in the city's social welfare and Civilian Defense organizations, who recently completed a national lecture tour for the Federal Government, watched Monday's riots on Woodward avenue from a point of vantage, the third floor of an office building. Her description of the mob's tactics is revealing.

"There was a vacant lot in front of the building from which I watched the affray," she said. "There were quite a number of hoodlums on that lot and much fighting in the street. My top

view, so to speak, showed clearly men in the back of the lot pushing youngsters in their teens out in the street to do the fighting, while they themselves kept back."

A Detroit News reporter, assigned to observe the general character of the riots and to keep his eye open for anything out of the ordinary, reported similar situations in many parts of the city. Men who led the mobs into the brawls would retreat after they had reached the fighting line, so to speak, and let others, usually boys in their teens, do the fighting. To anyone, save a legalistic mind, this should suggest organization and planning.

Picketing by America First.

A more concrete example of organization and planning in Detroit's racial disturbances may be found in the following instance. Last winter the local America First Committee threw a picket line around Wayne University, as a protest against a lecture given there by Langston Hughes, one of America's most talented poets, a Negro. Hughes had lectured many times before at the Wayne University, was quite popular with the students and drew large audiences. "The picket line was composed of middle-aged and elderly women, of the housewife type, whom you would never accuse of reading poetry, least of all Langston Hughes," Donald C. Marsh, assistant professor in sociology, told me.

As to Gerald L. K. Smith. "The women distributed leaflets and got into many discussions with the students. They made no secret of acting as representatives for the America First Committee. Their propaganda was pretty neat—all about Communism and atheism, but not a word about Hughes being a Negro. Many of the students told me that Gerald L. K. Smith was with the women on the university grounds."

Smith is the organizer of the America First Committee here and is now organizing the America First Party. He is also the publisher of The Cross and The Flag. He is the ex-Silver Shirts No. 3223, former organizer of the Committee of One Million and a former associate of Huey Long. In the international field the findings of the prospective federal investigators may be as startling as in the field of local propaganda.

Detroit authorities laugh at the suggestion of a possible link between the race riots here and the Axis powers. Axis authorities do not laugh—save for the glee of satisfaction—at what is happening in Detroit.

Axis Distortion of Episode. Walter White, Negro executive secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, reported that Tokyo broadcast a much distorted version of the Sojourner Truth housing episode in Detroit two years ago. According to White, distorted versions of the same incident were found by Gen. Eisenhower among the Arabs in North Africa.

(Clashes occurred between Negroes and whites when the Negroes attempted to move into a Federal housing project known as the Sojourner Truth project. Fourteen persons were injured in the fighting. Later the Negroes were moved in under guard.)

Both the Tokyo broadcasts and the North African propaganda emphasized and exaggerated the white man's injustice to the colored people and appealed to the latter to wait for their deliverance through Japan.

This takes me back to 1934, in Tokyo, where, as a News correspondent, I was once invited to address a meeting of the Do No Quai students' organization. I spoke on humanity and justice and international solidarity and the Open Door, and intimated that Japan could gain more in China through commercial than through military penetration, and could gain much in prestige by paying reparations to China for the wealth it had taken from China in Manchuria.

A student spoke up. "Does the United States intend to pay reparations for the land it has taken away from our racial brethren, the American Indians?"

"And what about your racial brethren, the American Negroes?" asked another.

I heard many such voices and learned from the lips of its very author, Baron Gen. Araki, about the Japanese doctrine of world domination through the "liberation" of the colored races of the entire world, including the American Negroes.

Japanese Active in Detroit. Fantastic? Then follow up the story of Naka Nakane, alias Satohata Takahashi, through Detroit's Federal Bureau of Investigation records.

He was a Japanese and also was known as the "Little Major" because of his connections with the Japanese Army, according to some; because of his military bearing, according to others. Maj. Takahashi was arrested in Detroit on Dec. 2, 1933, as the leader of the Development of Our Own Society, which aimed at the liberation of American Negroes from the white man's yoke, and at the liberation of all the colored races of the world under the aegis of Japan. The movement then was said to have had about 10,000 followers among Detroit Negroes.

Takahashi was deported in 1934. However, he was re-arrested in Detroit in June, 1939, this time as the leader of the Onward Movement

of America, with a program similar to that of the D. O. O. Society, and affiliated with the Pacific Movement of the Eastern World. He was sentenced to the Federal Penitentiary at Leavenworth for

three years, and was interned as an enemy alien on the expiration of his term. Takahashi's fifth column activities in Detroit were mentioned

when the Post-Dispatch uncovered the Pacific Movement of the Eastern World. At one time Ashima Takis of the Pacific Movement said that he was known in Detroit as

Takahashi, but this was found to be untrue. Takahashi apparently never visited St. Louis, but had conferred in other cities with leaders of the movement here.

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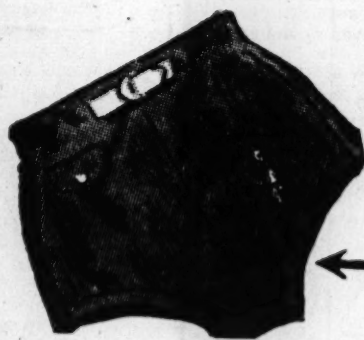
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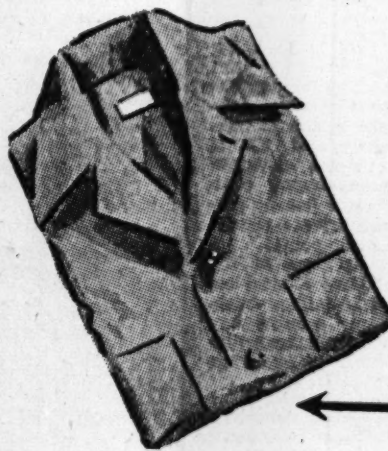


SWIM FOR HEALTHFUL FUN

100% all-wool, rib-knit Wikie swim trunks with built-in support, money-pocket, adjustable belt. Snug, action-knit to fit!

Maroon, Camel, Navy and Polo. 32-42. **\$3.95**

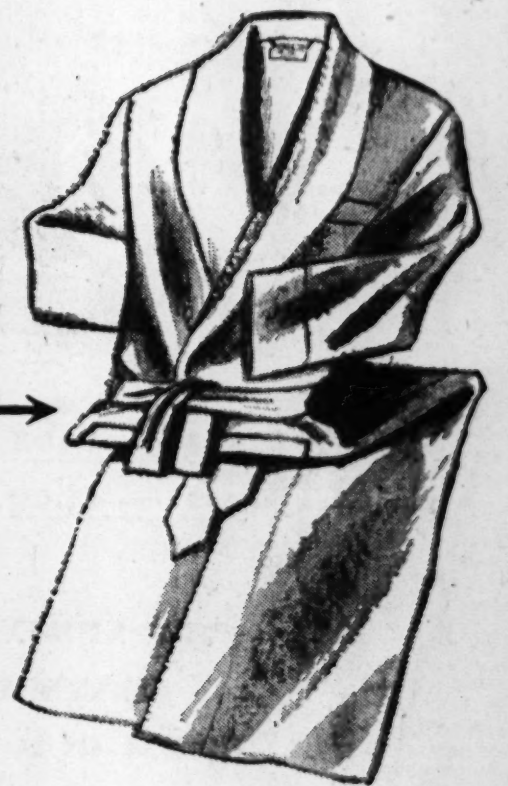
Men's Store, Street Floor



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Full-length beach robe of washable, absorbent, cotton terry-cloth! Wrap-around style with three handy pockets. White only. Small, medium and large sizes. **\$5.98**

Men's Store, Street Floor



COOL CASUAL SHIRT

Hand-washable! Teca and rayon... not only cool, but tailored for perfect action-freedom and comfort! Tan, blue and green in small, medium and large sizes. **\$5.00**

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SPORT COAT N' SLACKS

Lightweight all-wool shetland sport coats in plaids, stripes, solid colors. So good-looking and "right" for off-duty dress-up! **\$22.50**

All-wool gabardine slacks, to blend or contrast with jacket. Good color choice. **\$10.98**

Men's Store, Fourth Floor

VENTILATED SUMMER SUITS

Well-tailored summer suits in your favorite styles, patterns and colors. Good-looking and they hold their shape so well! Sizes 34-50. Six favorites:

Seersucker — \$14.50 Nor-East — \$37.50
*Fenwick — \$27.50 Broadway — \$46.00
*Hoyton — \$32.50 Kuppenheimer, \$42.50

*Exclusive, SBF Men's Store, Fourth Floor—Take Express Elevator



George Condit Hayden Dies. KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 25 (AP).—George Condit Hayden, who had spent more than half of his 81 years on improvement of the Missouri River, died yesterday. In

1888 he was appointed to make a survey of the river from Three Forks, Mont., to the mouth. He joined the Army engineers in 1900. From 1909 to 1934 he was assistant district engineer at Kansas City.

C. E. Williams

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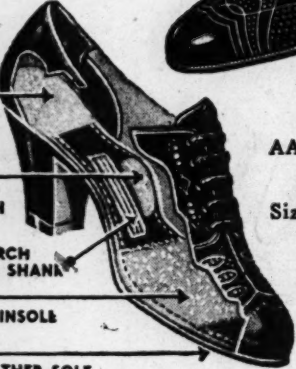
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SIZES 4 TO 10—AA TO E

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151 were 49.95 244 were 39.95

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- Reefers for most everyone! Dressy or casual, dark or bright . . . \$21
- Chesterfields aplenty for misses. Smart 2-button coats . . . \$21
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- Juniors' bright classics, wool and mohair or cotton-knit-back fleece \$21
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- "Soft" flattering, live-forever dressmaker suits artfully detailed . \$21
- Fabric variety: crepe, twill, tweed, fleece, flannel, stripes, plaids . \$21
- Color galore: blue, beige, red, aqua, brown, pink, yellow, navy, black \$21
- And plenty! A style, a color, a size for everyone—at one low price! . \$21

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Sorry, No Mail or Phone Orders. All Sales Final!

Greenfield's
LOCUST at SIXTH

Roosevelt Says He Won't Accept Miners' Deadline

Continued From Page One.

cessfully in court for portal-to-portal pay under the Wage and Hour Law.

The WLB demand for Lewis' signature on a contract pointed up the long-standing difference in outlook between its members and Solid Fuels Administrator Ickes, the only Government agent Lewis has recognized as having any authority. Ickes is the boss of the mines under Federal operation.

Ickes told reporters yesterday he could see no way to make any "private individual or group" sign an agreement and, when asked if he favored a law that would compel them to do so, expressed doubt that any legislative body would pass one or that it would be constitutional.

Meeting With Ickes.

More than 20 top ranking executives of major coal mining interests met behind closed doors today with Ickes, who called them here preliminary to strengthening his control over management of the nation's mines in the expectation he would operate them for a "considerable period."

Those present included Benjamin F. Fairless, president of United States Steel, probably the biggest coal operator in the country with its so-called captive mines.

Ickes opened the meeting with a "brief statement," aids reported, then withdrew so the private mine operators, at their request, could caucus to "discuss what the Secretary said."

There was not a word on the

nature of Ickes' statement.

The WLB served notice yesterday that it would not consider the mine strike settled until the miners had obeyed the WLB order to sign a contract. In a brief statement that it was insisting on recognition of its authority, the board said: "The War Labor Board has made a final determination of the labor dispute. There is no controversy between the United Mine Workers and the operators."

The statement was issued apparently in reply to comment made by Ickes in summoning 29 mine owners for today's conference. Ickes referred in his telegram to the operators to "the controversy between the mine workers and the operators which is under the jurisdiction of the War Labor Board" and expressed hope "that the controversy will be speedily settled."

Behind the WLB's attitude, informed sources said, was a decision of the board that Lewis should be challenged on his stipulation that miners would work only until Oct. 31 if their demands were not met, and that work would go forward only as long as the government runs the mines.

The WLB, set up by executive order, has no plenary power except what President Roosevelt would exercise for it.

Chairman William H. Davis told Roosevelt in a letter Tuesday that the board was unanimous in advising him that "all the powers of Government necessary" should be used to enforce the WLB order.

Lewis has called the agreement insisted on by the board a "yellow dog contract."

Miners Returning Slowly.

Meanwhile the back-to-work movement continued slowly and production today still was spotty.

Estimates by operator and miner sources of the number of men working in Pennsylvania were variable, but it appeared that around half of the nation's 521,000 miners still were out of the pits.

A UMW spokesman in District 17 at Charleston, W. Va., said he had received reports that unidentified groups of men were making the rounds of coal camps in two counties endeavoring to spread the work stoppage.

Illinois coal mines were heading toward full scale operations as thousands of miners who had refused to work yesterday returned to the pits.

Closing of four more blast furnaces, making a total of 14 idle because of a shortage of coking coal, was announced today by the United States Steel Corporation.

The furnaces are operated by subsidiary companies including the National Tube Co. and American Steel & Wire Co., in the Pittsburgh area.

District officers of the United Mine Workers at Pittsburgh promised normal operations "about next Monday."

U. S. TAKING CORN IN STORAGE HERE, 17 OTHER CITIES

Continued From Page One.

siderably greater return by feeding corn to hogs than by selling the grain as such. Estimates have been made by various sources that corn fed to hogs brings from 25 to 50 cents a bushel more than the ceiling price on corn.

Affected by this situation are livestock feeders in the deficit corn-producing areas of the East. They have been unable to obtain needed supplies of corn for the same reason that processors have been unable to get it. Their needs are being met, in part, by sale of Government-owned wheat for feed.

Stocks of corn held in St. Louis were described as "extremely low" by officers of the Merchants' Exchange, who said there are 332,770 bushels of corn in the 10 public elevators and 22,069 bushels in five private elevators not attached to processing companies. The exchange has no record of corn in the private elevators of processing companies.

The 10 public elevators of the St. Louis market have a total capacity for storing 14 million bushels of grain. Four months ago they were stocked with four million bushels of corn, the exchange officers said.

Lack of Corn Forcing American Maize-Products Plant to Close.

NEW YORK, June 25 (AP).—The American Maize-Products Co. said today lack of corn would force it to close its corn refining plant at Roby, Ind., tomorrow.

The Roby unit is the company's only plant and produces Dextrose, corn syrup, starches, oil and gluten feed for dairy cattle. It has a capacity of 40,000 bushels of corn daily and employs about 1000 persons, most of whom will be utilized at least temporarily in maintenance work.

Corn Products Refining Co. closed its plant at Pekin, Ill., earlier this week.

Chicago Board of Trade Halts Trading in Corn Futures.

CHICAGO, June 25 (AP).—Directors of the Chicago Board of Trade today ordered settlement of all outstanding contracts in corn and prohibited trading in corn futures "until further notice." The action was taken at the request of the War Food Administration. Similar action was taken by the Minneapolis market.

Ship Honoring Russian Launched. SAN PEDRO, Cal., June 25 (AP).—The Liberty vessel Marina Roskova, named for the Soviet Union's noted woman fighter pilot, was launched by California Shipbuilding Corporation yesterday. Marina Roskova, a Major in the Soviet Air Force, was killed in action last January.

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In saddle stitched rayon strutter cloth slacks. Green, brown, navy.

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Long sleeved white rayon crepe blouse.

\$3.98

Peasant suspenders.

\$1.25

Go to the Opera

In snowy-white rayon jersey, flattering criss-cross draped bodice.

\$8.98

Back-Yard Barbecue

In a printed chintz dirndl skirt.

\$3.98

With a soft chambray "sissy" blouse.

\$2.25

Visit Shaw's Garden

In a very young and beruffled checked gingham and pique pinafore-effect dress. Red, brown, navy.

\$7.98

Back to Nature

In sturdy navy denim overalls.

\$2.98

Plaid gingham shirt.

\$2.98

Dance on the Roof

In bewitching black rayon sheer, with ruffles and yoke of rayon marquisette.

\$16.95

RFC FIRM ACCUSED OF HAMPERING USE OF DOMESTIC MICA

U. S.-Financed Colonial Co. Charged With Blocking Development of Strategic Material.

By RICHARD L. STOKES.
A Washington Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—With a view to making an early report, members of the Truman Committee are studying testimony given at hearings yesterday and Wednesday to the effect that the Colonial Mica Corporation, a private concern affiliated with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, is discouraging domestic output of mica and seeking to discredit a new electronic test developed by the Bell Telephone Co. Laboratories.

Without mica no airplane can fly, no jeep can drive, and no radio or radar beams can function. The war effort's principal supplies of mica are flown in from India and Brazil, where they are purchased by the Board of Economic Warfare, but supply is far less than the demand, which calls for a production of 150 million mica condensers in 1943 and an increased output of one third in 1944.

Low-Grade Domestic Deposits.
In the emergency, attention was drawn to large deposits of low grade mica in New Hampshire, North Carolina, South Dakota and New Mexico, with minor lodes in Connecticut and New York State. These are generally "stained" mica, as contrasted with the "clear" mica of India, and have been rejected as "non-strategic" under the visual tests in vogue prior to the Bell invention.

Tests with electronics, it was stated by experts of the Bell Telephone Co., are based on the electric resistance of samples of the crystal, and show that at least half the mica now classed as non-strategic on account of discoloration is suitable for strategic use. This would indicate a large increase in the availability of domestic mica for war purposes.

Colonial Chosen by RFC.
According to the story unfolded before the committee, at the time of Pearl Harbor an obscure Jersey City firm, the Colonial Mica Co., was doing a gross business of about \$50,000 a year as an importer and fabricator of mica. Its president was George Purcell, and the company was owned outright by Purcell and his wife.

When it appeared that mica from India might be cut off by the Japanese, the Metals Reserve Co., a subsidiary of RFC, chose Colonial in April, 1942, as its agent for stimulating domestic output. Ample public funds were supplied. The concern changed its name to the Colonial Mica Corporation and moved to 92 Liberty street, New York City. A new president, Dale L. Pitt, was installed, with Purcell as vice-president. Pitt, an American gold mine engineer who had been working in Australia, was said to have been friendly with Metals Reserve officials.

Colonial acquired a monopoly on the purchase of domestic mica and the buying of equipment to enable American producers to expand output. When the crystal continued to arrive by air from India, Colonial also took over a monopoly on the receipt of the War Production Board. It is estimated that Colonial's operations today are in the neighborhood of \$25,000,000 annually.

It was charged by witnesses hostile to Colonial that it has discouraged domestic production by refusing to adjust prices at a level commensurate with American wage standards, and has sought to discredit the electronic testing device which would open domestic mica to military use.

Both policies, it was alleged, tend to perpetuate the world monopoly on Indian mica which is held by a British corporation, Associated Insulator Products, known as AIP.

"Damon and Pythias" of Mica.
Purcell and Paul French are known as the "Damon and Pythias" of the mica industry. They are said to be close friends and next-door neighbors. French is vice-president of Eugene Munsell Co. of New York, which is the American subsidiary of F. F. Chrestien of India. F. F. Chrestien, in turn, is a subsidiary of AIP.

In addition to the Metals Reserve Co., Colonial is declared to have friends in strategic Government positions. Howard C. Sykes, former board chairman of Munsell and the Mica Insulator Co., is deputy member and United States executive secretary of the combined Raw Materials Board. The chief of the mica section of the Mica and Graphite Division of the War Production Board is S. A. Montague, a former employee of the Asheville Mica Co. of Asheville, N. C. This is one of the firms in behalf of which Colonial was charged with having shown discrimination.

The splitting of mica into thin sheets is accomplished by hand in India, the workers being girls, who are paid 10 cents a day. The same task in the United States would cost 40 cents an hour.

Replying to the charges, witnesses for Colonial contended that production of domestic mica had increased since April 1942, and that there have already been two upward adjustments of prices. As to the Bell testing device, the attitude taken was that Colonial no longer opposes it, but is waiting

"to be shown." Final decision, witnesses contended, is up to the War Production Board.

Committee investigators agreed that output of domestic mica had increased, since there was almost none at all when the program started; and declared that the only substantial price rise took place in May, after the Truman inquiry had begun. This set a flat rate of \$5 a pound, as against previous figures of \$1.10 to \$3 covering the main volume of production.

INFLATION, NOT FOOD CZAR, REAL ISSUE, F.D.R. SAYS

Continued From Page One.

not take over the general direction of OPA, the President asked what would happen if a food czar were appointed; would the czar keep food prices down to their present level or would he permit them to go higher? Still avoiding a direct reply, he added that somebody had to answer these questions.

Position in Doubt.
The President's avoidance of direct answers put the continuation of Davis in his present office in doubt. It was rumored this week that he had threatened to resign unless given control of farm prices, and some Administration officials hinted that he might be allowed to go if he persisted in his demands. The support given Davis by the

House Agriculture Committee was embarrassing to War Mobilization Director Vinson, who has insisted that food prices be kept at present levels, even by subsidies, so wages can be held in line. The implication of the Byrnes-Vinson position is that they fear Davis would increase some farm prices if he had the authority.

The President today came to the defense of Byrnes and Vinson. He said the congressional talk about a food czar was a red herring—that even if the Angel Gabriel were appointed to this position he would have difficulty in getting food to the people at present costs.

The real question, he continued, is: Are you for inflation or against it?

It is very easy, the President said, to talk about increased food production in 1944 (one of Davis' plans), but the actual situation demands more food in 1943, this year. The question to be asked a food czar, he said, is: Are you going to try to keep prices down or are you

going to start the inflationary spiral? The President, who has previously talked about an inflationary gap of 12 billions, increased it today to 20 billion. This is the estimated amount of pressure money created by the difference between the amount of money in people's hands and the amount of goods and services available.

Some persons, the President said, had urged that this surplus be eliminated if prices were allowed to shoot sky high. He wryly remarked that some radio commentators—perhaps he was in the press conference—had advocated increased prices as a method of wiping out this surplus. Richer people, according to the President's version of the broadcast, would be able to pay for the food and the poorer people would suffer some but that wouldn't make a great difference.

That, said the President, is the sort of stuff being handed out to the American people.

If such a plan were followed, the President observed, the sur-

fers would be the low-wage and white collar groups, whose incomes would not go up proportionately with the increased cost of food.

That, emphasized the President, is the real issue before Congress and the people. Of course, he added, Congress has the right to start the inflationary spiral but if Congress wants to do it, the responsibility is 100 per cent on Congress; if Congress does it, the country ought to know who does it.

How Spiral Works.
A reporter remarked that many people would not understand what the President meant by "inflationary spiral." Roosevelt agreed, saying that he was thinking in terms of the cost of food which takes about a third of the average family income.

With the present high wages, he explained, most families, although they are eating more and better than before, still have a surplus even after buying their quota of war bonds. But, he continued, if they have to spend a great deal

more money for food, they will demand increased wages, and probably would get them.

This, in turn, he said, would raise the farmers' costs of production and the farmer would demand higher prices for his goods; this would be followed by demands for more wages, and then there would be a demand for higher farm prices and so on, until we had had uncontrolled inflation, which we know has ruined other countries.

The President disclosed that in the near future the White House grounds would be torn up to relay steam pipes between the White House and the State Department building, originally put in by President Coolidge, whom he described as a President who really did think about dollars and cents. The original pipe had been salvaged, he said, from nearby Camp Meade.

The new pipe, he said, would come from the stockpile of the Public Buildings and Grounds Administration.

FOUND GUILTY OF SUPPLYING 'CALL GIRLS' FOR DIPLOMATS

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—A District Court jury today convicted 29-year-old Carmen Beach Martin on a Mann Act charge after hearing the Government's accusations that she had supplied young women "on call" for hotel parties and that she catered to members of the diplomatic corps.

Mrs. Martin, professional rumba dancer and proprietor of a dress shop here, took the stand yesterday to deny the charge she had violated the Mann Act by sending young women in taxicabs to keep dates with men in fashionable hotels. When she said that two Latin American ambassadors and a mem-

ber of the Chinese Embassy staff had called at her apartment as "social acquaintances," she was cautioned by the Government prosecutor not to mention names.

Judge Matthew F. McGuire instructed the jury that transportation of girls for immoral purposes in the District of Columbia, by taxicab, would constitute a violation of the Mann Act. She was convicted on one of four counts of the indictment, carrying maximum punishment of five years' imprisonment and \$5000 fine.

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Firmly knit cotton... ribbed style. Thirsty as a duck, this absorbent soft favorite!
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Complete assortment of wash pants, finely woven of sturdy cotton cloth. Easy to launder. Tailored to hold their shape. Get several pairs for cooler comfort. Full cut. Sizes 28 to 44.

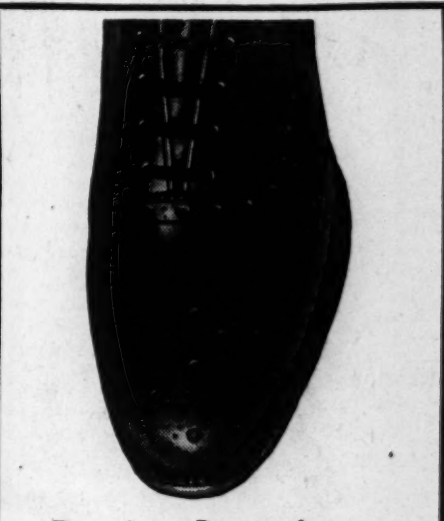
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"Jantzen"... smartest choice in pools from Maine to California! Snug-fitting, trim-looking rayon and cotton knit fabrics in springy-knit trunks of pure virgin wool. Cotton supporter. Sand, Maroon, Navy. Sizes 30 to 38. A modest price!

"SEA-HO" TRUNKS
Quality snug-knit trunks in fine wool. Sizes 30 to 40.
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Liberators Attack Salonika, Greece

Continued From Page One.

charging up through the Balkans in the successful expedition that heralded the windup of World War I.

It has figured largely in Balkan invasion speculation and frequent reports have seeped from the Balkans that the Nazis have strongly fortified the entire area.

Cairo dispatches said the Liberators' daylight assault became a political as well as a military thrust as hundreds of thousands of posters bearing an encouraging message to the Greek people were released over their cities.

Sardinia, Sicily Hit. Meanwhile, American and British bombers from Northwest Africa were giving Sardinia and Sicilian targets another going over. Royal Air Force Wellingtons bombed Catania, Sicily, before dawn and medium and fighter-bombers carried out successful daytime forays against Chivivani, Venafiorita, Golfo Aranci and Capoterra, all in Sardinia, Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower's headquarters announced.

The raiders shot down 20 of the many enemy fighters encountered and an R. A. F. Beaufighter bagged another to make the score 21. The Allies lost nine planes.

Thirteen of the enemy planes were shot down in a spectacular running battle by P-38 Lightnings which escorted B-26 Marauders to Chivivani.

Rail Junction Blasted. The Marauders attacked the railroad junction and industrial plants in Chivivani, in North-Central Sardinia.

At the same time, B-25 Mitchells, also escorted by Lightnings, bombed the airfield at Venafiorita and shipping at Golfo Aranci, both in Sardinia. Three vessels were reported hit at Golfo Aranci.

American P-40 Warhawks shot up the landing ground at Capoterra in southern Sardinia, the communique said, and also hit two small ships off the coast.

A British communique said fighter-bombers from Malta attacked industrial installations at

Pozzallo, Sicily and R. A. F. Spitfires destroyed a Messerschmitt-210 off Sicily.

Aircraft of Royal Naval air squadrons attacked installations at Augusta, Sicily, last night.

Enemy Reports. Today's Italian communique, broadcast by the Rome radio, said Italian torpedo planes sank three steamers, totalling 31,000 tons, out of Allied convoys along the North African coasts, after repeated night attacks. Three more were reported damaged.

Rome also asserted that Bizerte and ships at anchor there were attacked by Axis bombers.

The communique said 33 Allied planes were shot down during attacks on Sardinian localities yesterday and last night, seven by Italian fighters, 23 by German fighters, and three by anti-aircraft fire. The communique reported only two Italian planes as lost. A Berlin broadcast said the German Italian air force suffered no loss.

Rome admitted damage and casualties "of some size" in Sassari province, in Chivivani, and at Golfo Aranci as a result of Allied raids. A German broadcast said Nazi submarines sank three ships totalling 15,000 tons from a convoy yesterday.

SHIPPING LOSSES TO AFRICA SLIGHT

By DON WHITEHEAD
A NORTH AFRICAN PORT, June 25 (AP)—German submarines have failed to check the flow of materials to the Fifth American Army in North Africa and during the last six months the loss of ships has been "absolutely negligible," the commanding General of this base section said today.

The officer said more than 1,000,000 tons of shipping had crossed the Atlantic to maintain the American Army since it landed on this continent and that convoys continue to stream into these ports.

"The Navy and the Merchant Marine have done a wonderful

job," he said. "Before, in supplies sent to the Army from the United States we estimated a certain percentage of loss from submarine attacks on convoys. But those losses have been considerably lower than we figured they would be. You might say they are absolutely negligible."

"We have had losses. Some ships have been sunk and the loss of cargoes made it difficult for the Army at times. There were days when we did not have all we wanted of certain things—oil filters, for example."

"With the shortage of oil filters the oil in the motors of cars and trucks was not as clean as it should have been and the drivers had to work harder to keep the motors in good condition."

"But there never was any serious disruption in the movement of supplies..."

NAVY'S OIL POLICY TO BE STUDIED IN ELK HILLS INQUIRY

Continued From Page One.

that we should go into this whole situation thoroughly?"

"Yes," Knox responded. "No Time for Legal Dispute." He told the committee that "this is no time for two departments of the Government to be engaged in a legalistic dispute. When we were told by the Justice Department that the contract was invalid, that was that, and we rescinded. We could not waste any time over legalisms."

Knox disclosed he had received a letter from Abe Fortas, Under Secretary of the Interior, who conducted an inquiry into the contract for Secretary Ickes, in which Fortas said he was "distressed" over some of the comment revocation of the contract provoked, and "particularly at references to the Teapot Dome leases."

Knox said Fortas was indignant that a difference of opinion over the contract should be distorted so as to impute collusion or improper

conduct, "however indirect that imputation may be."

Representative Maas (Rep.), Minnesota, ranking minority member, asked Knox whether he "still stood on the deal."

"We're in a war now," replied Knox. "Let's not squabble over this particular contract, over the dotting of an eye. Let's get a contract that will be approved."

Knox told the committee that the naval officials who handled the arrangements leading up to the contract were all experienced men in the oil field, a statement which drew comment from Representative Mott, Oregon, that that was "a little bit in contrast" with the Department of Justice report.

Admits Muffing Handling. When Knox appeared later before the Public Lands Committee, Representative White (Dem.), Idaho, asked for an explanation of the delay between a Department of Interior opinion last March on validity of the contract and the actual cancellation last week.

Knox replied he had immediately taken up the question with the President after receiving the Department of Interior opinion and added: "I regret that I did not ask the opinion of the Justice Department before I sent the contract to the President for approval. I should have done so. I just muffed it there."

In response to another question, he said the Navy and Standard had mutually agreed to rescind the contract, but meanwhile were working up a temporary agreement pending final settlement of the question.

Justice Department Report. The Department of Justice report recommended condemnation proceedings to acquire Standard Oil's 146-million-dollar interest in the Elk Hills reserves. It was prepared by Assistant Attorney General Norman N. Littell and repeated his committee testimony that the contract went beyond the Teapot Dome leases of the 1920s.

Littell's report termed the contract "a masterpiece of equivocation" that was "illegal and invalid" not only under the Oil Conservation Act of 1933, but also under the War Powers Acts. He said its terms called for a pooling of approximately 8300 acres of land

owned by Standard Oil with approximately 35,175 acres owned by the Government, without taking into consideration that water seepage into Standard's share had impaired the value of the company's holdings.

The report recommended that demand be made on Standard for an accounting for the crude oil extracted under the "presumed authority of the contract" and for damages, if any, for the use of the Government's property.

"The Government," the report said, "faces a choice of alternatives: Either the congressional policy of conserving oil in the ground must be abandoned in order that the Government may receive payment for the estimated 12,250,000 barrels owing to it from five years of production, or a credit of approximately \$12,250,000 owing to

the Government would remain in Standard Oil Co., uncollected and definitely on the books of the without interest."

AT ARONBERG'S Friendly Credit Makes It Easy



True Value in Genuine Diamonds

- Thousands of satisfied friends and customers know we give "True Value in Diamonds."
- Above are a few of the many beautiful Diamonds from our collection, in 14-k. white or yellow gold.

Federal Tax Included

BULOVA WATCHES MEN and LADIES

Our selection of famous Bulova Watches is one of the largest in town. No extra charge for credit.

Lowest Terms in Town



Patticia 17 jewels \$27.50 Federal Tax Included

ARONBERG'S Credit Jewelers SIXTH and LOCUST

You Can Have Your Old FUR COAT REMODELED into a modern 1943-44 creation

for as low as \$29.50

this includes: Re-lining, Interlining, Canvas Fitting, New Loops, New Buttons, Glazing, Cleaning

Call CH. 6767... for an estimate without charge. Slight charge for extra skins, if necessary.

Fur Storage—Second Floor

Lane Bryant SIXTH and LOCUST



Historic Spots

Art Museum
Shaw's Garden
Campbell Home
Old Cathedral
Jefferson Memorial
Old Water Tower

Re-discover St. Louis on your victory vacation!

Boyd's has the clothes to make it a real home-town holiday!

Rayon Mixture Slacks in blues, browns, tans	5.95
Boyd's Zelander Sport Coats	22.50
Screen Weave Tropical Worsteds	33.50
Genuine All-American Palm Beach Cloth Suits	19.50
Haspel of New Orleans Cotton Seersucker Suits	14.50
Haspel of New Orleans Spanish Linens (cotton)	17.50
Haspel of New Orleans Field Club Check Suits	16.75
Hand-Tailored Threadneedle Street Tropical Worsteds Suits	58.00

Clothing—Second Floor

Points of Interest

The great breweries of St. Louis (among them the world's largest)
Alton Dam
River Excursions
St. Louis Zoo
Milles Statues

Boyd's
OLIVE AT SIXTH



Sports

Night Baseball
Day Baseball
Swimming
Boating at Parks
Meramec Swimming, Boating
Creve Coeur Lake Boating, Fishing
Tennis
Badminton
Barbecues
Picnics

Sonnenfeld's

6415 WASHINGTON AVE.

Cool, Practical

At-Homers

You'll find relaxing easy in these gay washable housecoats and brunch-coats.



Bouquet Print

A dainty cotton wrap-around housecoat with ruffle trim and pockets. Pink, blue, '12 to 20.

\$4.98



Ric-rac Print

Cotton dirndl brunch coat in a bright print that looks like row on row of ric-rac. Eggshell, 12 to 20.

\$3.98



Fan Print

A breeze-cool cotton housecoat with ric-rac trim shoulders, full skirt. Pink, blue, 14-16.

\$4.98

(Fourth Floor—Robe Shop)

MEN'S COOL APPAREL AND PLAY CLOTHES

from our Men's Shops

HUNDREDS OF MEN'S SMART, WASHABLE TROUSERS AND SLACKS

\$2⁶⁵ AND \$3⁴⁵

A variety for everyone! Cotton gabardines, cords, twills and tropical weaves! Such desirable patterns as diagonals, plaids, stripes, overplaids and double pin stripes! Many rich plain tones! Pleated or plain fronts! Sanforized-shrunk, won't shrink more than 1%. Government test! Sizes for most men!

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Sportswear—Second Floor

SOUTH AMERICAN PANAMAS

\$2⁹⁵

Cooling, transparent weave South American Panama Hats for men! Amazingly durable and shape-retaining! In Optimo and pinch-front styles, in natural and tan. Hinokis, Seisels and Paribuntals included!

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Hat Shop—Second Floor

NEW BROWN WOVEN OXFORDS

\$6⁹⁵

Plus No. 18
Coupon

Here are air-cooled footsteps for men... in a trim and attractive brown woven oxford! With springy rubber heels, flexible but durable leather soles! Splendid for any Summer occasion! See these Saturday!

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Shoe Shop—Second Floor

SALE! TOP QUALITY SHIRTS

\$1⁹⁹

All the popular collars! Short-point English stub collars! Spread-point stay collars! Regular soft collars! Non-wilt collars! Combed woven madrases, broadcloths, many others! Broken sizes 13½ to 18; sleeves 32 to 35.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Shirt Shop—Main Floor

FOR UNMATCHED COOLNESS AND STYLE

TROPICAL WOOL WORSTEDS

\$29⁷⁵

OUTSTANDING VALUES AT JUST

Here are Suits to keep you cool and neat... despite a Summer of constant action! Styled to perfection... these are porous fabrics that can really take it! Single and double breasted... in much-wanted plain tones of tan, brown, teal, blue! For men who wear regulars... for short men, tall men, stout men!

Other Famed Summer Suits Include:

Tropitex & Aerzone Suits, \$32.50	Priestly Nor-East Suits, \$37.50
All-Wool Coronado Suits, \$37.50	Tropical Worsted Suits, \$25.00
Society Brand Suits, \$35 & \$40	Haspel Seersucker Suits, \$14.50

ASK ABOUT OUR CONVENIENT PAY PLAN

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Clothes Shop—Second Floor

MEN! FINE MERCERIZED COTTON GABARDINE

COOL ELDORADO SLACK SUITS

\$7⁹⁵

LONG OR SHORT SLEEVED SHIRTS

Slack Suits with an unmatched reputation from coast to coast! Novelty check shirts, solid color Slacks! Solid Shirts, Slacks to match! Solid contrasting combinations! Shirts with long or short sleeves in convertible collar in-or-outer styles! Slacks with pleated fronts! Waist sizes 28 to 44.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Men's Slack Suits—Main Floor

Store Hours: 9 to 5

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co.

We Give and Redeem Eagle Stamps

SOLDIER TRIPPED UP IN CLAIM AS FATHER IN JOAN BERRY CASE

Attorney Gets Another Woman
to Pose as Client, Private
Falls for Ruse.

LOS ANGELES, June 25 (AP).—Private Fred Steinhauser, who hitch-hiked here from Camp Hulen, Tex., to claim fatherhood of Joan Berry's unborn child, was in military custody today, tripped up her attorney says, by a ruse.

Steinhauser said he had come here to prove he, not Charlie Chaplin, as Miss Berry alleges, was the father, and to offer her marriage.

Miss Berry's attorney, Jack Irwin, arranged a meeting yesterday between the soldier and a girl investigator who posed as Miss Berry. Irwin says Steinhauser greeted the operative eagerly and rushed to embrace her. He had no explanation, Irwin related, when informed the entire affair had been stage-managed. Steinhauser was taken in custody by military police who said he apparently was absent without leave from his post.

Miss Berry is in a nearby sanitarium awaiting arrival of the baby. Chaplin, recently married to Miss Oona O'Neill, denies paternity.

ILLINOIS SENATE OUSTS MENGES IN VOTE FRAUD CASE

Thomas to Take Seat—
St. Clair Election Prac-
tices Termed 'Rotten
Mess' in Debate.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 25.—John T. Thomas, Republican City Attorney of Belleville, will be sworn in Monday as State Senator from St. Clair County, after the Illinois Senate last night ousted Louis J. Menges, East St. Louis Democrat, because of alleged fraud during last election.

Packed galleries heard a six-hour debate that preceded the roll call. Then 28 Republican members overrode 21 Democrats, and adopted the Senate Elections Committee report, which recommended that Thomas be seated in place of Menges.

Republican Senators explained that they were not voting against Menges, but against what Senator T. Mac Downing, who headed the investigating subcommittee, described as a "rotten mess of election practices in St. Clair County," followed both by Democratic and Republican factions.

Democratic members bitterly attacked the subcommittee report recommending the ouster, branding it, "a batch of suppositions." The Menges ouster was the first action of its kind by the Illinois Senate since a Democratic majority unseated Senator Arthur J. Bidwell, Chicago Republican, in 1935. This was lamented in yesterday's debate by eight Democrats, who approved the Bidwell ouster eight years ago.

Twenty Democratic members lauded Menges, and denounced the Elections Committee recommendations that all of the 946 votes cast at Brooklyn, a predominantly Negro community, be voided because of the allegation that more than 300 ballots had been marked by one election judge.

Voiding the Brooklyn ballots gave Thomas a plurality of 258 votes for the Forty-ninth District (St. Clair County.) With the Brooklyn votes, Menges was winner by 283 votes.

There can be no judicial review of the Menges ouster, since the Senate is the judge of its members' elections.

JOHN BURROUGHS GRADUATES ENROLL FOR BASIC TRAINING

All but 10 of the 27 members of the June graduating class of the John Burroughs School have already been accepted for training courses in the various armed forces, the school announced today.

Enrolled in the Navy's V-12 training program are 12 of the graduates, who will receive basic training for a period of 36 weeks at various colleges throughout the country. Subject to Navy discipline, they will receive a monthly pay of \$50, room, subsistence and laboratory equipment expenses. Several who have been assigned to colleges, will report for duty next Thursday, the announcement said.

Three former students who have enlisted in Naval aviation are awaiting orders to duty. Two of four graduates who have passed the Army's A-12 training program examinations have been inducted into the Army.

THREE SISTERS

Black
"Witchery"



Tantalizing . . . enthralling . . . finely tucked black net bodice and a skirt of cool, cool black rayon sheer make this a bewitching "Summer - Dater"! You'll simply adore the delectably demure white net embroidered medallions around the sleeves and neck and encircling the waistline to give you that "tiny" look you love. Sizes 10-18.

Use Our Charge Account
or Lay-Away Service
—at No Extra Charge—

THREE SISTERS 7th at Locust

SONNENFELD'S Downstairs Shop

Smash Hit!
Seersucker
Suit-Dress

Cool comfort
for only

\$2.98

Others at
\$3.18 to \$5.98

Checked seersucker two-piece
suit-dress bound with white
pique. Brown, blue, red.
Sizes 12 to 20.

also:
crisp gingham
broadoths
floral sheers
chambrays

Sizes 12 to 42



FAMOUS-BARR CO.



COLUMBIA ALBUMS

\$2.63

WITH FOUR 10-IN. RECORDS 2 Ea.

From our vast collection of popular records, this series of Columbia's, including such gems as:

- C-12, "La Conga" album by Desi Arnaz
- C-13, "Strauss Waltzes" album by Al Goodman
- C-44, "Boogie Woogie" albums by Lewis, Johnson and others.
- C-52, Eddie Duchin plays George Gershwin
- C-46, Hot Jazz Classics by Bix Beiderbecke and others
- C-89, Songs of George M. Cohan album.

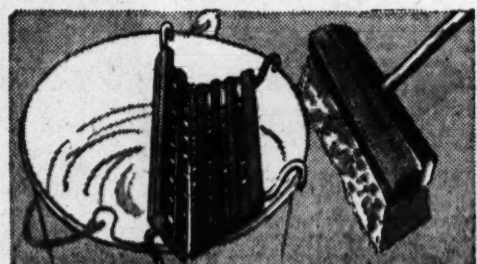


BATON WITH BOOKLET

ON HOW TO USE IT! 50¢

Rage of the school-going crowd! Red, white and blue baton with instruction book, on how to twirl a baton in a professional manner.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Music Shop—Eighth Floor

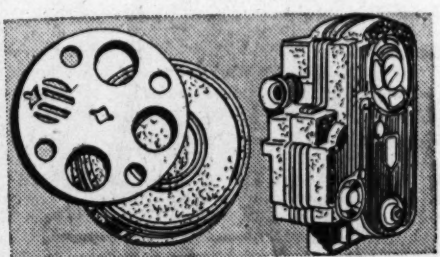


MINUTE MOP WITH DRAIN

NO WRINGING, NO FUSS \$1.45

Works slick as a whistle! Just place the Minute Mop on the drainer, lean on handle and it drains itself, all ready to use. Your hands never touch water. Drainer fits most buckets.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Housewares—Seventh Floor



"CINEMASTER" MOVIE CAMERA FOR YOUR VACATION

With \$38.50 With \$49.75
F3.5 Lens F2.5 Lens

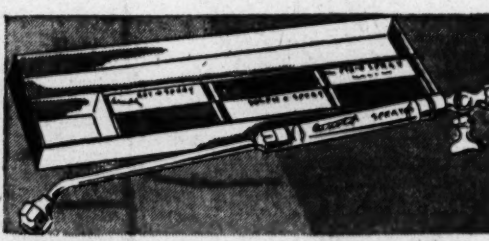
Plus 10% Federal Tax

Makes your vacation live season after season! 8mm. movie camera, capable of interchangeable lenses, uses black-and-white or color film. Limited lot.

16mm. new Cinepix black and white movie film, fresh stock. 100 ft. — \$3.98

8mm. or 16mm. Reels and Cans, 2 sets for \$1

Famous-Barr Co.'s Camera Center—Main Floor



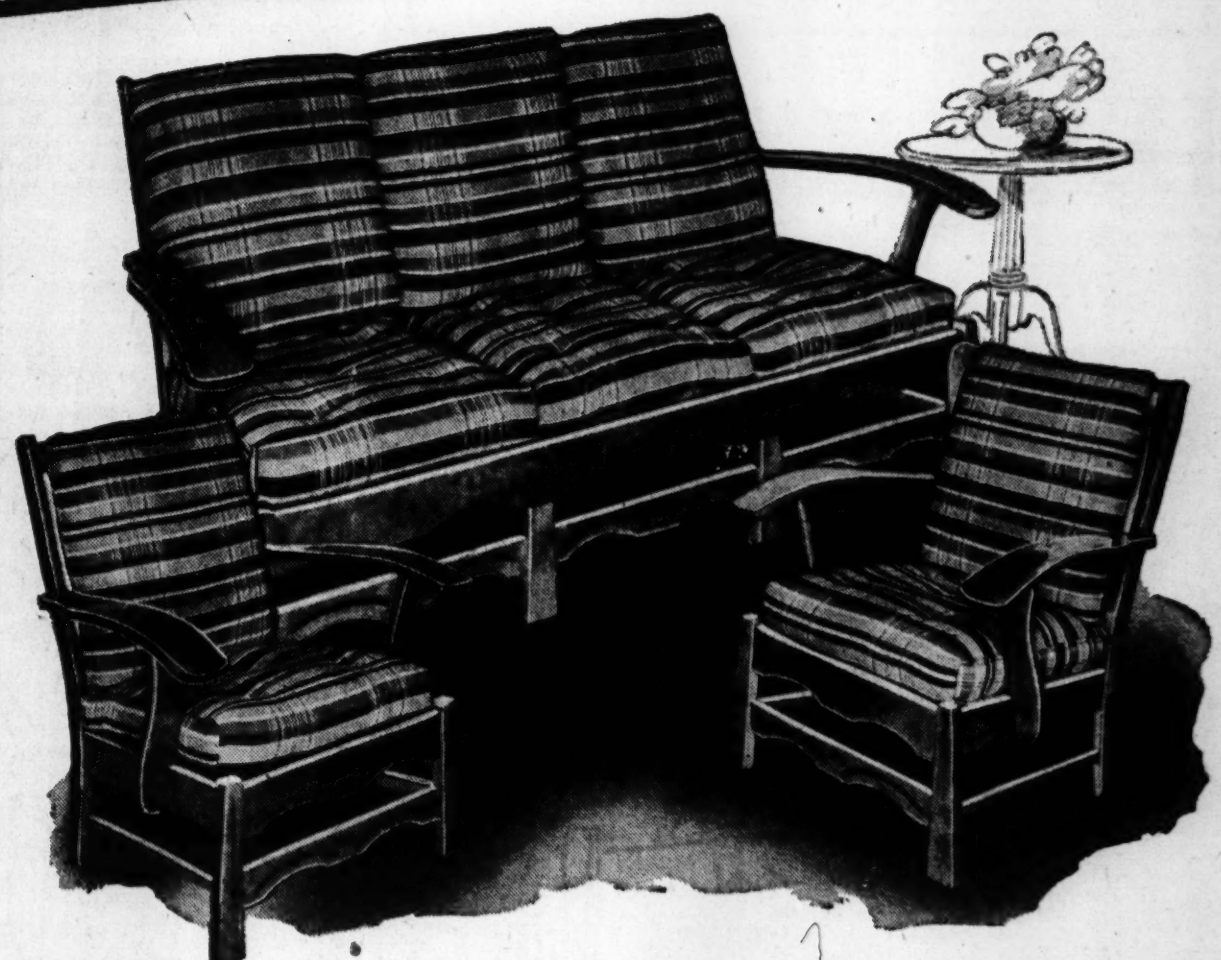
NOTED ARNOLD SPRAYER ATTACHES TO HOSE!

Complete Set \$5.75
With 6 Cartridges

Simply attach this Insecticide Sprayer to your garden hose and it shoots a stream into those hard-to-get-at places. Self mixing, chrome plated.

Cartridges of arsenate of lead, nicotine or plant food, ea. 25¢
Postage Extra Beyond Regular Truck Delivery Zone.
Famous-Barr Co.'s Garden Center—Eighth Floor

THE BEST BUY TODAY 'AU. S. WAR BOND



SMASH! \$64.50 COLONIAL DAVENPORT, WING CHAIR AND LOUNGE CHAIR \$59.50

MELLOW MAPLE FINISH FOR LIVING ROOM, DEN OR SUNROOM

Generous, gracious pieces that invite you to comfortable ease! Each piece with separate cushion backs and seats . . . making slipcovers a breeze if you're so inclined! Versatile trio that is really a marvelous "buy" for new homemakers. Smart cotton tapestries in the coverings to harmonize with your present furnishings. Rich finish with all the Colonial charm of far more expensive pieces!

BUY ON OUR EASY PAY PLAN (Nominal Service Charge)

Famous-Barr Co.'s Furniture—Tenth Floor

COIL SPRING AND COTTON MATTRESS

TWIN OR FULL SIZE

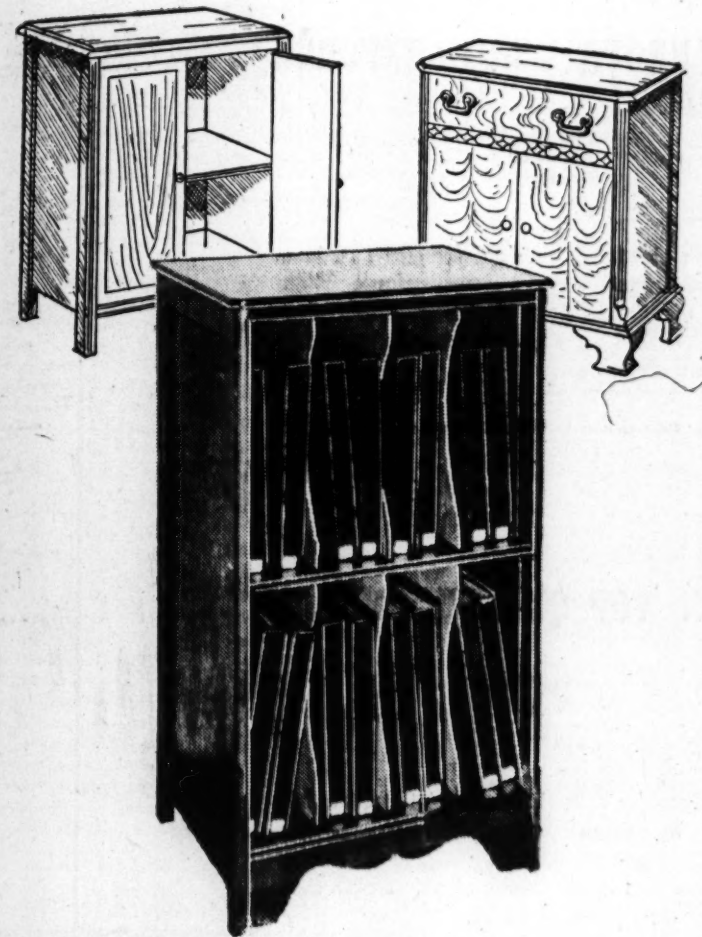
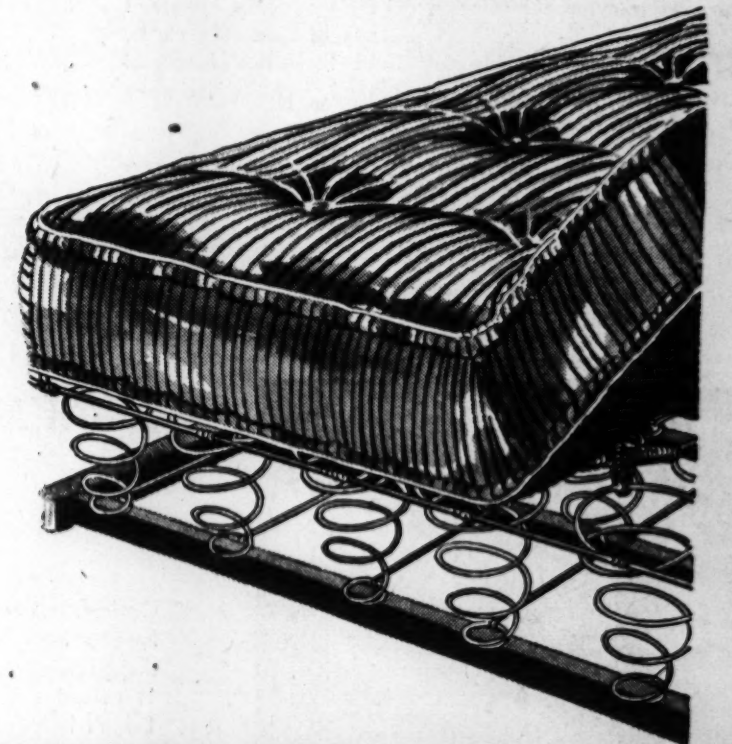
\$19.95

BOTH FOR

Value you'd never expect today! A combination to give you years of restful comfort. The 90-coil spring (in full size) is sturdily made; the cotton mattresses have cotton fiber felt top and bottom and cotton fiber center. Mattress covered in sturdy ACA ticking.

USE OUR EASY PAY PLAN (Nominal Service Charge)

Famous-Barr Co.'s Furniture—Tenth Floor



RECORD CABINETS WITH

SIXTEEN TEN-INCH ALBUMS \$12.95

Record music lovers . . . here is a marvelous combination offer, providing a safe and handy place to keep your favorite records. The cabinet is 32 inches high, 18 inches wide and 15 inches deep with eight dividers. Rich walnut or mahogany finished wood. Complete with sixteen 49c 10-inch albums.

DOOR-FRONT RECORD CABINET \$14.95

Ser-Rite Model No. 214 in walnut finished wood with two partitions protected with doors. 32 inches high, 20 inches wide and 15 1/4 inches deep. An attractive piece of furniture.

REAL "BUY" RECORD CABINET \$29.95

Has a handy drawer for needles and literature . . . as well as doors in front of the dividers. Walnut or mahogany finish, 27 inches high, 23 1/2 inches wide and 16 1/4 inches deep. Rockford No. 30.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Music Shop—Eighth Floor

Details of 1942 State Income Tax Returns In St. Louis County Compared With 1941

INDIVIDUAL State income tax returns of St. Louis County residents, comparing net taxable incomes of 1942 with those of 1941, are classified and analyzed in the following tables:

Income Class.	No. of Returns		Amount Taxable Income		Pct. Taxpayers		Pct. Taxable Income in Each Class	
	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941
\$ 2,000 and under	31,562	23,887	\$20,617,618	\$15,180,721	78.1	75.4	26.1	20.8
Increase	32.1%		33.8%					
2,000—\$ 5,000	5,250	4,407	16,051,194	13,803,855	12.9	13.9	20.3	18.9
Increase	19.1%		16.3%					
5,000—10,000	2,105	1,902	14,834,675	13,026,790	5.2	6.0	18.8	18.0
Increase	10.7%		13.9%					
10,000—15,000	765	661	9,705,226	8,590,611	1.9	2.1	12.3	11.8
Increase	15.7%		13.0%					
15,000—25,000	488	536	9,159,846	10,104,636	1.2	1.7	11.6	13.8
Decrease	9.0%		9.4%					
25,000—50,000	196	241	6,336,582	7,981,635	0.6	0.7	8.0	10.9
Decrease	18.7%		20.6%					
50,000—100,000	29	35	1,839,405	2,275,067	0.1	0.2	2.9	5.8
Decrease	17.1%		19.2%					
100,000 and over	2	10	479,105	1,913,252				
Decrease	80.0%		75.0%					
Total —	40,397	31,679	\$79,023,651	\$72,876,567	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Increase	27.5%		8.4%					

Summarized in Two Groups

All under \$10,000	38,917	30,196	\$51,503,487	\$42,011,366	96.3	95.4	65.2	57.7
Increase	28.8%		22.6%					
\$100,000 and over	1,480	1,483	\$27,520,164	\$30,865,201	3.7	4.6	34.8	42.3
Decrease	.002%		10.8%					

Average Taxable Income by Classes

Income Class.	Average Taxable Income		Change, 1942 from 1941
	1942	1941	
\$ 2,000 and under	653	636	2.7% Increase
2,000—\$ 5,000	3,057	3,132	2.4% Decrease
5,000—10,000	7,047	6,849	2.9% Increase
10,000—15,000	12,687	12,996	2.4% Decrease
15,000—25,000	18,770	18,852	0.4% Decrease
25,000—50,000	32,330	33,119	2.4% Decrease
50,000—100,000	63,428	65,001	2.4% Decrease
100,000 and over	239,553	191,325	25.2% Increase
All classes	1,956	2,300	15.0% Decrease

Net taxable income as shown above is computed by subtracting from gross income the deductions and exemptions allowed by the Missouri income tax law.

400 CONVICTS DONATE BLOOD

JEFFERSON CITY, June 25 (AP).—A Red Cross mobile blood bank moved into Missouri's penitentiary Wednesday—and set a record for one day's business. Four hundred convict blood donors went through the routine during the day. The previous record for one day's blood donations in this area was 341.



Sizes
18 1/2 to
24 1/2
38 to
44

\$5.98

Checks and dots
TOGETHER!

A new look for your pet rayon SHARKSKIN classic! First... it's checked in white... then it's dotted with bright lacquer dots... THEN it's finished off with metal-center pearl buttons and a starch-white collar of rayon faille! Luggage, black or blue.

Mail and Phone Orders (OH. 6767)
Filled Within One Week

Lane Bryant
Fashion Basement
SIXTH and LOCUST

40,397 State Income Returns Filed In County; 27.5 Pct. Above Year Ago

Taxable Income Up 8.4 Pct. Over '41—War Economy Mirrored by Rise in Lowest Bracket, Drop in Higher Groups.

Residents of St. Louis County filed 27.5 per cent more taxable returns with the State income tax office on 1942 incomes than they did for the preceding year, while the aggregate amount of taxable incomes reported increased 8.4 per cent, a breakdown of returns showed today.

Taxable returns were filed for 1942 by 40,397 residents whose personal incomes, after deductions and exemptions, totaled \$79,023,651.

The returns clearly mirrored the effect of wartime economy upon the various income classes. Increased employment and earnings produced a sharp increase in the number and dollar volume of taxable returns in the lowest income bracket. In the middle income brackets the increases were smaller, while in the higher brackets both the number and amount of returns decreased.

Gains in Lower Brackets.

In the less-than-\$2000 income class, which accounted for 78.1 per cent of the taxpayers and 26.1 per cent of the taxable income, there were 31,562 taxable returns—a gain of 32.1 per cent over 1941—and taxable income aggregated \$20,617,618, an increase of 33.8 per cent.

In the \$2000-to-\$5000 class, representing 12.9 per cent of the taxpayers and 20.3 per cent of the taxable income, the number of returns increased 19.1 per cent and the amount, 16.3 per cent.

In the \$5000-to-\$10,000 class, representing 5.2 per cent of the taxpayers and 18.8 per cent of the income, the gain was 10.7 per cent in number and 13.9 per cent in amount.

In the \$10,000-to-\$15,000 class, constituting 1.9 per cent of the taxpayers and 12.3 per cent of the income, the increase was 15.7 per cent in number and 13 per cent in volume.

In all incomes above \$15,000, returns decreased both in number and amount. Returns under \$10,000, comprising 96.3 per cent of the total number filed and 65.2 per cent of the total taxable income, increased 28.8 per cent in number and 22.6 per cent in volume, numbering 38,917 and aggregating \$51,503,487. Returns over \$10,000 decreased in number from 1483 to 1480 and in amount from \$30,865,201 to \$27,520,164.

In the highest bracket, representing taxable incomes of more than \$100,000, the number of returns declined from 10 to 2. One of these was a return of \$339,223, and the other amounted to \$139,881, the total representing a 75 per cent decrease in volume. In the next-highest bracket, from \$50,000 to \$100,000, the number of returns dropped from 35 to 29, and the volume decreased 19.2 per cent.

The average taxable income for 1942 was \$1956, against \$2300 for 1941.

True Index.

There were no changes in the State income tax law as compared with the preceding year, so that the 1942 returns constituted an accurate picture of income variations. Only in the case of Federal income tax returns did lowered personal exemptions and high-

er rates alter the basis for study. Corporations filed 302 taxable returns, 5.5 per cent fewer than in 1941. Taxable corporation income aggregated \$3,394,211, a decrease of 19.5 per cent from the preceding year.

Non-taxable returns—returns in cases where gross income is sufficient to require filing a report, but where net income after lawful deductions and exemptions is not enough to be subject to taxation—were filed by 16,062 individuals and 288 corporations. In 1941, non-taxable returns were filed by 14,905 individuals and 291 corporations.

Six corporations reported taxable incomes exceeding \$100,000 for 1942, the highest income reported being \$655,491.

SEEKS FLOOD RELIEF FUNDS

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—Representative Cannon (Dem.), Missouri, introduced yesterday a bill to appropriate 15 million dollars to aid farmers whose property and farm machinery were damaged or destroyed by the recent Mid-Western floods.

He also introduced a measure directing the War Production Board to provide priorities to enable farmers to replace farm machinery and equipment, and a third, to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to suspend all quota provisions and limitations on agricultural commodities in the flooded area. Companion measures were introduced by Senator Clark (Dem.), Missouri.

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co.

STORE HOURS: 9 TO 5

We Give and Redeem Eagle Stamps

C'mon Girls! JOIN THE MARINES

Meet Sgt. Lee Buckley and Sgt. Mary Fox

They're here to tell you all about the U. S. Marine Corps Women's Reserve and how easily you may become a real Marine in your country's service.

Center Aisle—Main Floor

IT'S SUN 'N' SUDS
FOR EFFICIENTLY
COOL PRINTS

\$5.98

It takes scads of 'em to keep a gal's working wardrobe going... and here they are, in a gay, colorful, cool array! Shown is a Bemberg* rayon that will take the day in its stride and stay unwilted! Frosty white print on red, luggage, green or blue, 12-18.

* Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Sun 'n' Soda Shop—Fourth Floor



IN AGAIN! YOUR PET
LACY STRAW POMP

\$6.98

Yes, here again for Saturday! It's the crisp snow-white little pomp that adds witchery with a fine mist of black or navy veiling. It's frivolous, flattering and adorable!

Famous-Barr Co.'s Millinery—Fifth Floor

LITTLE NEW YORKER'S HIT PARADE FOR JUNIORS



SUIT DRESS

\$7.98

Favorite two-piece! Spun rayon jacket with checked rayon seersucker skirt. Red or green, Junior sizes.

BUTTON FRONT

\$8.98

Spun rayon one-piece in white with red or green-and-white checked skirt and yoke, Junior sizes.

DATE TIME

\$8.98

Two-piece in white spun rayon with dainty flower applique and bright print trim, Junior sizes.

STRIPED SKIRT

\$3.98

Button back cotton skirt with patch pockets. Gay yellow, blue and red stripes. White rayon shirt, \$2.98

Famous-Barr Co.'s Little New Yorker—Fourth Floor



QUAINT LITTLE
PETTICOATS

\$2.98

Like something out of grandmother's day... but surprisingly practical with 2-pc. dresses! Rayon satin, some lacy, some tailored. Sizes from 26 to 30 waistline.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Shop—Fifth Floor

IT'S SHEER DELIGHT
TO MAKE AND WEAR A DRESS OF COOL
PRINTED COTTON LAWN

45¢ YD.

We've a grand assortment of pretty patterns in sheer, crisp printed lawn that's so easy to work with, and makes such delightful dresses for grown-ups and children! Flower and leaf patterns... in blue, rose, green, orchid, navy and brown.

SNOW WHITE RAYON SHANTUNG

A good choice for classic, simple dresses! Splendid quality that washes beautifully and is cool to wear! \$1.00 Yd.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Fabrics—Third Floor

SOME PRETTY
FANCY FIGURING
FROM SWIM SHOP
\$6.98

SURF TOGS—"Flared Princess" Rayon Suit. Made of woven rib rayon and cotton Lastex in gored princess style. In red or blue with white woven stripes, sizes 34 to 40.

\$3.98

PALM, SURF—"Two-Toner," a knit rayon and cotton Lastex Suit with contrasting panel. Figure-flattering and built for action. In blue, red or black with white, sizes 34 to 40.

Famous-Barr Co.'s Swim Shop—Fourth Floor



SEC Chairman Re-Elected.
PHILADELPHIA, June 25 (AP).—Ganson Purcell was re-elected chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commission today for the year ending June 30, 1944.

CE. 0707 Dependable
OPTICAL SERVICE
Alo's
CONVENIENT
CREDIT
TERMS
707 OLIVE ST.

Purcell was appointed to the Office of Economic Stabilization by President Roosevelt last Wednesday, said the appointment would bring about a closer relationship between the commission and the OES in problems dealing with investments and securities.

INVALID CHAIR NATIONAL
CHAIR CO.
412 N. 4th St.
CE. 0166

NON-STOP VISIT BY FLYER-SON

NEW LENNOX, Ill., June 25 (AP).—A big plane flew low over this village, dropped a missile which was retrieved by residents. It was a weighted handkerchief on which was printed: "Dear Mom—Just passing over. Say hello to the folks. Love, Roger." Mr. and Mrs. Earl Strausberg quickly learned they had received a non-stop visit from their son, Lieut. Roger Strausberg, stationed at Greenville, S. C.

OFFICIAL CHARGES MISMANAGEMENT AT KAISER YARD

Tells House Group That Richmond (Cal.) Plant Has Not Delivered One Ship in Year.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25 (AP).—Charges that one Henry J. Kaiser Co. shipyard has been so mismanaged that not one ship has been delivered in the year or more in which the yard has been in operation were made before a House Merchant Marine subcommittee yesterday by Alonzo Bryan, an auditor for the United States Maritime Commission.

He told the committee accounting procedures at the Kaiser No. 3 yard in Richmond, Cal., have led to "one of the greatest messes anyone could ever get into."

Bryan said the yard was building transport vessels and that the keel of the first ship was laid May 14, 1942, but "not one ship has been delivered yet."

"The contract with the Maritime Commission was made for 30 ships at a cost of 185 million dollars," Bryan said. "Already more than half of the cost is spent, as far as I can determine."

Bryan charged that no inventory is kept of materials in the 14 warehouses at No. 3 and the management doesn't know what's in them; that he hasn't any way of checking 10 million dollars spent by the yard; that hoarding of materials has been carried so far "it is small wonder other shipyards are delayed by lack of materials"; and "enough welding iron and cable to supply all four Kaiser yards" is kept at No. 3 alone; that 7000 tons of steel had been transferred to another yard within the last 48 hours; and that "men who had never constructed a ship before were superseding experienced ship builders."

Bryan said he had refused to approve payment of transportation of men brought from the East to work in No. 3, Kaiser, he said, has had to advance \$600,000 to the transportation fund and it now shows a net loss of \$41,000. The company advances transportation money to the men and they are supposed to repay it later, he continued, but many of them "drop out before they complete training for their jobs and 304 never did get on the payroll."

He added that some men brought here for work were in such condition, physically or mentally, that they had to be returned East under guard.

Kaiser's Comment.

At Detroit, Kaiser commented that the manager of the No. 3 yard was C. P. Bedford who also manages the adjacent No. 1 and No. 2 yards, and added these yards this month were delivering 24 or 25 Liberty ships at a cost of 275,000 to 300,000 man-hours per ship, which he said was "just one-half of the national average for all shipyards."

Kaiser said Bedford had managed construction of more than 200 ships and had received "about the highest commendation ever given anyone by Lord Halifax" for his performance on a British contract.

In Detroit on a business trip, Kaiser said delays in building the transport ship in the No. 3 yard were attributable to changes in design, to shortage of skilled man power, and to the transfer of operations to a contract for 45 ships for the Navy accepted by the Kaiser interests "against our protest." He said these ships required "an unusual amount of electrical and mechanical work" and there was a shortage of men skilled in such work.

Four Changes of Supervision. Kaiser explained the transports had undergone four changes—first being under Army supervision, then Navy, then Army again and now the Navy again. Saying that the plans for them are not yet complete, Kaiser commented, "When the plans were 48 per cent completed, the ship was 46 per cent completed."

Kaiser said the material in the No. 3 yard was "allocated to us by the Maritime Commission" and that it piled up during the time work on the transports was halted to permit operations on the 45-ship naval contract.

WOMAN ARRANGES GALA WEDDING FOR SOLDIER AND GIRL

(Picture in Everyday Magazine)

Two strangers in St. Louis, Pvt. George Mankes, stationed here temporarily, and Miss Clara Berman, who came from New York to marry him, looked forward to a small and perhaps rather gloomy wedding until they met Mrs. I. E. Rosenblum.

Mrs. Rosenblum heard through a Red Cross official at Lambert-St. Louis Field, where Pvt. Mankes is studying aircraft metal work, that the soldier was expecting Miss Berman by plane and that they wanted to be married by a rabbi.

She not only found a rabbi but arranged to have the wedding at her home, 5785 McPherson avenue, and invited about 30 friends who brought flowers and gifts and helped to make the wedding a festive affair.

The ceremony was performed last Saturday night by Rabbi James A. Wax, assistant at the United Hebrew Temple, 24 hours after Miss Berman arrived in the city. Pvt. Mankes' home also is in New York.

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This waterfall suite is finely finished in Prima Vera with diamond matched aspen and marquetry inlay effects on fine selected cabinet woods. Consists of a large, roomy dresser or vanity with landscape mirrors, full-size bed and chiffonier.

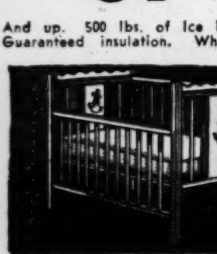
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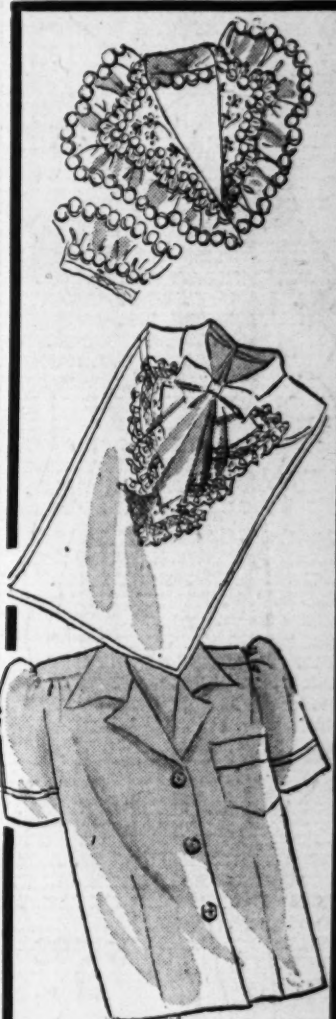
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CLARK OPPOSES DEBATE NOW ON U. S. POSTWAR ROLE AS INJURIOUS TO ALLIED UNITY

In Public Letter to Mrs. George Gellhorn, He Says Victory Should Be Our First Aim and That Ball-Burton-Hatch-Hill Plan Will Not Help Bring It.

By RAYMOND P. BRANDT
Chief Washington Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 25.

SENATOR BENNETT CLARK of Missouri, a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, is opposed to extended debate on or passage of the Ball-Burton-Hatch-Hill resolution, which would put the Senate on record pledging active participation by the United States in a postwar international organization.

In a letter to Mrs. George Gellhorn, president of the St. Louis League of Women Voters, made public today, Clark declared he believed that neither the passage of the resolution nor the extensive debate on it which would be inevitable, "could possibly be conducive to vigorous prosecution of the war to an unqualified victory, which should be the primary and imperative aim of all Americans as well as all of the United Nations."

"On the contrary," he added, "I am convinced that it would seriously impair and impede the unity of purpose and effort which is so desperately necessary to achieve that goal."

Senator Clark said today to the Post-Dispatch that he was making the letter public because it represented his most considered statement on the pending resolution, which at one point in his letter he called the "Ball-Willkie-Stassen resolution."

Reasons for His Stand.

He advanced three primary reasons for his position: (1) It could not constitute a binding commitment on the Government; (2) it would present two alternatives, either its specific implications would bring up acrimonious debate on territorial claims or its generalities would commit the Senate to a blank check on postwar aims, and (3) an extensive debate on the measure would be hurtful, perhaps ruinous, to the unity of the United Nations war effort.

Without disclosing the names of some persons "highest in authority in America and Great Britain," Senator Clark declared that his views were shared by such officials.

"I can assure you," he wrote to Mrs. Gellhorn, "that I am by no means alone in these conclusions among those who are most anxious to win this war conclusively and most desirous of taking adequate steps for the prevention of the recurrence of such wars in the future."

"I am not permitted to mention names or to make direct quotations in this connection, but I think that I do not transgress these bounds when I say that I have been privileged to hear expressions of views from some of those highest in authority both in America and Great Britain to the same effect. I repeat that it is my view that nothing whatsoever should be permitted to interfere with our successful and speedy prosecution of the war to unqualified victory."

Although Clark declined to disclose the names of those referred to in this portion of the letter, it is known that he attended the Foreign Relations Committee conferences with Prime Minister Churchill and Foreign Minister Eden, and that he is a close friend of Secretary of State Hull. There is no record that he has recently discussed foreign policy with President Roosevelt.

Reply to Mrs. Gellhorn.

In a letter to Clark, Mrs. Gellhorn pointed out that the League of Women Voters wanted something better than an armed truce after the war. She said that she might not agree with the Senator, but she would like to have his views on the pending Ball resolution. In reply, Clark said in part: "There is no great disagreement between us as to the desirability and necessity of measures to insure the future peace of the world and prevent the recurrence of the catastrophes which have engulfed it twice in our own generation. I am certain that we do not disagree as to the necessity for economic co-operation to remove one of the chief causes of these wars."

"Having served overseas myself in the first World War and having a 19-year-old son in the enlisted reserve of the Marine Corps, who is subject to call any day, I fully realize the supreme tragedy of war in loss of lives, mangled bodies, destruction of property and spiritual damage to suffering peoples. I appreciate fully the feeling of parents whose sons and daughters are now in the armed forces of the United States."

"I believe it to be the prayer of all thoughtful men and women that out of this war shall come some agreement of plan, or call it what one may, that will protect oncoming generations from being involved in such holocausts as the one in which we now find ourselves entrapped. Certainly that is my earnest desire and to the fulfillment of which I shall give all the strength that lies within me, that such a conclusion shall mark the end of this war."

Details Bring Conflict.

"To make definite postwar plans

at this time, other than the barest outline and statement of principles and purposes, appears to me to be impractical and well-nigh impossible. This is evident from the fact that of the many detailed plans that have been submitted, one and all they have been found to conflict with some of the objectives of our Allies and henceforth the united and successful prosecution of the war."

"That I speak with some degree of experience in this connection, I mention the fact that I have devoted a great deal of study to the formulation of a proposal which I had hoped to submit to the United States Senate on this subject. The further I progressed the more it became evident that discussion of the subject on the floor of the Senate at this time might and probably would raise questions that our Allies are not now prepared to answer or discuss. Nothing can be permitted to interfere with successful and early termination of this war by unconditional surrender of the Axis powers. To now raise issues that would create dissension among the Allies would in my opinion interfere with the successful prosecution of the war to a speedy conclusion. Nothing could more surely raise the hopes of the malefactors of the Axis."

As to Collaboration.

Clark's statement that he had tried in vain to draft his own proposal for submission to the Senate referred to his attempt last March to write a concurrent resolution that would offer some form of international co-operation and at the same time put our Allies on notice that Vice-President Wallace and other administration spokesmen were without authority to pledge a definite program of American participation in postwar international collaboration. As indicated by the present letter, Clark appears to be seeking some form of international "economic" co-operation but is fearful of "political" or "military" collaboration.

His letter to Mrs. Gellhorn continued:

"As I view postwar international agreements and planning, three principles should control their formulation so far as we are concerned. First, safeguarding of the welfare of this Republic; second, the abolition of war as a means of deciding disputes between nations, including economic co-operation to remove one of the chief basic causes of war, and third, the accomplishment of these objectives by methods which will meet the approval of our sons and daughters, numbering upwards of ten of millions, who have donned our country's uniform and stand ready to make the supreme sacrifice that this Republic shall survive and its citizens continue to enjoy the privileges guaranteed by our Constitution and announced in the Declaration of Independence."

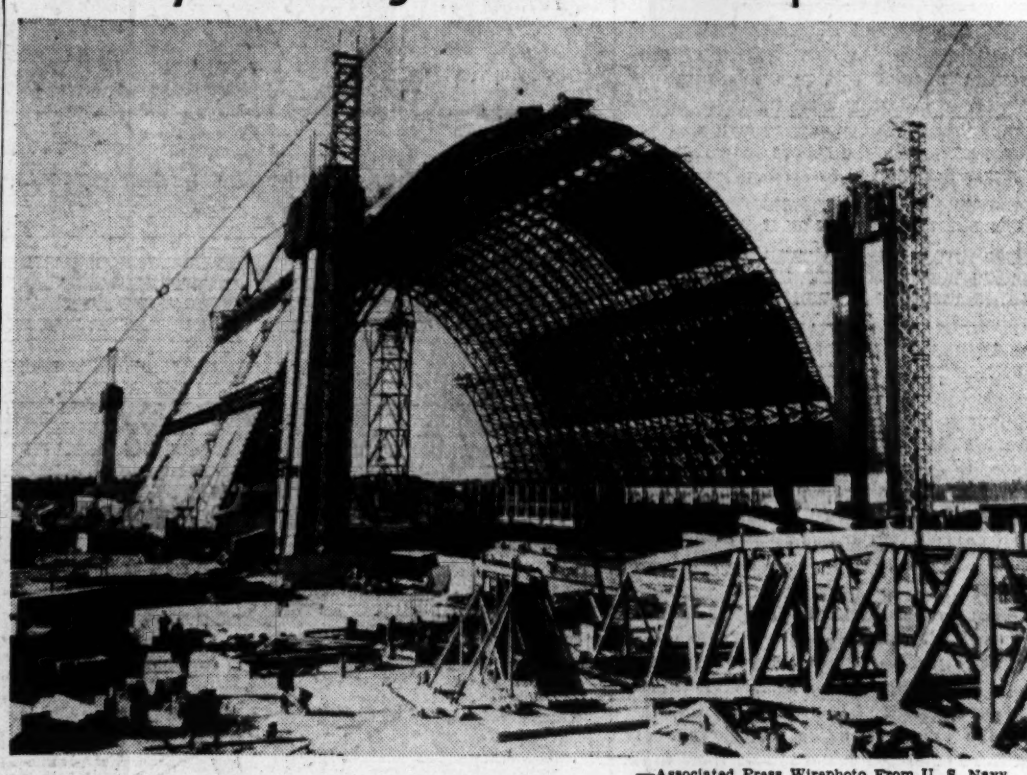
"Ball-Willkie-Stassen" Plan.

"Passing specifically to the Ball-Willkie-Stassen resolution, as I see the situation at this time, the insurmountable difficulties in the way of any helpful Senate action by any such process as this resolution are several. In the first place, such a resolution could not possibly have any binding effect as a commitment of the United States Government because it would simply represent the views of a majority of the present members of the Senate and would not in any sense be an act of Congress. It would not bind either future members of the Senate or in any sense the action of the present members of the Senate. But by the same token it might be exceeding misleading to some of our associated nations who might not completely understand our system of government."

"In the second place we would be confronted by this alternative: If the Council of the United Nations were to undertake to be specific as to postwar aims it would be immediately slapped in the face by a discussion of such questions as the future of India and of possible Soviet territorial claims as to Poland, Finland, Sweden, Norway, Estonia, Latvia, Bessarabia and the Dardanelles. These and other questions which would inevitably arise make it inconceivable that their discussions—acrimonious as they would undoubtedly be—could be other than a serious detriment possibly a fatal blow, to the unity of our vital efforts to defeat and destroy the Axis. If, on the other hand, the resolution should be confined to generalities, it would simply mean an attempt to commit the Senate to the signing of a blank check as to postwar aims, about which no individual Senator

Continued on Page 4, Column 2.

Navy Building Mammoth Blimp Barns



Costing two million dollars, this huge all-wood blimp barn is one of a number under construction by the United States Navy. The hangars, built of flame-proof timbers, are 1000 feet long, 246 feet across and 17 stories high.

Lonely Airport In Desert Run By Americans

Fertile Nile Valley Far Narrower Than Reporter Had Thought.

By ERNIE PYLE
A Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

SOMEWHERE IN AFRICA.

WE down came one noontime on a heat-baked desert air-drome in the center of Africa. It was just about as far away from anywhere as I can conceive. At first all their gasoline had to be brought a hundred miles by camel train. Even now it is brought across a long desert only by truck, and so sandy and wasted are the trails that it takes nearly as long as by camel.

There are only three dozen American soldiers there to run the air-drome. Were it not for the planes that stop daily for gas, their isolation would be unbearable. We were on the ground just an hour, and during that hour I discovered that in this fantastically remote spot two copies of this column arrive every day. One set is passed around among the enlisted men to read, and one among the officers. I suppose it's the only place in the world where I can say the column is read by 100 per cent of the population. We will table the motion just heard that when you're that far away from home you'll read anything.

Two Hoosiers.

AND of course I found a Hoosier there also. Not one but two of them. One was right from the banks of the Wabash. This was Pvt. George Richardson, who gets his mail either through Covington or Gessie, Ind., just up the road a few miles from my town of Dana. George was a pipefitter's helper before the war. Now he's a mechanic.

The other one wore a natty sun helmet and high leather boots, and had a pointed mustache. I thought at first he was an Englishman, but no, he was just plain Capt. Harold Lawler of Indianapolis. He had been in this devastating spot six months already, and he didn't think it was so bad.

We flew nearly all day down the Nile. In my mental pictures of the great river it had always been dotted with those little Egyptian sailboats with their white sails puffed out, and sure enough, on our very first glimpse—where the White and Blue Niles run together near Khartoum—there were the little sailboats.

It is wretchedly tortured and forbidding country on either side of the Nile, but the river creates for itself a sheathing of green loveliness, and for a thousand miles it makes a vivid tracing through its background of gray waste.

I had heard so much about the vast and fertile Nile valley that I had supposed it was a hundred miles across. Actually, all the way south from Cairo, it is hardly more than 10 miles wide—just a narrow strip of green on each side.

Continued on Page 5, Column 3.

Radar Passed Crucial Sea Test, Proved Value of 'Eyes' to Navy

Detected Destroyers Eight Miles Away in Darkness—Quantity Production of Sets, Installation on Ships Followed.

By JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

(Fifth of a Series.)

(Copyright, 1943, by the Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, June 25.

THE tests begun aboard the battleship New York in 1938 were crucial in the history of United States naval radar. The reaction of practical, hard-headed line officers to the way the equipment performed appeared likely to determine its fate for some years to come. If results were poor, the scientists knew, then the Navy's fighting men probably would not be interested in radar for a long time to come. To win acceptance, it had to be good.

Page headed the operating crew which went out on the New York, taking with him Robert C. Guthrie, M. E. Reppert and A. A. Varela. They hardly had cleared the Virginia capes out of Norfolk when the fun began.

A destroyer squadron had been assigned to make a torpedo attack on the battleship under cover of darkness, and Page recalls now that the night was very black indeed. From about sunset on, he and his men stood by their radar waiting to pick up the destroyers. They did not know from what direction the attack was coming. They had to keep a 360 degree lookout.

An Anxious Wait.

Several hours after they went on the alert, the Atlantic squadron commander, Vice Admiral Alfred W. Johnson, showed up in the control room. He watched and waited the radar indicator. For a time which to Page seemed endless, nothing happened. Finally the Admiral lost patience. He knew the time of attack and he evidently decided the destroyers were closing in through the darkness without being discovered. He turned to go, then decided to wait a few minutes longer.

Just about that time the first signal came in. "There it is," exclaimed the Admiral, pointing to the indicator. The destroyers still were eight miles away. The effect on the Admiral was electric. From that moment on he was a radar enthusiast.

Captain (now Rear Admiral) Robert M. Griffin, skipper of the battleship, was similarly impressed. "After that," Page says, "anything we wanted them to do on the New York, they would do it if it was possible." The ship never encountered fog but it often ran through rain. Radar picked up everything important which was within range, including on one occasion the mountain peaks of a distant shoreline.

When the cruise ended, Admiral Johnson made a report: "The equipment is one of the most important radio developments since the advent of radio itself."

Back in the Navy's Bureau of

Our 20th Year on Grand & Olive—
"If Smith Can't Fix Your Watch—Throw It Away!"
FREE REGULATING
Smith
Continued on Page 5, Column 3.

Air Raids Put Heavy Strain on Nazi Railroads

Plants All Over Reich Slowed by Lack of Raw Materials.

By PAUL GHALI
(Second Article of a Series.)
The Chicago Daily News-Post-Dispatch
Special Radio. Copyright, 1943.
BERN, June 25.

SYMPTOMATIC of the havoc being gradually wrought on German war production by Allied bombings is the remark reported made by a certain German magnate who owns dozens of factories and practically a whole town in the Ruhr. The magnate is said to have told friends recently that his entire fortune would be lost if Allied bombings continue for another six months on the present scale.

To evaluate this havoc in terms of figures is one of the hardest jobs with which a military expert can be confronted. The few travelers arriving from Germany, even if they are technicians, only bring fragmentary stories.

To be correctly interpreted, air pictures must be read preferably by someone who knows the hit factory they depict and can estimate the amount of damage done to its machinery, and even so, it is often impossible to be quite sure that beneath the debris comparatively intact machinery does not still exist. Finally, to give anything approaching an accurate estimate, one must continually bear in mind not only the direct effect of a given bombing but the far more important indirect damage. In the complex web of modern German industry, a direct hit on a Ruhr steel factory impairs the work of 20 or 30 other factories scattered over the Reich.

Military experts here estimate that as a result of Allied bombings to date, Ruhr production has dropped 25 per cent—some say 35 per cent. The 25 per cent figure is, if anything, conservative. For the whole of Germany, this means a production decline of 8 per cent. No specific cases of destruction can be cited here as Swiss neutrality forbids revelation of the "military secrets" of either camp, but

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

Steinbeck Watches 'Little Names' Give Gallant Show on Troopship

USO Unit Has Trying Time but Soldiers Are for Them—Negro Troops Find War Song in Hymn.

Writing from England, where he has just arrived on an assignment as a war correspondent for the Post-Dispatch, John Steinbeck continues his description of life aboard the crowded troop transport on which he traveled.

By JOHN STEINBECK
Author of "Grapes of Wrath" and "The Moon Is Down."
(FIFTH OF A SERIES.)
(Copyright, 1943.)

SOMEWHERE IN ENGLAND, June 25 (By Telephone.)
SMALL USO unit is aboard this troopship, girls and men who are going out to entertain troops wherever they may be sent. These are not the big names who go out with blasts of publicity and maintain their radio contracts. These are girls who can sing and dance and look pretty and men who can do magic, pantomimists and tellers of jokes.

They have few properties and none of the tricks of light and color which dress up a theater. But there is something very gallant about them. The theater is the only joke in the world which has been dying for 4000 years and has never succumbed. It requires tough and devoted people to keep it alive. An accordion is the largest piece of property the troupe carried. The evening dresses, crushed in suitcases, must be pressed and kept pretty. The spirit must be high. This is trouping the really hard way.

The theater is one of the largest mess halls. Soldiers are packed in, sitting on benches, standing on tables, lying in 'v' doorways. A little platform on one end is the stage. Tonight the loud speaker is out of order, but when it isn't it blares and distorts voices.

The master of ceremonies gets up and faces his packed audience. He tells a joke—but this audience is made up of men from different parts of the country and each part has its own kind of humor. He tells a New York joke. There is a laugh, but a limited one. The men from South Dakota and Oklahoma do not understand this joke. They laugh late, merely because they want to laugh. He tries another joke and this time he plays safe. It is an Army joke about M. P.'s. This time it works. Everybody likes a joke about M. P.'s.

He introduces an acrobatic dancer, a pretty girl with long legs and the strained smile acrobats develop to conceal the fact that their muscles are crying with tension. The ship is rolling slowly

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

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JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Guadalcanal Reaction to the Miners.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
THE following letter was written by Pfc. Frank J. Stone, serving as a litter bearer on Guadalcanal. Pfc. Stone is a native St. Louisan who has been in service for more than a year. H. Y.

The news concerning the war bond drives being such a distinct success in St. Louis gives me the satisfying feeling that there may be some people in the States who have a certain amount of patriotism. However, since President Roosevelt's speech concerning the coal mining situation was heard here, the attitude of the boys isn't too good. We got the news and each and every one of us was particularly interested in it. It won't be pleasant if some of these boys should meet one of these damned miners who deems it necessary to have a raise in pay rather than a quick victory. It's no wonder that we, over here, are bitter when we are risking our lives to give them the right to earn a living.

The Republicans' Pledge of 1920.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
IN its platform of 1920 the Republican party made this solemn pledge to the American people: "We pledge the coming Republican administration to such an agreement with other nations of the world as will meet the full duty of American civilization and humanity."
In the same year, the Republicans elected their candidate, Warren G. Harding, President, by an overwhelming vote, and, along with Mr. Harding, a large majority of the members of both the Senate and House.
Can anyone produce any evidence whatsoever to show that the Republican party put forth, during the last 23 years since 1920, any effort whatever to redeem its sacred promise made to the people of the United States to draft, adopt and promote an international peace agreement as a substitute for the League of Nations that it ruthlessly destroyed? WILLIAM H. HARGROVE, California, Mo.

Questions on the Mine Strike.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
ARE the miners entirely to blame in a desperate attempt to get the very things we are fighting this war to preserve?
Are the operators trying to use the patriotism of the miners to an unfair advantage? Does the War Labor Board try to settle labor disputes just in its spare time? Perhaps the board is just a little inefficient.
What about price control and the roll-back of prices?
Need we take such drastic action as the passage of an anti-strike bill?
Labor must reason for itself.
FRANK L. MARTINI, Staunton, Ill.

Racial Discrimination on West Coast.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
A RECENT editorial in the Fresno Bee quoted from your paper words to the effect that you oppose discriminating against the Japanese or Americans of Japanese ancestry. What good news that is to many of us here!
A number of strong organizations here are spreading propaganda against the return of the Japanese to the West Coast. Of course, in many instances it is plain to see they want certain monopolies for themselves which they gain by eliminating Japanese competition. For example, several fruit-packing companies have bought up orchards and vineyards formerly owned by Japanese.
Large numbers of West Coast citizens will vouch for the desirability of Japanese as neighbors and employees. They seem almost universally to be honest and trustworthy as well as industrious. Many friendships exist between people of Japanese and Caucasian blood.
More power to your campaign against racial prejudices. Would that the editor of the Fresno Bee could catch some of your fine spirit!
BERNICE LAWRENCE, Parlier, Cal.

An Adventure in Friendliness.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I HAVE just returned from a business trip East. The train was crowded with men from all branches of service. Some were going home on well-earned furloughs. Some were going to induction centers, some to new training camps, some to points of embarkation.
I visited with a half-dozen of them one whole afternoon. They were a friendly, responsive lot, typical American boys on trains can do for boys like these, namely, invite them for a meal. This, of course, is not a new idea and undoubtedly is the regular practice of many traveling men, but to anyone not in the habit of doing so, I would like to suggest taking some boy in service under his wing.
If every civilian who can afford it would extend the hospitality of at least one meal to a service man on every trip he makes, he would find himself the gainer. These fellows are stimulating and most worth while, and I would like to urge anyone called upon to travel to give this adventure in friendliness a try.

ARTHUR B. BAER.

WHO KILLED MELENDES?

That question persists, regardless of the various smoke screens that have been devised to obscure it. A new smoke screen made its appearance yesterday when Circuit Attorney Hennings dismissed a second-degree murder charge against Andrew Brinkley on the ground that the State could not prove that anybody beat Melendes to death.

What in the world did he die of? Maybe it was from boredom. The sarcasm is justified because the fact is that Melendes died in a police cell after being brutally beaten. He was beaten to a pulp from head to foot.

However, the first official report was that he died of natural causes. Next, it was said that he had been in a night-club fight with an Army Major. Then came a report that he had fallen from his bunk at Police Headquarters. Later, three city detectives were indicted on a charge of beating him. Finally, it was charged that he had suffered his fatal injuries in a fight with Brinkley.

The nature of Melendes' injuries showed he could not possibly have received them merely from a fist fight or a fall. He was beaten thoroughly, methodically and totally—by experts.

Who says so? Dr. Downey Harris, who has conducted thousands of autopsies and who has the respect and the confidence of St. Louis, says so. He and another doctor of prestige—Dr. Ralph Thompson—conducted an autopsy on Melendes and their conclusion is that he died from the injuries he received when he was subjected, not to one beating alone, but to successive beatings.

Now two other doctors have been brought into the picture—Dr. Walter J. Siebert and Dr. Arthur Well. They did not see Melendes' body, as Drs. Harris and Thompson did. They looked through a microscope at fragments of damaged tissue. Dr. Siebert noted changes he attributes to disease and not to trauma, or injury. Dr. Well likewise says he found no proof of trauma. These two doctors, therefore, place a different interpretation on the condition of the tissues from the one agreed upon by Drs. Harris and Thompson.

On the basis of the difference of opinion among the medical men, Mr. Hennings says he could not prove a case against Brinkley because he couldn't prove that anyone beat Melendes to death. And if he cannot prove a case against Brinkley, he cannot prove a case against the police, either. So perhaps now the theory will be that Melendes died of cirrhosis of the liver and that the brutal, unmerciful beating happened coincidentally just before he was about to give up the ghost from the liver disease. Well, that theory won't wash.

Mr. Hennings announces that he will present all competent and credible evidence and facts to the June term grand jury—the fifth one to consider the case. We hope the grand jury meets the case in a fearless and thorough-going manner. The Melendes case is not going to die until it is settled fairly and squarely. It is certainly not going to be smoke-screened to death.

A POUND EVERY THREE WEEKS.

The OPA's announcement that our next two pounds of coffee must be spread over only three weeks each—in other words, that we are now to be allowed twice as much coffee as was rationed when rationing first went into effect—gave the regular second-cuppers at the table just about the same thrill they expect to get out of the dawn of the bright tomorrow. One pound every three weeks is not three pounds each week. Still, under the new allowance, a man will be able to show up at the office in a wide-awake state without the shocking ordeal of a cold shower. He will be able to eat as lusty a lunch and as bountiful a dinner as is possible in days when red and blue stamps are more important than greenbacks in the grocery store, and yet be free of the plague of drowsiness.

We predict sharp increases in production and a new brilliance all around. Men will come to their work with gusto, and return to it in the afternoon with the flame of enthusiasm and inspiration as high as it was after breakfast. And the evenings will once more be given over to sparkle and wit, instead of dullness and dozing.

THE ANSWER IS NO.

There's a limit to American imagination, vivid though it is. That limit has been reached. It seems the lovely Myrna Loy became ill and could not attend the presidential home at Hyde Park to act in a play called "Button Your Lip." So Mrs. Roosevelt invaded a draftee's dream with the line, "Myrna Loy can't be here. Can't I take her place?" It is recorded that the curtain then descended amid cheers and applause from an audience that included Queen Wilhelmina and Secretary Morgenthau. No one will cavil at that. It is even possible to accept, along with other fantastic possibilities, the assumption that a United States soldier might have a dream with Mrs. Roosevelt in it (she's been nearly every place else), though it would hardly fall in the wish-fulfillment category of mother's ham and biscuits, a Berlin barbecue or the girl back home.

But what of the theater—port in a storm, haven in a rattled cosmos, escape from the things that are to the things that were? What if Myrna Loy's Hyde Park stand-in decides to be Fontaine, Cornell or Helen Hayes—or limbo the thought—Betty Grable? The theater is at the crossroads here. It views with alarm, to say nothing of trembling with apprehension.

Let Myrna Loy recover with lightning rapidity. Let the Critics' Circle keep its reviews, if any, more restrained than Mark Twain's observation on viewing the Grand Canyon. "I pronounce it a success." Let there be blight when the First Lady asks: "Can't I take her place?" No, Eleanor. No!

A TEST FOR THE WOMEN OF AMERICA.

The OWI says that more women will have to go into the factories, or compulsory national service will be invoked. Policemen, social workers and ministers, at the same time, say that women will have to do a better job of home-making if the alarming rise in child crime is to be checked.

Perhaps there is less of a paradox here than there seems to be. It may well be a case of too many mothers taking jobs, and too few other women getting into the war effort—except in its fancier, peripheral phases.

Especially since it is becoming increasingly difficult to find reliable help, mothers of children will find their hands full at home, and the need for labor will have to be met by women with less serious obligations—the women who still have the leisure for an afternoon of style-shopping and bridge.

Of course, so long as the compulsion to do a pair of overalls is economic, it is much more likely that a mother from a home of limited resources

will take a job than that it will be filled by a woman of more ample means. But this is war. Another pressure should be felt—patriotism.

In the months ahead, the women of America will be able to refute the criticism, so often made against them by Europeans, that they are spoiled. In the months ahead, they will have the chance to show that, when necessary, they can work as hard and as long as anybody, anywhere.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE McKELLAR BILL.

The bill requiring Senate confirmation of some 30,000 additional Federal employees has taken on some slight color of propriety from the protestations of its advocates that it applies only to employees who draw \$4500 a year or more, who are in policy-making posts and are not covered by civil service.

Those limitations upon the measure would at least help to make the bill look as if it were not a piece of patronage-grabbing, though it would, of course, continue to be just that. How specious are the claims of innocent intentions is shown unmercifully in an analysis of the bill by the Civil Service Commission, acting in response to a request by Senator Hatch of New Mexico.

This analysis discloses that the terms of the bill are so ambiguous they might be interpreted to apply to every Federal employee, and would almost certainly apply to many thousands of employees who have had to be taken into Government service without competitive examination and without civil service status, on account of the imminent need for an unprecedented volume of man power to transact the Government's business.

The non-civil-service employees are presumably needed just as much now as they were when they were hired. It is just as impossible now as it was then to carry out a normal peacetime civil service procedure in recruitment of so many so quickly.

To dangle the threat of unjust discharge above the heads of these employees would impair their work, very likely induce many of them to accept offers of employment under less bloodthirsty auspices, and discourage able technicians from entering Government service. The results, in the commission's considered judgment, would be administrative confusion and serious disruption of the war program.

Such is the measure which Senator McKellar of Tennessee is sponsoring for the dual purpose of paying off political grudges and getting his hands on much more than the inordinate amount of political patronage he already controls.

OWI'S ARRANGEMENT OF YANKEE DOODLE.

OWI is sending some typical Americans to England, to instruct our cousins across the waves what we, the people, are really like. A big-city mayor, a Midwestern farmer, an educator and a woman civic leader are among those present.

So far as can be found out, there is not a third baseman, a bubble dancer, an old grad or Vox Populi in the shebang. It must be promptly confessed the whole thing's a frame-up. An innocent one, however, for the English will be agreeable enough not to believe it in the first place. OWI's Americans are grand; and if we had a country made up entirely of the same, what a place this would be. Finer—richer—nobler; and not nearly so much fun.

Philadelphia hotels have quit serving breakfast in bed, quit providing room service, quit giving one-day laundry service. The guest, in short, is going to be treated like a member of the family.

THE LOBBY ALSO KNOWS THE BACK DOOR.

Senator Mathes of Hillsboro has risen in his wrath to condemn the Senate's perfection of a bill charging teacher training costs in St. Louis, Kansas City and St. Joseph against the school fund. Since, in the past, this was charged against general revenue, he declares it is nothing more or less than a back-door attack on the custom of giving one-third of the State's income to its public schools.

It is a little difficult to follow the reasoning of those who argued that it does not constitute a cut in the schools' allotment. To us, it seems to have the effect of reducing it by about \$500,000. So what? Teacher training certainly is an item properly charged to the school fund. So long as it was otherwise charged, that was an evasion through which the school lobby got even more than 33-1-3 per cent of the general revenue. It was using the back door.

The Legislature ought to throw the one-third rule out of the window. It is arbitrary, and therefore a standing invitation to waste and inefficiency. Adequate funds for the public schools are, of course, a necessity. The efficiency of our democracy depends on the efficiency of the little red school house. But that inefficiency can best be attained by putting the schools on a budgetary basis, by giving them what they need, instead of handing them a lump sum and letting them figure out how they are going to use it.

Some Congressmen want to get out of Washington into the cool mountains to draw a tax bill, asserting they can do a better job of it there. The theory seems to be that the cooler the legislator, the hotter he can make it for the taxpayer.

ROUND TRIP BY R.A.F.

The round-trip technique which the Royal Air Force tried out yesterday, delivering bombs to Germany on the way out, refueling at Bizerte and bombing Italy on the way back, is a novel and unforeseen dividend of the North African campaign. A glance at the map suggests that this is the London-Bizerte axis, with Germany and Italy situated uncomfortably in the middle.

Still further increments along the same line might accrue to the Allies on invasion of the Continent. Air fields in any of the countries to the east of Germany and Italy—in Greece or Hungary, say—could substitute for the Bizerte stop, or augment it, making possible still further development of the large, or economy-size, bombing trip.

The saving in mileage, and consequently in fuel, is by no means the only advantage of the method. The bombers also keep the advantage of surprise instead of returning to their bases over defenses that have been alerted by their outward passage.

Most of all, this unusual raid by the R. A. F. is an occasion for jubilation because it underscores, with a broad black line, the great and growing ability of the Allies to have their will in the air over Europe and Africa. In good time, the same will be true over Asia also.

Girl office workers at the Ford plant object to wearing slacks. Their plant is that they want to feel like ladies. On the other hand, there are still some left of the old-fashioned girls who are content to look like darlings.



THIS YEAR'S VACATION RADIUS.

—From the Kansas City Star.

Industry Has a John L. Lewis, Too

The Mirror of Public Opinion

Just as union chief defies Government, so does U. S. Gypsum Co. in refusing to obey WLB order, newspaper says; the board chairman, Sewell Avery, has same post with Montgomery Ward, which took similar stand; Congress should act to control this rebel, too.

From the Philadelphia Record.

ANOTHER fist is being shaken at Uncle Sam. Another voice fumes defiance at the War Labor Board. Not John L. Lewis this time. It is his counterpart in the ranks of industry:

Sewell L. Avery, chairman of the board of the U. S. Gypsum Co., also chairman of the board of Montgomery Ward.

In large newspaper ads captioned, "We Cannot Accept This Unconstitutional Ruling of the War Labor Board," the U. S. Gypsum Co. announces it will not obey the WLB decision directing a maintenance-of-membership clause and union dues checkoff in the new contract at the firm's Warren (O.) plant. The big ad is signed by William L. Keady, president of U. S. Gypsum.

But the theme of the ad is identical with similar ads signed by Sewell Avery when Montgomery Ward defied the United States Government last December, just as U. S. Gypsum does now.

It is more than coincidence that Avery is top man in both firms, is reputed to draw a \$100,000 salary from Ward's, another \$100,000 salary from U. S. Gypsum.

Two Opponents of WLB.
We'll now watch to see if conservative circles are as anxious to uphold the WLB in its fight with Avery as they were to uphold it in its fight with Lewis.

Avery and Lewis: There are several parallels between the men; parallels, of course, in their defiance of the WLB on previous occasions, when, in each case, the President personally was compelled to demand obedience to the law.

Both Lewis and Avery are die-hard foes of Roosevelt.

Both strive to wreck our wartime machinery for settling labor disputes.

Oregon's New Income Tax Loophole

From Newsweek.

OREGON recently became the tenth state to have a community property law, and so beckoned to war-rich West Coast states not averse to saving a handsome income-tax dollar with full legal pittance. Community property laws make husband and wife share equally. For instance, half the husband's income belongs to his wife. The two can file separate income-tax returns, each figuring on his or her half regardless of who actually earned the money, and so pay taxes within a lower surtax bracket.

In Louisiana, Texas, California, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Washington and Idaho, community property is compulsory and has the drawback of garbling the situation in division of property after divorce or death. But the Oklahoma law, on which Oregon's version is modeled, makes the system optional.

Because of community property tax reporting, Treasury officials say, the Government last year lost between 90 and 100 million dollars and will lose more this year. Proponents of the Oregon legislation, by putting their citizens on a par with those of neighboring states, claim they will save them \$10,000,000 in 1943—or nick Uncle Sam by that much, depending on how you look at it.

Here is how savings to individuals on Federal income taxes.

And, just as enlightened labor leaders have repudiated Lewis' defiance of the Government, so have responsible leaders of business repudiated the similar defiance by Avery.

Business Week, a magazine of business, sharply criticized Avery's attitude in the Montgomery Ward case. He was denounced also by the two industry members of the WLB: Harry L. Derby, head of the great American Cyanamid & Chemical Co., and Roger Lapham, chairman of the board of the American-Hawaiian Steamship Co.

Yet now we find both Avery and Lewis still imbued with the idea that they are bigger than the United States Government.

Both Denounce President.

There is yet another parallel between John L. Lewis and Sewell Avery. Just as Lewis has denounced Roosevelt as an enemy of labor, so has Avery denounced Roosevelt as the foe of business.

And just as we know that Lewis' United Mine Workers' prosperity parallels the New Deal, so do we know that the profits of U. S. Gypsum show the very same trend. Just glance at the record:

Net income of U. S. Gypsum before taxes: 1934, \$2,373,000; 1935, \$3,949,000; 1937, \$6,320,000; 1939, \$8,722,000; 1940, \$11,184,000.

U. S. Gypsum's net in 1940 was more than five times greater than its net six years before. How the New Deal ruined the business of Sewell Avery!

Apparently President Roosevelt will have to put Avery in his place as he did Lewis. Let us hope he will not hesitate even a moment.

And we shall now see whether Congress enacts a new Smith-Connally bill—to deal with the John L. Lewises of industry as well as the John L. Lewises of labor.

Federal income-tax payments stack up under state community property laws:	
Savings	Income
\$ 54 by halving income of \$ 5,000	
364 " " " " " 10,000	
1,740 " " " " " 20,000	
6,192 " " " " " 50,000	
12,578 " " " " " 100,000	
22,408 " " " " " 250,000	
24,944 " " " " " 500,000	

A solid tier of Southwestern and Western states now offer balm for surtaxes, as well as inheritance taxes. The powerful Texas delegation has headed the successful battle in Congress to shelve a joint-return system advocated by the Treasury can now probably count on Oregon's two upper and four lower house votes.

The Oregon law is understandable since the State was an enclave within the community-property belt, and those who could often took profitable residence in adjacent California or Washington, while drawing their income from Oregon. And proponents argue that women's property rights are recognized by the law. Many, however, hold with the standpoint that this is no time to be pressing local interests and contend the Oregon law clinches the need for a blanket system to iron out the inequalities the state laws create in payment of Federal income taxes.

A Guide to Radio Technique

"Micro Don't Bitch," by Helen Stoussant. (L. B. Fischer, New York.)

THIS book is not exactly an "open sesame" to the radio profession for one and all, but the sound advice contained in it should be of value to anyone who is looking forward to his first broadcast with fear and trembling.

Radio is an infant among industries, and to those who are outside its walls and know it only for what they hear over their loudspeakers, it is a fascinating mystery. In addition to giving practical advice, this book takes the reader behind the scenes of radio for a look at the wheels going round.

The author is director of the talks department of a national network, and is known in the trade as one of its more able executives. Miss Stoussant attempts no fine writing, but tells in simple, straightforward language the fundamentals of good radio technique, drawing upon her considerable experience in the profession for a goodly number of excellent illustrative anecdotes.

The writer's principal aim is to convince the uninitiated that microphones literally do not bite, and to suggest the easiest and most effective first approaches to that suspected danger. She advises the new and timid speaker to forget the microphone and to concentrate on one person, perhaps the announcer in the studio or the technician in the control booth.

For the novice and the semi-experienced alike, she counsels: "The most important thing to remember about broadcasting a speech is to be completely natural, relaxed and informal. Let simplicity be your guide. Forget that you are speech-making and try not to sound as if you were reading. Don't merely say words. Speak meaning into every line. Sustain your own interest in what you say if you would instill it in those who hear you. To speak sincerely and convincingly, you yourself must first believe what you say."

FRANK ESCHEN.

Practical Books for Soldiers.

MEN in the armed services, both in camp and overseas, are sure to welcome the Fighting Forces Series, a group of pocket-sized books published by the Infantry Journal, Washington, and distributed by Penguin Books, New York. The first volumes of the series, just issued, are: "How to Shoot the United States Army Rifle," by Lieut. Arthur Goodfriend; "Tank-Fighter Team," by Lieut. Robert M. Gerard, formerly of the French Armored Forces; "Sgt. Terry Bull: His Ideas on War and Fighting in General," by Col. William H. Triplett; and "What to Do Aboard a Transport," by a group of well-known scientists. The books are well written, and present a great deal of sound information and advice in compact form.

The sponsors plan to issue four new titles in the series each month. As a further service to men in foreign service, the Infantry Journal has launched an overseas edition. By use of a photographic process, the regular edition of this excellent publication is reduced about half in page size, for a considerable saving of shipping space and paper without undue sacrifice of legibility.

An Uneven But Amusing Novel.

"Moonset," by Margaret Gruen. (L. B. Fischer, New York.)

MRS GRUEN'S first novel, laid against the background of New England and New York City in the World War years, gets under way as an amusing and sophisticated family portrait, then twists abruptly into a kind of love triangle. Dan Reilly is a good husband and an unsuccessful actor until he writes a hit play. Then he becomes an unsuccessful husband. Brittle and uneven, most readers will think, but rather amusing.

'ON THE RECORD'

By Dorothy Thompson

THE IMMATURE NATION.

WITH the eyes of the world upon us, the overall picture presented in the past weeks is not one with which to point with pride. In Detroit there are race riots; the coal situation remains a future threat; the Under Secretary of War confirms that war production has fallen off during the past weeks; the food situation is chaotic, and various agencies are engaged in blaming each other; and in Washington congressional opposition to the President continues more interested in embarrassing the Administration than in winning the war.

The spectacle is that of a nation that has not yet reached maturity. This lack of maturity reveals itself in the fear of good news. Under Secretary of War Patterson feels that the people are complacent and overconfident, due to news of the Tunisian victory, and the success of European bombing.

It is a great and necessary thing, in war, to be confident, and there are many reasons for our confidence. But confidence should, in a mature nation, breed increased effort, not relaxation. For it must be clear to all, that still ahead of us lie our greatest tests; that the question which confronts us is not merely whether we shall win the war, but what price we shall pay for winning it. The price will be paid in the blood of our own youth. And it is beyond comprehension that any group prefer to quarrel rather than to spare those closest to their hearts.

Individualism vs. Freedom.

WE are known throughout the world as the people who enjoy more luxuries than any other, in normal and abnormal times. The one luxury, however, completely incompatible with these times, is the one we have in abundance: the luxury of each individual and group to have his own way. We have confounded this sort of individualism with freedom. But it has nothing to do with freedom, which is a social heritage, flourishing only in the fellowship of those who freely accept common standards of behavior, and freely subordinate their individual wills to the cause of the free community.

A person can be free only in a community which he trusts, and in which he is trusted. Trustworthiness is the measure of freedom. It involves the trust of the community in its workers, that they will do an honest day's work for an honest day's pay; in its managers and executives, that they will hold their industries in trust for the community, and keep this concept continually in the foreground; in its political leaders, that they will remember that parties are merely convenient instruments of command; in its secondary, not primary, loyalties; and in its intellectual spokesmen and critics, that they preserve the most scrupulous honesty and that disinterestedness which is the purest characteristic of authentic intellect.

Freedom Hard to Hold.

OF all forms of society, the free society is the most, not the least, demanding on the individual.

Today on the Home Front

Benefits of Pay-as-You-Go Tax Will Mean Refunds to Many Servicemen.

By JAMES MARLOW and GEORGE ZIELKE

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).

FOR the man or woman going into the armed services, the new pay-as-you-go income tax law carries enough forgiveness to provide for refunds of taxes already paid in many cases. Those entering the services this year—or who did so last year—get these special benefits:

1. Their 1942 taxes on all earned income up to \$14,000 are canceled.
2. In figuring whether they owe any 1943 taxes, they get an extra exemption of all service pay up to \$1500. That's in addition to the regular exemptions of \$500 if single, \$1200 for a married couple, plus \$350 for each dependent.

Quirk in New Law.

What this means, in effect, is that:

1. If a serviceman's income last year was all earned income, he won't owe any tax—and will be entitled to refund of tax payments made this year—unless he has 1943 civilian income of more than the regular exemptions (after the usual deductions).
2. However, if he does owe a 1943 tax, it may be increased by up to 25 per cent—so the Government tax experts have finally decided—as a quirk of the cancellation provisions of the new law.

The civilian gets a cancellation of 75 per cent (or \$50, whichever is greater) of the lower of 1942 or 1943 taxes. The uncanceled portion is stated by the law as an increase in 1943 tax.

So that while the average serviceman gets cancellation of the higher year's tax (assuming he made more in 1942), he must pay the lower 1943 tax (if any), plus this increase in his 1943 tax:

1. An additional 25 per cent if the tax is more than \$66.67.
2. If the tax is between \$50 and \$66.67, the addition is the difference between the amount of the tax and \$50.

(If the tax is \$50 or less, there won't be any increase.)

For instance:

1. If his 1943 tax on civilian income figured to \$65, he would owe \$80—\$65 plus the difference between \$85 and \$50, or \$15.
2. If his 1943 tax came to \$80, he would owe an additional 25 per cent—making it \$100 altogether.

But in general, this would mean simply a reduction in the amount of refund—and not more tax payments.

Still Gets Refund.

Here's how it would work out: Suppose a man owed a tax of

426 MEDICAL AND DENTAL STUDENTS CALLED TO SERVICE

Orders have been received by 426 medical and dental students at Washington University to report to Army and Navy induction centers tomorrow for inoculations and uniforms. They will return to classes under Army and Navy specialized training programs July 5.

A group of 270 Army students in the School of Medicine and 92 in the School of Dentistry will report to Jefferson Barracks, and 70 medical and 34 dental students will report to the Office of Naval Procurement. In addition to receiving private pay of \$50 a month, their school and living expenses will be paid by the Government.

African M. E. Church Council. The African Methodist Episcopal Church Bishops' Council will close its annual session tonight at St. James' Church, 4301 St. Ferdinand avenue. However, 15 bishops will remain here until Sunday to preach at various churches.

Prisoner



PHARMACIST'S MATE NORMAN J. SPIESS

3 MISSING IN PHILIPPINES ARE PRISONERS OF JAPANESE

An 18-year-old St. Louisan who had been missing since the fall of Corregidor in May, 1942, is a prisoner of the Japanese in the Philippine Islands, his parents were notified by the War Department yesterday. Two other servicemen, previously reported missing, are also prisoners of war in that area.

Pvt. Elmer M. Roberts enlisted in the Army at the age of 16 in September, 1941, with approval of his mother, Mrs. Effie R. Roberts, 1142 Howell street. His father, Jess Roberts, lives at 916 South Newstead avenue.

Pharmacist's Mate Norman J. Spiess, son of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Spiess, 2507 Minnesota avenue, had been missing since May 6, 1942. Spiess, who is 24, enlisted in the Navy four years ago and was stationed at Cavite in the Philippines.

Pvt. James Boyd Wilson, 22-year-old East St. Louisan, had been missing since the fall of Corregidor. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Boyd Wilson, 2210 Bond avenue, last heard from him in December, 1941. He enlisted in the infantry Feb. 13, 1941.

ST. LOUISAN IN HOSPITAL IN ITALY WRITES OF INJURIES

Identical letters describing his wounds, and conditions in an Italian prison hospital were received this week from Corp. Leonard H. Schulte by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schulte, 3844 Penrose street, and his fiancée, Miss Bernice Fitzpatrick, 2200A Yale avenue.

The letters were the first communications from Corp. Schulte since last February. He was reported missing in action in the North African area March 12, and has been reported in a prison hospital in Italy by Vatican City officials.

Corp. Schulte, 25 years old, said he had been unable to write before, as paper for correspondence had not been provided previously. He said he had been in a prison hospital for seven weeks. Most of his injuries were to his face, he added, and at first he had been totally blind for several weeks.

"I will feel fortunate to have one good eye," he wrote. "Things could have been much worse. Everything else has turned out well. And the reason I am writing of my injuries is so you won't think they are more serious."

STEINBECK SEES 'LITTLE NAMES' IN GALLANT SHOW

Continued From Page One.

vinced, something whole and and comes so that when it is over there has been a show.

One of the men in the unit has been afraid. He has not slept since the ship sailed. He is afraid of the ocean and of submarines. He has lain in his bunk, listening for the blast that will kill him. He is probably very brave. He knows his act when he is terrified. It is foolish to say he should not be afraid. He is afraid and that is something he cannot control, but he does his act, and that is something he can control.

Up on the deck in the blackness the Negro troops are awarred. They sit quietly. A great bass voice sings softly a bar of the hymn "When the Saints Go In." A voice says: "Sing it, brother!"

Other Voices Join.

The bass takes it again and a few other voices join him. By the time the hymn has reached the fourth bar an organ of voices is behind it. The voices take on a beat, feeling one another out. The chords begin to form. There is nothing visible. The booming voices come out of the darkness. The men sing sprawled out, lying on their backs. The song becomes huge with authority. This is a war song. This could be the war song. Not the sentimental war about lights coming on again or bluebirds.

The black deck rolls with sound. One chorus ends and another starts "When the Saints Go In." Four times and on the fifth the voices fade away to a little hum and the deck is silent again. The ship rolls and metal protests against metal. The ship is silent again. Only the shudder of the engine and the whist of water and the whine of the wind in the wire rigging break the silence.

We have not yet a singing Army nor any songs for a singing Army. Synthetic emotions and nostalgias do not take hold because the troops know instinctively that they are synthetic. No one has yet put words and a melody to the real homesickness, the real terror and the real ferocity of the war.

SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

MISS PATRICIA FROTHINGHAM FARRELL and Ensign Laurence Joseph Horan Jr., a Navy flyer, whose engagement was announced last February, will be married next Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. Miss Joan Farrell, recently returned Vassar College student, will be maid of honor for her sister, whose wedding will take place at the home of their mother, Mrs. Frothingham Farrell, 5376 Waterman avenue. The bridegroom's brother, Robert Horan, will be best man. Guests will be limited to a small group of friends.

Ensign Horan, whose parents live at 6926 Pershing avenue, was commissioned in April and is completing advanced flight training at the Naval Air Station in Pensacola, Fla. He is being ordered to the West coast.

Monday afternoon Miss Elizabeth Smiley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Douglas Smiley, 2 Wydown terrace, Clayton, will give a small luncheon at the St. Louis Country Club for the bride-elect. Later in the afternoon Miss Farrell and her fiancé, if he arrives in time, will go to the home of his brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Horan, 2002 Urban drive, Brentwood. The Horans' daughter, Susan Elizabeth, will celebrate her first birthday anniversary that day.

Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Wilbur T. Trueblood Jr. and her sister, Miss Polly Taussig, will give a shower and tea for Miss Farrell at the Trueblood apartment, 6037 Waterman avenue.

The bridegroom's mother is planning a party for Sunday, July 4, after her son and his bride return from a brief honeymoon and before they leave for the West.

Miss Elizabeth Smiley will leave Wednesday for Camp Bryn Afon, Rhineland, Wis., to be a counselor. Accompanying her will be Miss Nancy Schaberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Schaberg, 5280 Westminster place, and Phyllis Mesker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mesker, Old Jamestown road, Florissant, campers.

Another small group of St. Louis girls will join Camp Bryn Afon for the last half of the summer season. They are Miss Nora and Miss Betsy Martin, daughters of Dr. and Mrs. E. Vernon Martin, 5136 Westminster place; Miss Harriet O'Fallon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John J. O'Fallon, 58 Kingsbury place, and Miss Patricia Thomas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer M. Thomas, 7723 Kingsbury boulevard.

To Summer in Maine.

BISHOP and Mrs. William Scarlett, 522 East Big Bend road, Webster Groves, plan to leave July 15 to spend the summer months in Northern Maine.

Mrs. Scarlett's daughter, Miss Leah Van Riper Oliver, went to Ogunquit, Me., after the close of Vassar this year, to visit her grandmother, Mrs. Fielding Oliver, 52 Lake avenue, who is there for the summer. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Sherman, 10 Black Creek lane, plans to leave July 15 with her son, Peter, for Easthampton, L. I., to visit her father, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin G. Sherman, 4931 Lindell boulevard, at their summer home. They will be gone five weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Chapman, who have been away since early May, will return to St. Louis in November.

Mrs. William Champlin Lindsay, 6675 Washington avenue, departed yesterday to join her husband in New York this week end. Mr. Lindsay will receive his commission today as a Lieutenant (J. G.), U. S. N. R., having completed his training at Quonset Point, R. I. He will spend his five-day leave in New York with Mrs. Lindsay, before reporting back to Quonset Point where he is to be stationed temporarily. Mrs. Lindsay, the former Margaret Green, will return home in about 10 days.

To Be Wed Tuesday.

MISS ALICE LOUISE STEPHENS and Wayne Wheelhouse will be married Tuesday evening at 8:30 at First Methodist Church, Webster Groves, by the Rev. Benjamin L. Schmidek, pastor. A small reception after the ceremony will be given at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. George W. Stephens, 121 East Swon avenue, Webster Groves.

The two bridesmaids, Miss Phyllis Phillips, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Manassas, 427 Yorkshire drive, Webster Groves, who will be married Tuesday evening to Coast Guard Ensign Arnold Roy Wadum, Miss Phillips, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice P. Phillips, 421 Alta Denacourt, and Miss Kern, whose parents are Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Kern, 7525 Buckingham drive, were hostesses at a dinner, shower and bridge party Wednesday evening at Candlelight House. Mrs. Alexander William Morris Jr., 23 Oakleigh lane, and Mrs. Karl F. Wackman, 45 Crestwood drive, will honor the bride-to-be at a luncheon and shower at Bellevue Country Club this afternoon.

The bridegroom's parents live in Chicago.

PRIVATE CODE MAIL VIOLATES CENSORSHIP

Army Captain Points to Danger in Use of Cryptic Messages in Overseas Letters.

A code of innocent-appearing words and differences in salutations that enabled Sgt. Kenneth V. Meyer, 4638 Tyrolean avenue, Flying Fortress gunner, to advise his parents of his adventures over Europe, violates censorship and security regulations, the Post-Dispatch was informed today.

Capt. John R. Huntley Jr. wrote the Post-Dispatch from overseas about an article telling of Sgt. Meyer's plan, published in this newspaper May 20 after having been approved by Army censors in St. Louis.

"This article is, unknowingly to you, encouraging security violation," the Captain wrote. "Immediate steps should be taken to rectify this error and press censorship regulations tightened."

"It is a security violation to devise any system of codes and all soldiers in the European theater are thoroughly drilled on this particular subject. There are millions of people that are vitally interested in keeping rigid censorship rules and regulations so that they will be able to return to their loved ones."

"Sgt. Meyer has been reported to the Army censorship authorities. It is the duty of every loyal American citizen to promptly report any such security violation."

DORIS DUKE CROWELL WORKS AS UNIVERSITY RESEARCH AID

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., June 25 (AP)—Doris Duke Crowell, heiress to the Duke tobacco fortune who is sometimes called "the richest girl in the world," is working as research assistant in the school of public health of the University of North Carolina here, Dr. Harold W. Brown, dean, said today.

Mrs. Crowell is working with Dr. Brown, an expert on tropical diseases, in research on that subject. She is not on the payroll but has started the job because of her interest in research which has extended over a period of several years, Dr. Brown said. She started to work Wednesday and her hours are from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Mrs. Crowell is living at an inn operated by the university here. She is a daughter of James B. Duke, the tobacco man, and inherited the bulk of his fortune. She is a member of the board of trustees of the Duke endowment fund.

WIDOW GETS HUSBAND'S POST AS JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Mrs. Ruth Dorothy Childress, 2517 Circle drive, Maplewood, was appointed Justice of the Peace of Jefferson Township, St. Louis County, by the County Court today, to complete the unexpired term of her husband, Franklin P. Childress, who died June 17.

The mother of two boys, William, 15 years old, and Warren, 10, Mrs. Childress is the first woman Justice of the Peace in St. Louis County, in the recollection of officials.

Windsors at Palm Beach.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., June 25 (AP)—The Duke and Duchess of Windsor arrived here yesterday after making a lengthy visit in New York and Washington. They went immediately to Palm Beach to the home of Herbert Pulitzer, who will be their host during their stay here. The Duke, Governor of the Bahamas Islands, said he had not determined when he and the Duchess would return to Nassau.

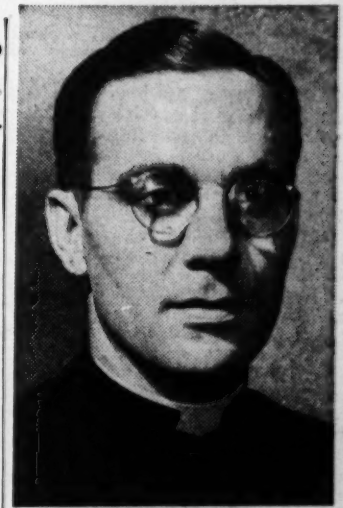
Former Arizona Governor Dies. FLAGSTAFF, Ariz., June 25 (AP)—John C. Phillips, Governor of Arizona from 1929 to 1931, died today. He suffered a heart attack yesterday while fishing. He was 72 years old.

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WASTE PAPER IS WAR WEAPON! Waste paper, corrugated boxes, old newspapers and brown paper are urgently needed for conversion into bomb bands, blasting legs and other weapons of war. Save and sell all waste paper. Call a collector at CHestnut 1807.

The Rev. Patrick J. Holloran, 36, Named President of St. Louis U.

Youngest in History to Hold Post, First St. Louisan Since 1920—On Faculty 4 Years.



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer
THE REV. PATRICK J. HOLLORAN, S. J.

The Rev. Patrick James Holloran, S. J., a native St. Louisan, assumed direction of St. Louis University today. Only 36 years old, he is believed to be the youngest president in the 125-year-old institution's history and is the first St. Louisan to hold the office since the Rev. William F. Robison, S. J., was named president in January, 1920.

Announcement of Father Holloran's appointment was received last night by the Very Rev. Peter A. Brooks, S. J., head of the Missouri Province, from the Very Rev. Zachary J. Maher, S. J., of Fountainebleau, N. Y. American assistant to the general of the Society of Jesus. The new president succeeds the Rev. Robert M. Kelley, S. J., who had been acting president since last Dec. 25, following the enlistment of the Rev. Harry B. Cimmmins, S. J., as a chaplain in the Army.

At St. Louis U. 4 Years.

Father Holloran, who was born at 2225 Park avenue, has been attached to the St. Louis University Department of Philosophy for the last four years as an instructor of ethics to Jesuit students in the School of Philosophy and Science. He also has taught in the College of Arts and Sciences and conducted advanced philosophy courses in the graduate school. He is a staff speaker over the International Radio League of the Sacred Heart, which has headquarters at the university broadcasting station, WEW.

Father Holloran came to St. Louis University in 1939 after having received his Ph. D. and Magister Aggregatus—representing two years of advanced study—from Gregorian University in Rome.

A graduate of Loyola Hall, which was attached to St. Louis University and where he played football on the football team, he received his bachelor's degree at Gonzaga University, Spokane, 1926; his master's from St. Louis University in 1929, and his licentiate in sacred theology from St. Mary's College, St. Marys, Kan. He has taught English, Latin and Greek at Marquette University High School, Milwaukee, and philosophy at Creighton University, Omaha.

The new president told a Post-Dispatch reporter today that he "will bend every effort to make St. Louis University the real center of higher learning that it should be."

"We have outstanding men teaching English, science, medicine, philosophy and other subjects," he commented. "After the war, I hope to see the law school come back to its former position. At the moment, law schools do not receive much consideration from the Government."

"St. Louis University is making a major contribution to the nation's war effort and that will be enlarged if there is opportunity to do so."

Father Is Proud.

Father Holloran's father, P. J. Holloran, declared he was the "proudest person in St. Louis." The elder Holloran, president of P. J. Holloran Laundry Co., recalled that "it was on Labor day, 1921, while my son and I were eating lunch at the Union Station dining room that

CHARLES R. MORGAN TO HEAD DIVISION IN WAR CHEST DRIVE

Charles R. Morgan, branch manager of International Harvester Co., will be chairman of the employees' division of the Greater St. Louis War Chest campaign next autumn, Benjamin M. Loebe, campaign chairman, announced today. Morgan, who lives at 7601 Shirley drive, Clayton, headed the business unit of the employees division last year. The division is responsible for soliciting about 350,000 employees in 2300 firms in St. Louis and St. Louis County.

WLB RESIGNATION ACCEPTED

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP)—President Roosevelt accepted yesterday the resignation of Roger D. Lapham as an employer member of the War Labor Board. Lapham submitted his resignation because he said he had agreed to run for mayor of San Francisco in November.

Roosevelt wrote Lapham he had little choice but to accept the resignation and said he did so "with great regret," effective on the appointment and qualification of a successor.



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Air Raids Put Heavy Strain On the Railroads of Nazis

Continued From Page One.

even if they could, they would only give fragmentary bits of the general picture.

Some instances of more general character have, however, recently appeared in the German press which give a fair idea of the amount of damage caused in some branches of German war economy—the transport system, for example.

Fifty per cent of the whole German railroad system is concentrated in Western Germany. Initially, Royal Air Force pilots contented themselves with the bombing of railroad lines and bridges but it was soon discovered that the Germans could repair the lines within 24 hours, and that temporary bridges could be built by the Todt experts in a maximum of two days. To meet air attacks on their railroads, the Nazis have organized flying repair squads.

Locomotives Knocked Out.

Recent bombings, therefore, have been concentrated on railway workshops and locomotives. In Cologne, Duesseldorf, Oberhausen and Krefeld—all key centers of Germany's western railroad system—workshops have been successfully bombed. Now all serious repairs to locomotives and freight cars must be effected in towns in Central Germany some 100 miles east of the Rhineland with consequent loss of time.

Equally crippling to German economy has been the destruction in the month of May of 53 locomotives. The loss of 50 locomotives means that 2000 German freight cars capable of transporting 40,000 tons of merchandise have nothing to pull them. As a consequence of the Allied concentrated blows against German railroads and engines, it is estimated by experts here that the efficiency of the transport system in Western and Northern Germany has been reduced by approximately 40 per cent.

The Nazis themselves have admitted that a severe strain has been placed on their transport system as a result of Allied bombings. German economic missions have tried desperately to buy locomotives from the few remaining neutrals on this continent. Recently, the Nazis have also imposed heavy fines on railway workers who do not unload freight cars quickly enough—sure proof of the scarcity of cars. Finally, the Reichsbahn has now forbidden the overloading of worn-out freight cars.

By attacking the Reich's railroad system, the Allies have indirectly affected German production in factories far distant from the Ruhr. Thus, it is estimated that the monthly production of the important Siemens armaments works near Berlin has fallen 15 per cent owing to lack of raw materials and another 10 per cent due to delays in the arrival of mass-produced machine parts.

Housing Shortages.

Another incidental, but extremely serious, problem facing the Nazis as a result of Allied bombings is the housing of homeless evacuees. Any radical solution of this problem by new building is out of the question owing to lack of labor and materials.

Dr. Robert Ley, head of the Nazi Labor Front, has forbidden "in principle" the construction of new houses. The Nazis must, therefore, use stopgap and according to their own admission, inadequate methods such as converting offices into flats, dividing up large apartments, and turning attics into living quarters.

Bombings have also seriously impaired the efficiency of workers, who suffer from lack of sleep, nervous fatigue and moral depression. Most reliable observers here

believe that the average daily output per man in the Ruhr coal mines, which cannot be touched from the air, has fallen 25 per cent during the past year.

This brief and necessarily incomplete picture of some of the effects of Allied bombings should not, however, be interpreted as meaning that the German production machine is rapidly reaching the point where it will have to stop.

Rapid Rebuilding.

There are several factors which destroy this illusion. The first is, the Nazis are extremely quick in repairing damage or having others do so. Essen has been bombed 56 times to date without being knocked out. In France, the Renault works, bombed heavily in April, 1942, were entirely rebuilt two months later. Le Creusot, attacked last October, was flourishing again when Allied planes visited it anew last Saturday night.

The second factor is that the Nazis have transferred 30 per cent of the Ruhr factories to the East and reconstructed another 10 per cent underground, with the result that approximately 40 per cent of the Ruhr industries have escaped bombings altogether.

Finally, reinforced German defenses have increased the attackers' losses to a degree which cannot be overlooked. A recent study made by a neutral observer here, who is in a good position to know, suggests that the attackers lost nearly 10 per cent of their planes in the latest raids. To bring about the complete collapse of German war economy and German morale would need far more extensive raids from closer airdromes.

The Allied air offensive is tiring the colossus, forcing him to remain on the defensive, but there are no signs yet that it is knocking him out.

GEN. OLMSTEAD TO QUIT POST

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—Maj. Gen. Dawson Olmstead, 59 years old, of Corry, Pa., chief signal officer of the Army since October, 1941, will retire at his own request June 30, the War Department announced yesterday. Maj. Gen. Harry C. Ingles of Lincoln, Neb., will succeed him. Gen. Olmstead will be detailed to active duty as military representative on the Telecommunication Board, headed by the Secretary of State.

Gen. Ingles was deputy commander of American troops in the European area under the late Lieut. Gen. Frank M. Andrews.

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CLARK OPPOSES DEBATE NOW ON POSTWAR ROLE

Continued From Page One.

would have any knowledge and to which no self-respecting and patriotic American would be willing to commit himself or herself far in advance of any familiarity with the facts and actual suggestions.

Debate Would Be Hurtful.

"In the third place, the prosecution for passage in the Senate of any such resolution would inevitably lead to a long and bitter debate in the Senate, involving all of the possible subjects for possible disagreements. In my opinion, such a debate at this time would be hurtful—perhaps ruinous—to the unity of the war effort of the United Nations. You, of course, recall the glee with which Germany seized upon and sought to aggravate the recent charges and claims made by and existing between Russia and Poland."

Clark's adamant opposition to the Ball resolution adds another influential voice in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and on the Senate floor against the proposal. Chairman Connally has approved the general objectives of the resolution but has announced that he probably will offer a substitute proposal of his own. The Foreign Relations Committee is a jealous group and it is highly unlikely that any resolution on post-war aims coming out of that committee will bear the names of Ball, Burton, Hatch or Hill, none of whom is a member of the select group.

Repy of Mrs. Gellhorn to Senator Clark.

Mrs. Gellhorn, acknowledging Senator Clark's letter, said in part: "I am happy that I can agree with you on the ultimate end to be desired in all planning for post-war solutions. As you know, the League of Women Voters is of the opinion that Senate action on a measure such as Senate Resolution 114 would assure the nations with whom we are united in waging war, and also the American people themselves, that the Senate may be counted upon not to support the war but to support policies designed to assure a prosperous and peaceful world after the war. I realize that the Ball

resolution does not commit the Senate to future action nor would the resolution bind the President, but would be merely an expression of a desire for international cooperation after the war as well as during the war. . . . We are agreed that after the shooting stops we want something better than an armed truce.

"You state your three principles which should control postwar international agreements and planning. One and two I can understand easily. As to three, I might like to argue with you. The men and women who are fighting the war on its far-flung fronts deserve and have the unlimited appreciation and admiration of those of us who are not permitted to take the risks that are being taken every hour of every day by our sons and daughters. But these same men and women whom we cherish and admire are by the very nature of their duties removed from consideration of the problems that confront the governments and the citizens of the world in planning for the possibilities of a world at peace, in contradistinction to the probabilities of a world existing under an armed truce. It would seem to me impossible to await the return of the military forces, who have been remote from their home fronts and the problems of peace, before arriving at the fundamental decisions which must be made to secure the possibilities of peace for the world."

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Mrs. Dorn said the child, sitting in a chair near the window, apparently climbed into the window and unlatched two hooks that secured the screen.

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"Da heat must bother the Sarg. For an hour now he's been trying to make dat ting ask for a bowl of Wheaties."

If you know the famous second helping flavor of Wheaties, you'd almost think the Sphinx would break down and ask for a second bowlful. That elegant flavor has been known to tame many a

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Radar Passed Crucial Test, Proved Value to the Navy

Continued From Page One.

standing that the branching out into quantity would not in any way interfere with further progress in the improvement of quality.

Two of the major electronics laboratories of the country—those operated by Bell Telephone and Radio Corporation of America—had by then been interested in radar detection work, and this meant the way was clear for commercial manufacture.

First Contract Let.

On a bid basis, the first contracts were let to R. C. A. in October, 1939—a month after the outbreak of war in Europe. "We sent the XAF up to their place," Dr. Taylor says, "and we told them that we wanted six Chinese copies—not a thing changed. They did a fine job."

From that time on, the Bureau

of Engineering under Admiral Robinson, who was aided by Capt. A. J. Sprague and such enthusiasts as Commander Sam Tucker, devoted considerable effort toward increasing production.

The Bureau of Ships, formed in 1940 by consolidation of Bureau of Engineering and Bureau of Construction and Repair, and headed by Admirals S. M. Robinson and A. H. Van Keulen, continued this work, as did Capt. J. B. Dow when he succeeded Sprague in charge of the bureau's radio unit.

Later the radar business of the Navy as well as that of the Army became so great that first the Navy's own Office of Production and Material, and later the War Production Board, took over coordination of orders and output.

It was about this time, too, that another government agency got into another phase of radar work. The National Defense Research Committee through its laboratories was asked to make and did deliver to the Navy certain important contributions to radio detection.

Shortly after the first R. C. A. contract for the original six commercially-made radar sets, 14 more were ordered. These first 20 went on battleships, aircraft carriers and cruisers as rapidly as they were produced. Bowen, who had most to do with interesting the private companies in radar research and production, is especially proud of their work.

"That's the best way to do it," he said recently. "Develop the idea and produce a prototype in the laboratory and then let the other fellows make it. The private companies could not have done the radar research through all those years. Some of their men told me their directors just wouldn't stand for the expense on a project which initially held so little chance of commercial development."

Took Chance on Navy.

Both Bowen and Taylor say that the first radar sets sent out to the fleet were short of ideal, but they agreed that with the increasing possibility of American involvement in the war, they had to do the best they could with what they had.

"We knew that some of the stuff would have to be junked as soon as it could be replaced," Bowen says. "But we wanted to get it installed before it might be needed. The longest chance we took was with the Navy men. If a new gadget doesn't work well, they may lose confidence in it and not use it. Naturally we did not want that to happen with radar."

History proves he need not have worried about the Navy's reception of its new "eyes."

One of those who made many of the installations was Guthrie. He started the work in December, 1940—a year before Pearl Harbor—and spent the next six months with the Pacific fleet, equipping ships and showing officers and men how to operate the sets at sea.

"The response we got at first was rather interesting," Guthrie recalls. "Some ship's companies were very enthusiastic about radar, and some were rather cool toward it."

One of the vessels Guthrie served on was the battleship California. He boarded her at Puget Sound to go down to Mare Island, where she was to join the fleet. Just out of the sound she ran into a thick fog. It seemed that the arrival at Mare Island would be greatly delayed, since the captain was not disposed to risk harming his ship or running down somebody else. He would have to proceed at greatly reduced speed.

However, the radar was working and the captain was greatly interested in it. Soon he noticed that every little fishing boat for miles around showed up on the indicator. That convinced him of what radar could do for navigation in a fog. He ordered "full steam ahead" and arrived at Mare Island on time.

'Detected' Mountains.

Another ship on which radar was installed early was the aircraft carrier Yorktown. An RCA man handled that job and returned on the carrier to Long Beach. While they still were several hundred miles at sea, all sorts of weird wave-pattern disturbances began to show up on the indicator. Neither the R. C. A. man nor the Yorktown officers could explain—until finally they realized that radar was "showing" them the California coastal mountains.

"Mr. Guthrie did an especially splendid job in getting these early installations in the fleet and seeing that somebody knew how to operate them," Taylor said one day in Guthrie's presence.

Guthrie looked thoughtful for a moment, then grinned.

"I had trouble on one occasion," he said. "We had put radar on a cruiser, and the executive officer didn't think much of it. About the first day out he came to the control room to see what it could do. We picked up a flight of planes all right and then we got something else. He went outside to look off in the direction from which the signal came and there wasn't anything there but a cloud."

"You must have picked up the cloud," the exec said.

"No," I said. "This thing looks right through clouds."

"So he waited and waited for something to come out of the cloud but nothing did. Then he asked me to try to pick up several other clouds on the horizon. I tried, but got no signals, and I couldn't explain then what had happened. I'm afraid he had little faith in radar for a while after that."

"Now, of course, we know that the cloud was ionized (surcharged with electricity). We were getting reflections like those from the ionosphere in the old days."

LONELY AIRPORT IN DESERT RUN BY AMERICANS

Continued From Page One.

of the river and then you are suddenly out in the desert again.

Dislikes Cairo.

At last I have been to Cairo. To see Cairo and to sit on the terrace of Shepherd's Hotel at the crossroads of the world and see somebody I knew walk by had been among my minor ambitions for years. Now they have both been realized. The familiar face that passed on Shepherd's terrace was that of Cliff Henderson, of National Air Races fame.

But there was something about Cairo that made me unhappy. Perhaps it was Cairo's horn of plenty. I have lived so long now with austerity that austerity has come to seem more honorable than luxury.

Cairo was once frightened, but now all the war danger has receded and the city thrums and

throbs as though it had never been afraid at all. The spirit of Cairo is trade, and trade is flourishing. Soldiers are better spenders than the tourists ever were. And you can still buy anything in the world in Cairo, I believe, provided you have enough money. You can get silk stockings (\$4 a pair), Bourbon whiskey, razor blades (90 cents for a tiny pack), or precious star rubies and emeralds. And you can get fine food.

I went to see the Pyramids in a jeep and found they were too steep for me to climb. The Sphinx did not speak to me, and I decided he was silent because he

probably had nothing to say. At Shepherd's I shooed away the gully-gully boys, and in Khallili I was set on by droves of aspiring merchants who persisted like desert flies. The spirit that flowed

through Cairo irritated and frightened me. Maybe I was all wrong, but I was glad to get out of there.

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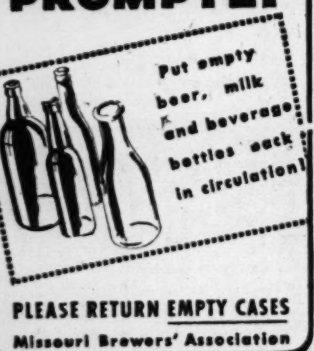
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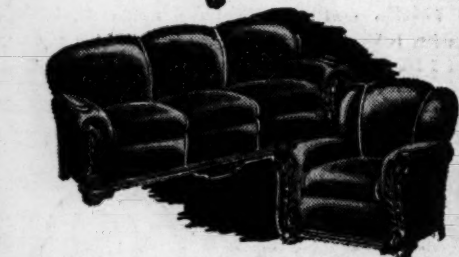
PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY, Bartlesville, Oklahoma

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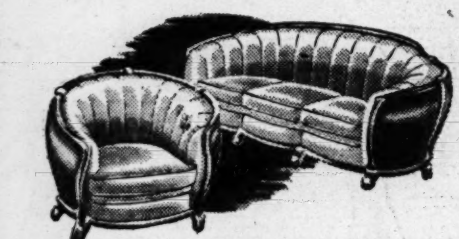
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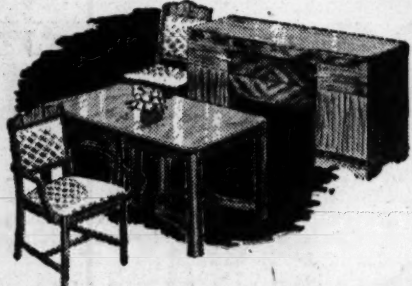
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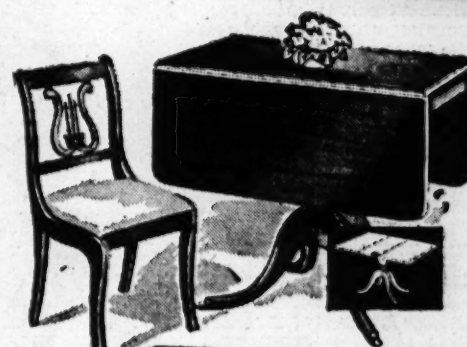
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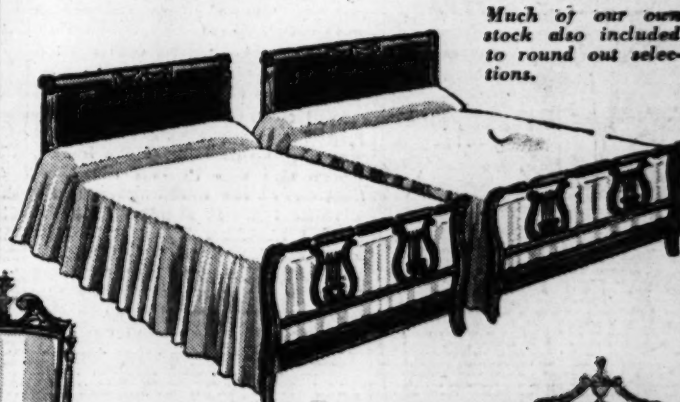
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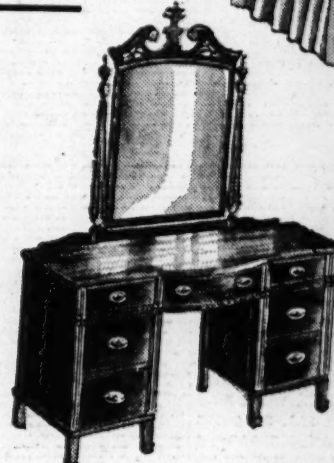
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If you can qualify under the ruling of the O. P. A., you can now buy a bicycle. See us about your priority. Bikes for men and women of **\$34.95** to **\$49.95** Easy Terms

All Stores Open Every Night Until 9

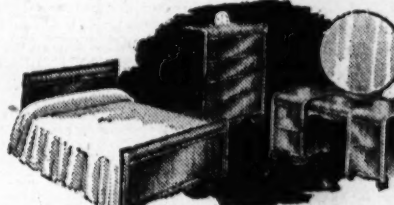


Much of our own stock also included to round out selections.

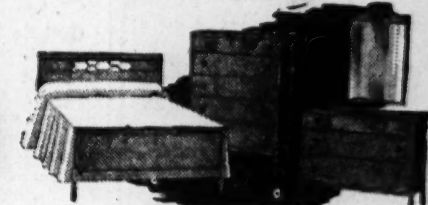


One of the many very fine Bedroom Suites in this remarkable sale. A DREXEL suite of finest construction—magnificent 18th Century style in Mahogany and Acacia. 4-pc. suite, with full-size bed, chest-on-chest, vanity and dresser, reduced from **\$344** to — **\$265**

The same style suite—5-pc.—with lyre-design twin beds as shown above, reduced from \$419 to — **\$315**



3-Pc. Walnut Bedroom Suite. Full-size bed, vanity and large chest with waterfall fronts... made of fine cabinet woods with walnut veneers. Hard — **\$89** wearless. The 3 pieces for only —



Charming Toasted Mahogany Bedroom Suite of finest construction—18th Century styling. The bed, large chest and handsome dresser included — **\$139**

As many of the furniture items in this ad are one or a few of a kind, we make all quotations subject to prior sale. Hurry for best selection.

UNION-MAY-STERN

OLIVE AT TWELFTH

OLIVE STREET AT VANDEVENTER
SARAH AT CHOUTEAU
5921 EASTON AVE.

206 N. TWELFTH ST.
2730 N. GRAND BLVD.
616-18 FRANKLIN AVE.

STONE BROS.

GLASSES

**SAFEGUARD YOUR EYES
IMPROVE YOUR APPEARANCE**

**50¢
DOWN
50¢
A WEEK**

STONE BROS.

8TH & OLIVE 2647 CHEROKEE
5933 EASTON 2701 N. 14THEXPERT EXAMINATION
BY
REGISTERED SPECIALISTS
Dr. Bluscher Dr. Roulter
Dr. Coffman Dr. Cooke
Optometrists

John F. Kane Dies
LONDON, Ontario, June 25 (AP).—John F. Kane, secretary of the Pullman Car Co. for 40 years, died here last night. He lived in Chicago until his retirement six years ago, when he came to London.

**CASH
REGISTERS**
Guaranteed-Robust
Large Selection
WE BUY—
SELL—
REBUILD
Guaranteed a
year or
30 days
if not
satisfied.
Complete Stock of
CASH REGISTER SUPPLIES
JORDAN-SCHIED CO.
S.E. COR. 7TH & MARKET CE 4943

ALDERMEN SEEK
MERGER OF CITY,
PART OF COUNTYBoard Votes to Set Up
Committee to Study
Consolidation, Submit
Plan to Convention.

Merger of the populous suburban areas of St. Louis County with the city of St. Louis, subject to approval by the voters of the State, was proposed today in a resolution adopted unanimously by the Board of Aldermen. It was introduced by Alderman J. Ray Weinbrenner, Republican, of the Twenty-eighth Ward.

The resolution provides for the appointment of a committee to study the question of city-county consolidation and to formulate a plan for submission to the coming Constitutional Convention so that it could be presented to the voters for adoption as part of a new Constitution.

In the past unsuccessful attempts have been made to consolidate the two areas.

"The scheme and plan of separation of St. Louis city and St. Louis County, adopted in 1876, fixed boundaries that have restricted and prevented the normal and natural expansion and growth of our city and have caused densely populated areas to spring up adjacent to our limits," the resolution states.

'In Straitjacket 67 Years.'

Weinbrenner asserted that by proper and intelligent study a plan which would permit St. Louis to free itself from the "straitjacket in which it has been held for 67 years," and to assume its proper place among progressive cities could be worked out. He said he had no plan of his own but that the committee, working with various groups and organizations, could work out a practical plan.

"Those populous areas rightfully should be a part of St. Louis, not only because it was the advantages offered by our city that attracted people to this region, but for the sounder and more practical reason that closely lying, densely populated areas should be in one municipality so that comprehensive plans for municipal functions would be uniform," the resolution declares.

Power to Call Witnesses.

The committee would have power to take testimony and to subpoena witnesses as well as calling on citizen groups to submit plans and methods to aid in working out a plan of consolidation.

Any plan prepared by the Aldermanic Committee would be subject to approval by the Board of Aldermen before submission to the Constitutional Convention.

The Missouri Constitution was amended by the voters in 1924 to provide for creation of boards of freeholders from the city and county for preparation of consolidation plans. The only board set up under this amendment offered a plan in 1926 for direct consolidation of city and county, which was approved by city voters but defeated because county voters rejected it. The power to create a new board of freeholders still exists.

Proposal Lost in 1930.

In 1930 another amendment to the State Constitution sponsored by the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce was submitted to the voters, to authorize a Greater St. Louis charter, with provision for a metropolitan government and retention of certain autonomy for the county towns, but county residents opposed it and it was defeated in the statewide vote.

From time to time since the Chamber of Commerce and other civic interests have proposed some sort of merger of metropolitan functions and in 1940 Bernard F. Dickmann, then Mayor, suggested annexation of the suburban area east of Lindbergh boulevard by the city. Last year Mayor William Dee Becker called attention to the governmental problems created by the divided authority of city and county.

WLB TO PASS ON ADDITIONS
TO VACATIONS FOR EMPLOYEES

Any changes in vacation plans contemplated by employers must have the approval of the Regional War Labor Board under revised wage stabilization regulations now in effect, it was announced today by the St. Louis office of the Wage-Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the Department of Labor.

Vacation programs in effect prior to Oct. 2, 1942, may be continued without approval of the WLB, but extension of paid vacations constitutes an increase in compensation and requires board approval. However, an employer who gives his employees an extra week's pay instead of a week's vacation may do so without WLB sanction.

Albert E. Hutchings Dies.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 25 (AP).—Albert E. Hutchings, a leader in city planning since the turn of the century, died yesterday. He was 70 years old.

LESTER GRIGSBY JR.
REJECTED BY ARMY
BECAUSE OF FEVER

Lester J. Grigsby Jr., East St. Louis attorney who, with his father, was convicted last April of making false statements in an effort to obtain his draft deferment as an agricultural worker, was rejected by the Army last week when he reported for induction at Fort

Sheridan, Ill. East St. Louis Draft Board No. 2 has been advised.

Young Grigsby was rejected after Army doctors found him suffering from undulant fever, it was reported. During trial of the Grigsbys on charges of conspiracy to violate the Selective Service Act, physicians testified that the 26-year-old attorney had undulant fever.

United States District Judge Fred

L. Wham, who tried the Grigsbys without a jury, fined the father, East St. Louis attorney and Republican leader, \$3500, and the son \$2500. Court costs totaled \$475. On the day the fines were assessed, the son appeared before his draft board and requested reclassification from 2-B, the classification for deferred agricultural workers, to 1-A. The board complied. Young

Grigsby is now visiting friends in Chicago.

**FOR A BETTER DEAL
SELLING A CAR
BUYING A CAR
OSCAR G. SNIPEN**
St. Louis' Greatest Used-Car Dealer
4049 LINCOLN ST. SARAH PL. 7791
WE MAKE PEOPLE HAPPY

FLANNERY
Service Men's Photos
312 N. 4TH ST. MAIN 1435

The SENATE
613 OLIVE ST.
Entertainment
Nightly!
Air-Conditioned

terrific
with cheese dishes!
Free recipes
at your grocer's
Dress it up with
**DURKEE'S
DRESSING**

Kool-Aid
Makes 10 BIG
DRINKS
7 Delicious
FLAVORS

STONE BROS. CREDIT JEWELERS

4 GREAT
STORES!THERE'S ONE IN YOUR
NEIGHBORHOODLONGTIME
CREDITSTONE BROS.
8-DIAMOND
BRIDAL PAIR

This gorgeous ensemble really is a beauty. Two lovely rings to thrill her. 14-kt. natural gold. 8 fine quality diamonds. Our price

BOTH RINGS
\$59.85

\$1.25 a Week

STONE BROS.
3-DIAMOND
Engagement Ring

Newly designed and entrancing. A masterpiece of beauty. 3 fine genuine diamonds.

\$54.85

\$1.25 a Week

STONE BROS.
10-DIAMOND
BRIDAL PAIR

A modish creation, perfectly matched in 14-kt. yellow gold. 10 very fine diamonds. A top notch value.

BOTH RINGS
\$79.85

\$1.25 a Week

NO INTEREST-NO CARRYING CHARGE

STONE BROS.
LADY'S
WRISTWATCH

Beautifully engraved and strikingly designed. Guaranteed dependable. Remarkable value.

\$22.50

\$1.25 a Week

AS SHOWN BELOW
5-DIAMOND
WEDDING RING

Adorably fashioned in 14-kt. natural gold. 5 genuine diamonds. A very exceptional value.

\$14.85

\$1.25 a Week

STONE BROS.
MAN'S
WRISTWATCH

Smart looking and dependable. Color of natural gold. Stainless steel back. Leather strap. A great, big value.

\$22.50

\$1.25 a Week

EXTENDED
PAYMENTSGOVERNMENT
CREDIT REGULATIONS
PREVAILBUY MORE
WAR BONDS
AND STAMPS

STONE BROS.

CREDIT JEWELERS
NE. COR. 8TH & OLIVE
5933 EASTON 2647 CHEROKEE 2701 N. 14TH

The Richman Family SERVES on All Fronts



A HUNDRED AND SIXTY-THREE of our young men and women are on duty all over the world, in the U. S. Army, Navy, Marines, Waacs, Waves and Spars.

The rest of us are buying War Bonds, donating blood to the Red Cross,

collecting fats and scrap metals, serving in Civilian Defense... and making uniforms for our armed forces and good clothes for the men behind the men behind the guns.

Above all, we are holding the fort against the twin enemies of rising prices and falling quality.

The Richman Family considers it a privilege to do these things for the cause of freedom and the American way of life.

RICHMAN BROTHERS

WASHINGTON, COR. SEVENTH

STORE HOURS 9 TO 5:30; MONDAYS, 12 TO 9 P. M.

RAIL LABOR ACT KILLED BY VINSON, UNION HEAD SAYS

**Johnston of Engineers As-
sails Overruling of Pay
Rise for Non-Operating
Workers.**

NEW YORK, June 25 (AP).—Alvan Johnston, grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, charged today that denial of a wage increase to non-operating rail workers by Economic Stabilization Director Fred M. Vinson had destroyed the Railway Labor Act.

At the same time Johnston expressed belief that the case of five railroad operating brotherhoods for a 30 per cent wage increase "undoubtedly" had been judged already by the Economic Stabilization Director, and if that were so "it would certainly be a farce to continue this proceeding."

He read a statement to the emergency board of the National Railway Wage Panel hearing arguments on the brotherhoods' demands.

Referring to Vinson's overruling of an 8-cent-an-hour wage increase granted by a similar emergency board to non-operating railroad employees, Johnston said:

"The whole theory of mediation and the President's emergency board to determine controversies between the railroads and their employees has been destroyed by this decision."

"The processes that have been set up in the Railway Labor Act are no longer in effect. One man, and one man only, the Economic Stabilization Director, has destroyed the Railway Labor Act, which was enacted to give the employees and the railroads a just procedure for peacefully adjusting their difficulties."

Adding to his statement, Johnston said he had been informed that employees of some of the smaller lines "are so disgruntled that they are lying down on the job."

"If these men are not given a fair trial and some compensation for what they are confronted with in the matter of wages and increased costs of living," he said, "they are not going to give all they can to their jobs—even though they are patriotic."

"The members of the railroad operating brotherhoods are among the most conservative labor group in this country, but if they lose confidence in their leaders and their leaders' ability to help them they are going to become more radical. This board is confronted not merely with the question of an increase in wages but with a question of morale."

JUVENILE SABOTEURS CAUSE DAMAGES TOTALING MILLIONS

Youthful saboteurs seeking "thrills" are causing millions of dollars worth of damage to the nation's war effort in St. Louis and the Midwest and are taking nearly as much of the time of Federal Bureau of Investigation men as Axis-inspired saboteurs, Gerald B. Norris, chief of the F. B. I. here, told St. Louis County police officers meeting yesterday at the Esquire Theater.

Norris cited an example of a 16-year-old boy who set fire to three war plants near St. Louis recently, because he "liked to see fires." He caused damage estimated at nearly \$300,000. A 13-year-old boy caused \$500,000 damage by setting fire to another war plant, because he wanted "a thrill."

Norris told of a group of four boys, aged 5 to 8 years old, who piled stones on a railroad track and derailed a troop train near Kansas City. He told of another group of youngsters who dropped a spike into a railroad switch, before a train was due to pass. "Apparently the cause of such acts goes back to a lack of supervision and guidance from the boys' parents," Norris commented.

Physical Test Trips Convicts.
CHESTER, Ill., June 25 (AP).—Physical examinations yesterday tripped all but 61 of 425 inmates of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary who aspire to the Army. Release for military service of the 61 who passed Army tests is up to the parole board and Gov. Green.

ADVERTISING

Wonderful for Skin and Scalp Irritations

**Effective Home Treatment
Promptly Relieves Torture!**

To quickly soothe the itching, burning of eczema, psoriasis, skin and scalp irritations due to external cause—apply odorless liquid Zemo—a Doctor's formula backed by 30 years' success. Zemo ALSO aids healing. Being stainless, invisible—you can apply Zemo anytime—it won't show on skin. Over 25,000,000 packages sold \$36, 60¢, \$1.00.

STEARNS' ELECTRIC RAY & ROACH PASTE

Decorated



FIRST LIEUT. LEHMAN
C. WHITE

DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS TO LIEUT. LEHMAN C. WHITE

First Lieut. Lehman Charles White has been awarded a Distinguished Flying Cross and an Air Medal, he has informed his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alcine White, 5556 Page boulevard, in a letter from Australia received today.

Lieut. White, who has been in foreign service for one year, did not explain for what action the awards were made, but he did add that he expected a leave soon, "probably toward the end of August," because of his length of service.

A 1938 graduate of the Senath (Mo.) High School, he left the State Teachers' College at Cape Girardeau to enlist in the Army Air Forces in May, 1940, was graduated from the Albuquerque (N. M.) Advanced Flying School in May, 1942, and reached Australia in June, 1942. Later he served in New Guinea.

GRAVOIS AIRPORT SITE OPPOSED AT HEARING

95 Pct. of Land Owners Near-
by Against Field There,
Aldermen Are Told.

Residents of South St. Louis County, living near the site of the proposed Gravois Creek airport, told the Special Airport Committee of the Board of Aldermen at a public hearing yesterday that 95 per cent of the property owners in the area were opposed to establishing a second airport in their district.

Favoring the site is the Greater South St. Louis Association for Industrial Development which contends that the Gravois Creek site is preferable to the Columbia Bottoms site selected by the Municipal Airport Commission, because it is five miles nearer St. Louis, would cost less to construct and would have fewer operational hazards.

Leading the opposition fight is the newly formed Greater South St. Louis County Improvement and Protective Association, a group composed of home owners in the area. A. J. Bill, a member of the organization and vice-president of the Gravois Bank of St. Louis County, said his group would obtain 25,000 opponents to the establishment of an airport on the proposed site.

The Rev. A. N. Griffin, pastor of the Seven Holy Founders Catholic Church of Affton, said he represented three parishes in the area and that none was opposed to a second airport. However, he said, they were objecting to placing one in the midst of residential area, particularly when there is a high school within 700 feet of the site.

"Getting the 1600-acre tract for the airport would only be an entering wedge," he said. "In 10 years the field would be outmoded and would be unable to expand because the surrounding residential area would be like a steel belt," he said.

Former Mayor Bernard F. Dickman emphasized transportation facilities of the area and said the selection of the site would bring a great industrial development of the area.

Murray N. Whitehead, representing Starling Airports, Inc., said consideration should be given the men who fly and pointed out that making St. Louis available to commercial flying more days in the year should be of primary importance in selection of an airport. He said fog and atmospheric conditions were against Columbia Bottoms.

Representatives of the Frisco and Missouri Pacific Railroads, both having lines passing the site, spoke in favor of the plan, and said they would present engineering figures to the committee showing that the cost would be less than at Columbia Bottoms.

HIGH LOW RAIN (Yesterday's Weather Bureau Reports)

	High	Low	Rain
Atlanta	85	71	...
Boston	91	74	...
Chicago	81	64	...
Cincinnati	93	70	...
Cleveland	93	70	...
Denver	95	87	...
Detroit	97	78	...
Indianapolis	94	75	...
Kansas City	94	75	...
Memphis	92	73	...
Minneapolis	92	73	...
Miami	92	73	...
Mobile	91	72	...
New Orleans	91	72	...
Oklahoma City	90	71	...
Pittsburgh	90	71	...
Portland	89	70	...
San Francisco	88	69	...
Seattle	88	69	...
St. Louis	88	69	...
Washington, D. C.	88	69	...
Yonkers	88	69	...

St. Louis—High 88, low 69, rain 0.1.

BRICKER FOR U.S. JOINING IN WORLD GROUP AFTER WAR

**Says Association 'Must
Anticipate Difficulties
and Prevent Recurring
Frictions.'**

COLUMBUS, O., June 25 (AP).—Gov. John W. Bricker of Ohio, a prospective candidate for the 1944 Republican presidential nomination, came out definitely yesterday for American participation in a postwar international organization to preserve peace.

"Such an organization," he said in an interview, "must not only attempt to solve difficulties when they arise, but it must anticipate them and prevent recurring frictions between nations and peoples."

Whatever kind of peace-maintenance association of nations was adopted, he said, must be "satisfactory to all or it will not work."

As a member of the Republican Postwar Advisory Council, Bricker was asked what position he would take at this time on postwar collaboration with other nations. He replied:

"The United States will play its full part after the war to build a better understanding between nations, to preserve peace, and to promote the best interests of the world. The desires of the people of the United States for better international relations must be implemented in a practical and constructive way."

Bricker did not go into detail as to what kind of organization he favored, saying only: "What that organization, association or method will be must be determined in the light of facts as they exist."

This plan, he said, must be "worked out among the victorious nations."

He would not "dignify" the word "isolationist" when asked to comment on editorial attacks describing him as the "favorite son of the isolationist wing of the party."

In a speech in New York last April 7 Bricker said the term "isolationist" defines nothing and is just as absurd as the word "internationalist."

Bricker would not say when he might announce definitely whether he would seek the presidential nomination. He explained that in Ohio a man has until 60 days before the May primary to decide whether to give his consent (required in Ohio) to a delegate slate in the primary pledged to him.

On behalf of the King, the Duchess of Kent yesterday presented these crests to three squadrons of former American Eagle flyers now serving with our own United States Eighth Air Force, saying: "Nearly three years ago you, as volunteers, first spread your wings in the defense of this country and by doing so wrote into the annals of history but history in the annals of the Royal Air Force."

Miniatures of royal household crests will be made into badges to be worn by the one-time Eagles.

FUR UNION DISPUTE SETTLED

An injunction suit brought by international officers of the CIO Fur and Leather Workers' Union against officers of Local No. 60 was dismissed by Circuit Judge Charles B. Williams today on motion of counsel for the plaintiff, who told a Post-Dispatch reporter that the controversy had been settled out of court.

It was explained that three officers of the local who have been under suspension have already been, or will be, reinstated. The international officers brought their injunction petition in an effort to prevent the suspended officers from returning to work in the international organization.

County Liquor-by-Drink Bill Killed By Strange Lineup in State Senate

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, June 25.—A bill which would have legalized the sale of hard liquor by the drink in unincorporated areas of St. Louis County, subject to approval by the voters of the areas, was killed last night by the curious combined opposition of a brewery interests and the drys, and a factional fight among the Republican senators.

The brewers, through their lobbyist, Anthony A. Buford of St. Louis, expressed fear the provision requiring submission of the law to a vote of the people would provide the opening wedge for local option legislation.

The drys regarded the bill as an effort to extend the sale of intoxicating liquor into territory now

OVERLOOKED STATE INCOME TAX IN 1940, JUDGE MASON SAYS

**Jurat Asks for Further Time
to Pay \$250 Levy
and Penalties.**

Circuit Judge William L. Mason admitted to a Post-Dispatch reporter today he had failed to pay his 1940 State income tax, based on income received in 1939 when he was president of the Board of Aldermen.

Judge Mason, who now receives a salary of \$8000 a year as compared with \$3000 when he was president of the Board of Aldermen, said that his tax bill, including penalties, was about \$250. A delinquent tax suit has been filed against him in a Justice of the Peace court, he said.

"I was under the impression that I had paid my tax as I have in other years before and since," Judge Mason said, "but after searching my records I find no evidence of it and have come to the conclusion that I did not do so. I was not aware until I received notice recently that I was in arrears."

Judge Mason, who said he was unable to raise the cash for the tax immediately, having just paid installments on current Federal and State taxes, said he had written Attorney General McKittick acknowledging his indebtedness and asking for further time to pay it. Another income tax bill of \$8 is outstanding against him, Judge Mason said, but he is having this checked as he is convinced it is in error.

During 1940, his last year as president of the Board of Aldermen, when he was running for Circuit Judge, Judge Mason said, he was under heavy expense, including expenses of the campaign and of sending three daughters to college. In the heat of the campaign, he added, he apparently "overlooked" the State tax.

A Democrat, he was president of the board in 1935-40, inclusive, and took office as Circuit Judge in January, 1941.

5 FROM AREA IN UNIT CITED FOR BOMBINGS

Commended for Operations
Against Japanese in Burma
and Thailand.

Five men from the St. Louis area were listed in an Associated Press dispatch today as members of a bombardment group stationed in India which recently has received two citations for outstanding performance in fighting the Japanese in Burma and Thailand.

Major Gen. Clayton L. Bissell, commander of the Tenth Air Force, said at a bomber base: "You men have made a glorious record—I'd stack your group against any bomber group in the world any time, and be confident of the results."

Those mentioned included: Staff Sgt. Cornelius Dunn, 29 years old, son of Mrs. T. J. Collins, 5653 Theodora avenue, an assistant radio operator and gunner. Staff Sgt. James R. Fissell, son of Mrs. Myrtle Fissell, 4100 St. Ferdinand avenue, a gunner.

Technical Sgt. Melvin Harris, 22, son of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Harris, 836 Marshall avenue, Webster Groves, a gunner.

Sgt. Alfred Sullender, 31, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sam L. Sullender, 2352 Hood avenue, Overland, a gunner.

Staff Sgt. Warren W. Stubbs, 29, son of Mrs. Katherine E. Stubbs, 2323 East Twenty-fifth street, Granite City, a gunner.

A short time ago the group learned of another citation, issued in the name of President Roosevelt, which commended the airmen for "outstanding performance of duty in action during the period Jan. 14 to March 1, 1942."

"Opposing the full force of the numerically superior Japanese with all available aircraft," this citation said, "the (unnamed) bombardment group participated daily in attacking the enemy wherever they found him during his prolonged drive through the Philippines and Netherlands Indies to Java. Long-range bombing attacks were executed in the face of heavy anti-aircraft fire, and large concentrations of fighter airplanes over the target areas."

It was explained that three officers of the local who have been under suspension have already been, or will be, reinstated. The international officers brought their injunction petition in an effort to prevent the suspended officers from returning to work in the international organization.

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MISSOURI RIVER REACHES CREST AT ST. CHARLES

**Water Stands at 33.3 Feet
With 70,000 Acres
Flooded—Mississippi
to Rise Further Here.**

The second Missouri River flood within a month appeared today to be at a crest at St. Charles, but the Mississippi River at St. Louis is expected to continue to rise to a crest of 34.9 feet, the Weather Bureau announced today.

The Missouri, which has inundated 70,000 acres of rich farm land for a second time, stood at 33.5 feet at 7 a. m. today at St. Charles, and Weather Bureau officials predicted a drop of 3 feet by tomorrow morning.

At St. Louis the gauge reading for the Mississippi was 34.7 feet this morning, a rise of 5 feet in 24 hours. The water will continue to rise to the crest in the next 24 hours, forecasters said, and it will remain stationary for 24 hours before starting to fall.

Lieut. Col. J. A. Adams, deputy district engineer of the United States Army Engineers at St. Louis, who yesterday issued a call for contractors with dirt moving and levee building equipment, said he was in touch with his office.

He explained that the Government had "re-captured" much of the heavy machinery used in building levees and had sent it to North Africa and other war fronts. It is hoped, he added, that there will be enough soldiers for levee work to get the job done before the annual autumn rise in the rivers.

Paul M. Bernard, extension agent for St. Louis County, estimated today that about 35,000 acres of farm land in St. Louis County were under water. He advised farmers to plant early, revised farmers to plant early, and to plant varieties of crops when the water recedes.

PARENTS TO RECEIVE WINGS OF CADET KILLED IN CRASH

The wings of Aviation Cadet Frank Robert Monroe, who was killed in a night training plane crash near the Pampa (Tex.) Army air field, June 1, will be received by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Monroe, 4005 Wyoming avenue, tomorrow, when his class graduates.

"Bob had written for three months about his plans to have mother and father with him at the ceremonies," a sister, Mrs. Beth Pickler, told a Post-Dispatch reporter. "His last letter, which arrived two days after the crash, was filled with details of his arrangements for their visit. They felt that sending the exercises would be fulfilling the request of their son."

Mr. and Mrs. Monroe notified his classmates they intended to be present and shortly thereafter, the class extended a special invitation to them. Absent from the ceremonies will be Monroe's wife, former Miss Dorothy Marston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Marston, 776 Milan avenue, University City, who was visiting him at the time of the crash. "Knowing what winning his wings meant to him," his sister said, "she could not bear to attend."

LABOR DAY PARADE CANCELED

The East St. Louis Labor Day parade has been canceled for the duration of the war, it was announced today by Vern Rauch, executive secretary of the East St. Louis AFL Central Trades and Labor Council.

Advice to union members, Rauch said, was to "stay in the parade and get the most out of the parade," instead of holding the parade. The parade was curtailed because many potential marchers were working in war plants.

EGG AND POULTRY MARKETS

ST. LOUIS RETAIL EGG AND POULTRY MARKETS, June 25.—The market as reported by "St. Louis Daily Market" showed a slight decline in prices of eggs and poultry. Demand for eggs was steady, but prices were lower than last week. Poultry prices were also lower, with chickens and turkeys showing a decline.

FRACTIONS TO MORE THAN POINT GAINS IN THE BOND MARKET

NEW YORK, June 25 (AP).—The bond market moved up fractions to more than a point for the most active groups today. The strong demand for New England Railroad 4s, New Orleans, Texas and Mexico 4s, and the Pacific 4s, was the main factor in the advance. The strong demand for the Pacific 4s, was the main factor in the advance.

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PEACE-RATED STOCKS LEAD PRICE RECOVERY

NEW YORK, June 25 (AP).—Peace-rated stocks dominated the recovery swing in today's stock market that put favorites up fractions to 2 points at peaks for 1943 or longer.

The last-hour bulge of Thursday was extended at a moderately lively opening. There were subsequent slow-downs but volume exceeded 1,000,000 shares for the first time since June 15. Scattered profit taking appeared after mid-day and top quotations were reduced. Bidding quickened at the last and enabled many leaders to close around the day's best.

Sales totaled 1,468,000 shares, largest since June 14. They compared with 728,850 the day before. The Associated Press average of 60 stocks was up .6 of a point at 51.5 where it was back to its level of June 10. The day's advance was the widest since May 3 last.

There was a little more breadth in dealings, 895 issues being traded. Of these, 599 were up, 124 down and 172 unchanged. There were 76 new highs.

The good war news received the principal credit for the return of speculative and investment sentiment. Accounts also were re-invested in some cases on the idea the past two-weeks' drift, in which liquidation was negligible, had technically bettered the market's technical condition.

The still cloudy cloud of technical controversy and other labor doubts, plus the desire to await further Washington anti-inflation steps, served to restrain numerous customers.

In the "new high" division were Chrysler, U. S. Rubber, Goodyear, Sears, Roebuck, J. C. Penney, International Harvester, Allie-Challenger, American Viscose and Paramount Pictures. Others on the upside included U. S. Steel, Bethlehem, General Motors, Santa Fe, Southern Pacific, Pullman, Texas Co., Anacostia, American Telephone, Westinghouse, Dow Chemical, Du Pont, Montgomery Ward, J. I. Case and Douglas Aircraft.

In the curb firms were given Humber Oil, American Gas, Lehigh Coal, Glen Alden Coal and Phoenix securities. Boardrooms were heartened by the good disposal of a \$25,450,000 Pennsylvania, Ohio and Detroit Railroad bond issue.

Who soon want to a premium over their normal price of 101 1/2. An offset, though, was the withdrawal of a special offering of Philco common which seemed to have run into a market already put out Wednesday at 25 1/2, 30,900 were sold.

The 15 most active stocks traded in the New York Stock Exchange today were:

Stock	High	Low	Close	Change
U. S. Steel	48.75	48.50	48.75	+1/4
U. S. Steel	48.75	48.50	48.75	+1/4
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ST. LOUIS RETAIL SALES

Weekly Table of Retail Sales of St. Louis as reported by Dun & Bradstreet. The following are the retail sales for the week ending June 25, 1943:

Category	June 25	June 24	June 23	June 22	June 21	June 20	June 19	June 18	June 17	June 16	June 15	June 14	June 13	June 12	June 11	June 10	June 9	June 8	June 7	June 6	June 5	June 4	June 3	June 2	June 1
Total	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,214,000

ST. LOUIS STOCKS

ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE, June 25.—The market was narrow.

Stock	High	Low	Close	Change
U. S. Steel	48.75	48.50	48.75	+1/4
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ST. LOUIS STOCKS

ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE, June 25.—The market was narrow.

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New York Stocks

NEW YORK, June 25.—Today's closing prices on a selected list of stocks traded in the New York Stock Exchange will be found in the following table:

Security	Close	Security	Close
Air India	157 1/2	Locusts	21 1/2
Air India	157 1/2	Locusts	21 1/2
Air India	157 1/2	Locusts	21 1/2
Air India	157 1/2	Locusts	21 1/2
Air India	157 1/2	Locusts	21 1/2

HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

HELP WANTED—MEN, WOMEN

AMERICAN CAR & FOUNDRY CO.

NEEDS
WOOD CAR AND
STEEL CAR MEN
Experience Not Necessary
Statement of availability required if applicant is now working in essential work.
Apply No. 14 St. George St.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

RAILROAD

BLACKSMITH HELPERS APPRENTICES
RAILROAD TELEGRAPHERS, RAILROAD ENGINEERS
TRACK SHOP & STOREHOUSE LABORERS
SECTION CARBON DIOXIDE GAS TANKERS
DINING CAR COOKS, DINING CAR WAITERS
AND CHAIR CAR PORTERS
C. B. & Q. R. R.
APPLY 104 NORTH BROADWAY
or Railroad Retirement Board, Old Post Office Building
Statement of Availability Required if Now Employed in War Industry

WATCHMAKER

Give estimates at service counter on watches and clocks; excellent opportunity for retired watchmaker or man unable to do strenuous bench work. Permanent position.

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney
874 Century Building

DRUG CLERK—4443 Morganford rd., HU 3060.
ENGINEER—Large manufacturing company in plastic field, whose entire output now goes into war machines, has an opening in this area for qualified man not now employed in war work at his highest skill. This man should be between the ages of 25 and 32, with a chemical, mechanical or electrical engineering degree and with experience in design, control or production engineering in a manufacturing field. The job requires a man who can work with the design and production staffs of users of our materials and our own manufacturing organization and who can adapt to specific applications. He must combine the qualities of a development engineer, trouble shooter and technical adviser. In peace time this job will become one of the most important in the company. This is an excellent opportunity for the man who has engineering ability and education and this invaluable wartime experience in the field of industrial plastics. Write now to Box K-112, Post-Dispatch.

ENGINEER—Stationary, Grand Laundry, 3004 Locust.

FACTORY WORKERS
Must want for factory work. Must be U. S. citizens and able to pass industrial physical examination. Draft deferred, or exempt. Steady work. Excellent firm. Apply employment manager.

GENERAL CABLE CORPORATION
4121 N. Kingshighway
If now employed in an essential industry do not apply unless you have a statement of availability from the U. S. Employment Service.

Factory Help
Essential Shoe Co.
Brown Shoe Co.
1701 LUCAS

FACTORY WORK
SOUTH ST. LOUIS
Permanent job in essential industry; no experience necessary; vacation with pay; group life insurance; day shift only.
Lowell Bleachery, 7710 Polk

FARM HAND—couple, steady, living quarters, good salary, Edgewood Rd., Overland, Mo., 971n.

FARM HAND—handy man, white; family summer resort, Call Mr. White, 2715 Washington, Att. 2301 Olive.

FILLING STATION ATTENDANT—Good hour; good pay; Goodyear service, 1446 N. Grand.

FRIGID—Apply Alco Laundry, 3700 Olive.

FLORIST DESIGNER—Good pay; steady work; best working conditions, Nettie's Flower Garden, GR 9600.

Food Distributor
For bread and other bakery products.
1—Steady year 'round employment now and after the war.
2—Active man up to 50 years can qualify.
3—No previous experience is necessary.
4—Pleasant, healthful outside work.
5—Unlimited earnings possibilities.
6—Essential industry.
Apply 9 A. M. to 12 Noon or Call FR 1810 for Appointment
White Baking Co.
4015 PAPIN

FOUNDRY LABORERS
Can earn good wages with plenty of overtime and regular pay increases. Must be men experienced on general labor work. Give us your name, address, nearest phone, age, height, weight and kind of work you do. Send these facts on a penny post card to 200 E. Broadway, Alton, Ill. If you are available we will do the rest.

HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

AMP Corporation

NEEDS
Class A Acetylene Welders
Acetylene Welders for Glider Work
Set-Up Men
Tool Makers
Aircraft Inspectors
Apply Daily 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Also open Mondays and Thursdays until 8 P. M.
United States Employment Service
WAR MAN-POWER COMMISSION
410 NORTH BROADWAY
If you are working in a defense plant, a Statement of Availability will be necessary.

If not already employed in essential industry
wants in California, Nevada and Utah, experienced
Dispatchers Switchmen
Brakemen Firemen
Telegraphers Yard and Station Clerks
Also Train Desk Clerks
Must be physically fit to perform the duties of these positions
Apply to J. F. McKenzia, General Agent, Room 222-23 Railway Exchange Bldg., St. Louis, Missouri, Phone CHestnut 0853.

MAN—18 or over, stock room, essential industry; permanent position, 1110 N. 8th, Mr. Goodman.

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HELP WANTED—MEN, BOYS

CURTIS-WRIGHT CORPORATION

needs MEN now
GUARDS... LINE MECHANICS
SHEET METAL FABRICATORS
DIE FINISHERS... BENCH ASSEMBLERS
Good Pay... Steady Work
City-wide Transportation
APPLY TODAY
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE—410 N. BROADWAY
8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Daily Except Sunday
Monday and Thursday Nights Until 8
(Fisher Body Bldg.) 5383 Natural
Bridge—8:00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M.
Except Sunday
AIRPORT—PERSONNEL BUILDING—8:00 A. M. to 4:00 P. M.
Except Sunday

ESSENTIAL WORKERS MUST PRESENT A STATEMENT OF AVAILABILITY
ALL APPLICANTS SHOULD HAVE SOME PROOF OF CITIZENSHIP

MONSANTO CHEMICAL COMPANY
1700 South Second Street
MEN WANTED
For Manufacturing Departments
48-Hour Week
Statement of Availability required
if now employed in essential industry.

MEN—50 to 65
Steady, factory work. Apply
2700 BOULEVARD FIRST ST.
MEN—18 years or older, for truck route, handling oxygen acetylene in rural areas; job requires men who can be out of city most of week. Box 7-364, Post-Dispatch.

MEN—White; St. Luke's Hospital; nice work for older men up to 50 years; Housekeeping Dept., St. Luke's Hospital, 5335 Delmar.

MEN—Work in our large reapplying and tire repairing plant, essential work; good pay; steady work. Merchants Time, 2710 Washington.

MEN—Steady summer employment; no experience necessary; age no handicap. Apply Mr. Roy, Forest Park Highlands, 6600 Oakland.

MEN—White; help make sealers for gas-line tanks used on Flying Fortresses; desirable factory employment. Prestite Bldg. Co., 3100 Chouteau.

MEN—No experience necessary, for general factory work; work 8-day week. Plan your future now. Visnet Mill, 5400 E. 24 St.

MEN—Colored; essential industry; 45-hour overtime. Apply 2524 S. Broadway, See John Morris.

MEN—Colored; cleaning work in bakery; essential industry; steady work. 2017 Garbert.

MEN—White; for factory maintenance; 34 hours week; \$41 week after 30 working days. Box K-334, Post-Dispatch.

MEN—White, over 40. Apply Personnel Department, Barnes Hospital.

MEN—White; car wash; steady work; permanent; earnings and substantial future. Box K-366, Post-Dispatch.

MEN—Colored; cleaning work; 18 months have birth record and permit to work. Box K-366, Post-Dispatch.

MEN—White, colored for all types factory work; age 17-55, 4800 N. 24 St. Call Mr. Schumacher, EV 9055.

MEN—Inchouise work; no age restrictions; 45-hour overtime. Box K-366, Post-Dispatch.

MEN—Farm hand, small, Benhuah, Creve Coeur, Mo. 7-10-46.

MEN—Want job; with few opportunities; good pay. 1415 S. Compton.

MOTOR and automobile winder and repairer; type car, past employment record; address, phone number in reply; salary \$300 per week. Box K-366, Post-Dispatch.

MULTIPLER OPERATOR—Good pay; advancement; give complete details as to experience and equipment operated. Box K-334, Post-Dispatch.

HELP WANTED—MEN, WOMEN

THE UNITED STATES CARTRIDGE CO.

ST. LOUIS ORDNANCE PLANT
HAS
JOBS FOR MEN
ADJUSTERS
INSPECTORS
OPERATORS
LABORERS
GAGERS
INSPECTORS
Apply NOW
Employment Office 3000 Locust
OPEN WEEK DAYS 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
SUNDAY, JUNE 27, 8 A. M. to 1 P. M.
If employed in essential industry you must present a statement of availability.

Shoe Artists
Experienced in wash and pen and ink handling. Steady position. 5-day week. Attractive salary to start.
Give present and past experience. All applications held in strict confidence. Address
Box K-227, Post-Dispatch

Young Men Wanted
Ages 17 to 35
For route work
Permanent
Coca-Cola Bottling Co.
2930 North Market
Attention Furniture Warehouse Men. If you are interested in a steady job and have had experience in handling furniture and wish to advance rapidly, apply GOLDMAN BROS. FURNITURE CO. Ask for Mr. Ray.

DEPARTMENT STORE WORK
Sales or stock positions offer continuous employment.
FAMOUS-BARR CO.
If you have a family, own car, ambitious, salary guaranteed. Call FR 3691.

SALESMAN WANTED
SHOE SALESMAN
DR. SCHOLL'S FOOT COMFORT SHOPS, INC.
Has opening for shoe man, experienced in fitting quality footwear, experienced salesmen, you own it, honest and aggressive, capable of earning attractive salary and commission. We have a large territory in St. Louis area. Store manager. Vacation with pay. Must be draft eligible. For interview phone CH 8960.

SALESMAN
If you have had experience as a one-call salesman, please call 221 Locust St. aren't setting up a business, you own it, honest and aggressive, capable of earning attractive salary and commission. We have a large territory in St. Louis area. Store manager. Vacation with pay. Must be draft eligible. For interview phone CH 8960.

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SUBURBAN PROP. FOR RENT

UNIVERSITY CITY
PRINCETON 11—11-room residence in exclusive surroundings; 3 full and 2 bath; new stove; 2-car garage; \$100. W. 2424. Amblerman Mfg. Co.

WEBSTER GROVES

APARTMENT—1 room; newly decorated; large, shady grounds. W. 2349.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR RENT

NORTH
EAST PRAIRIE, 1928—Garage building; fireproof; good for truck storage, machine shop, warehouse. W. 2843.

SOUTH

BAKERY—For rent, account sickness; immediate possession. L. 768.

PAKE 251 (rear)—2-story brick building, 30x50 ft. for manufacturing or warehouse. Phone mornings. GR. 3884.

SOUTHWEST

COLUMBIA 5212—Large store, suitable any business; will decorate; \$30. Caroline R. Co. 2897.

WEST

MARKET 3826—2-story fireproof building; Wabash switch; with office and display room. NE. 1774.

OFFICE SPACE

PRIVATE ROOM, \$20 per month and up. Wall Building Office Space.

Manufacturers' Agents

Doctors and Dentists

Investigate office space in this modern building; excellent service; one parking lot and other accommodations; building open until 10 p.m.

WILLIAMS & CALMER, Inc., 4545 OLIVE, 812 (Arcade Bldg.)—Newly furnished office. CH. 1894. FO. 5893.

WANTED TO RENT

APARTMENT—1 room, unfurnished; best furnished; South Side.

APARTMENT Wd.—Furnished, 3 or 4 rooms, 3 adults; civilian Government official. Box 1172.

APARTMENT Wd.—Unfurnished, 1 room; prefer northwest. F. D. Butler, Fairgrounds Hotel.

BEAUTY SHOP LOCATION Wd.—Preferably west; living quarters. FO. 2778.

BUNGALOW—3 rooms, family of three. GR. 6694.

FLAT Wd.—3 rooms, bath, furnace; west near Blevett. 5248 Vernon.

HOUSE Wd.—5 or 6 rooms, or bungalow; west near Parkway. 5300.

HOUSE Wd.—5 or 6 rooms, or bungalow; south of 10th. 5300.

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SUBURBAN PROP. FOR SALE

NORMANDY
5 rooms and bath on 1 floor, 2 rooms and bath, 2nd floor; 2-car garage, large screened porch, automatic heat.

Geo. N. McDonald

Office Open Daily and Sunday
411 N. Hills Dr. 402 Pine
EV. 5550

OVERLAND

REPUBLICAN, 1935—8-room brick, bath, 100 feet front; \$3950; a bargain.

GRACE 1047

WIS. 2704-08-32—New 5-hp. 5-room brick, tile bath, kitchen; near schools, bus; \$3500; a bargain.

Lake car; \$500 down. WI. 2626.

PINE LAWN

CRESCENT, 2508—4-room bungalow, bath, furnace, metal Venetian blinds, 2 screened porches, white asbestos shingles; detached; \$3500; owner.

LORRAINE, 6235—Five-room modern; JOHN GRETHOR & CO., GA. 3128.

RICHMOND HEIGHTS

BUNGALOW—Beautiful 5-room; bath and 1/2 tile roof; hot-water heat; stoker; inside garage; beautiful yard with view; flower garden; will trade for smaller home; \$4750. Owner, H.L. 7800.

WEST PARK, 7333—4 1/2 double, separate heating plants; tile roof. Rent \$1740. 7800.

WOODLAND, 1220—3 and 5 room; tile roof; brick garage; side drive. \$1700.

ROCK HILL VILLAGE

1032 CHARLESTON—(1 block north of Manchester at 9000 west) immediate possession; new 5-room brick bungalow; 1 block to bus, school and city center; \$3500. Owner, FRANK H. BROWN REALTY CO., ST. 0100.

921 LEONARD DRIVE—(1/4 block south of Manchester at 9000 west) immediate possession; new 5-room brick bungalow on 1 block to bus, school and city center; \$3500. Owner, FRANK H. BROWN REALTY CO., ST. 0100.

5-ROOM BRICK \$5250

2441 Potomac (west of Broadway, south of 10th St.) full tile kitchen and bath; 1 room in living room; Venetian blinds; stoker; plum tree, plenty of shrubs; immediate possession. REAL ESTATE CO., INC. 7240

BREMERTON RD., 2417—8 rooms, brick; hardwood floor; Venetian blinds; 2 screened porches, detached through; new roof; \$4100. A. L. KRODINGER R. E. CO. 0999.

MITCHELL, 7066—4-room, newly painted; 1 room in living room; Venetian blinds; stoker; plum tree, plenty of shrubs; immediate possession. REAL ESTATE CO., INC. 7240

6-ROOM HOUSE—4 room, newly painted; 1 room in living room; Venetian blinds; stoker; plum tree, plenty of shrubs; immediate possession. REAL ESTATE CO., INC. 7240

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Will it help?

\$20 for 30 Days Costs Only 60c

Our popular "cash-'til-payday" service will come in mighty handy for those who are running short after paying their June income taxes. Now is the time to clean up those scattered bills and get your financial affairs in order if you are going to make ends meet when the heavier payroll deductions really begin to pinch. Get any amount, \$20 to \$300. "While-you-wait" service if you phone ahead or present proper identification and evidence of employment.

10—OFFICES—10

THE FOLLOWING OFFICES OPEN MONDAY 'TIL 8:45

DOWNTOWN No. 1—1052 Ambassador Bldg. 7th and Locust	GA. 3861
DOWNTOWN No. 2—400 Columbia Bldg. 214 N. 3th St.	CHestnut 6944
MAPLEWOOD—771 Manchester Ave. 201 Tals Bldg.	WElington 2500
WELINGTON—2004 Easton, 2nd Floor, State Bank Bldg.	WElington 4770
EAST ST. LOUIS—501 Murphy Bldg. 234 Collinsville.	HEmlock 1956

THE FOLLOWING OFFICES OPEN FRIDAY NIGHT 'TIL 8:45

NORTHWEST—2809 N. Grand Blvd. near St. Louis Ave.	JEfferson 2927
NORTHWEST—4003 W. Florissant Ave. cor. Warren Ave.	EVergreen 5100
SOUTHWEST—305 Dickman Bldg. 3114 S. Grand, near Central	AL 2604
SOUTHWEST—5034 E. Gravoys Ave. 16 Gravoys Shopping Bldg.	BU 5144
*GRANITE CITY—1314 Niedringhaus Ave. opp. Post Office, TNU-City	2416

*These offices operate under the Illinois Small Loan Act.
Monthly Charges on Balances: \$100 or less, 3%: \$100 to \$500, 2 1/2 %.

COMMONWEALTH LOAN CO

LOANS WHILE YOU WAIT

Find here the cash loan you need

Choose your monthly payment here	3	4	6	9	12
\$ 25	\$ 8.84	\$ 6.73			
50	17.68	13.45	\$ 9.23	\$ 6.43	\$ 5.02
75	26.51	20.18	13.84	9.63	7.53
100	35.35	26.90	18.46	12.84	10.05
150	52.93	39.87	27.93	18.92	14.62
200	70.50	53.16	38.31	26.09	20.16
300	105.04	79.75	54.45	37.64	29.25

Save time at Household. Just bring something to identify yourself and we can probably complete your loan while you wait. Loans made on furniture, car, or none. No endorses needed. Special early loan service for employed women. Payments in table include charges at Household's rate of 5% per month on loans of \$100 and less, and on loans over \$100 at the rate of 2 1/2% per month on unpaid balance.

STH-OLIVE: Arcade Building, Third Floor Phone: GARfield 2639
7TH-OLIVE: 705 Olive Street (opposite Famous-Barr) Phone: CENtral 7321
GRAND-WASHINGTON: 404 Missoun Theatre Bldg. Phone: JEfferson 5300
WELLSTON: 1506 Modismont Avenue, Corner Easton Phone: COlumb 1200

HOUSEHOLD FINANCE Corporation

VACATION CASH On Your Signature

YOU CAN BORROW MORE NOW OUR EASY WAY!

ON YOUR AUTOMOBILE
Your car is worth more this month than it was last to you. You receive full amount—payment to fit your income.

CHECK THESE APPRAISALS

• 1935 car	—	—	—	\$100
• 1934 car	—	—	—	\$150
• 1937 car	—	—	—	\$300

ON YOUR FURNITURE
Because we make single Signature Loans, we consider your credit worth when we appraise collateral.

CHECK THESE APPRAISALS

• Overstuffed Set	—	—	\$200
• Electric Washer	—	—	\$150
• Ice Refrigerator	—	—	\$300
• Electric Ironer	—	—	\$100

SPECIAL WOMEN'S DEPT. SERVED BY WOMEN
Interest charged on unpaid balance on loans made from \$100 to \$300 at 2 1/2 %; \$100 and below 3 % monthly

ROYAL LOAN CO.

Open 9 to 5 Weekdays. Except Sat. 1 P. M. to 5 P. M. Open Mon. Until 8 P. M. CH. 6133

527 Paul Brown Bldg.

LOANS

CASH LOANS

\$10 TO \$1000

ON YOUR AUTOMOBILE
CASH IN 5 MINUTES
 Confidential No Red Tape
 Bring Car and Title.

Mound City Finance Co., Inc.
 Open to 8 P. M. Evenings

4454 EASTON JE. 1600

WE'LL LEND YOU AS MUCH AS ANYONE

ON AUTO—FURNITURE OR CHARACTER
"LOANS—WHILE YOU WAIT"

\$10 to \$300.00

SAFE-WAY FINANCE PLAN, INC.

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OPEN TUESDAY UNTIL 8:30 P. M.

MONTHLY CHARGES ON UNPAID BALANCES: Income Tax Refunds, 2 1/2 %.
 Loans for other purposes, 3 % on loans made at \$100 or less, above to \$300, 2 1/2 %.

LOANS to meet your needs

1st FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ST. LOUIS
 BROADWAY - LOCUST - OLIVE

We make all types of Loans - For Taxes, Medical Expenses, Education and other Emergencies. Also Property Improvement and Repair Loans. Monthly payments - Reasonable rates Call or come in.

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54 Field 2000 ENTRANCE 514 OLIVE ST. - OPEN MONDAYS TILL 3:30

LOANS \$25 to \$5000
 Loan of \$120 Costs Only \$12 Year. You Pay Only \$10 Per Month for 12 Months.
 or Prompt Service Phone CH. 6430

METROPOLITAN LOAN & INVESTMENT CO.
 916 INTERNATIONAL BLDG.
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CHECK MONEY FOR EMPLOYED PEOPLE \$5.00 UP ON THEIR OWN INCOME. CONFIDENTIAL. 613 LOCUST ST. ROOM 613.

SMALL LOAN COMPANIES

QUICK CASH LOANS
 \$25 to \$300
 Immediate Service—No Delay
 Signature Auto. Furniture Loans
 Interest Rate, \$100 or Less 3%
 \$100 to \$500 2 1/2 %.

2 Convenient Offices
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DOWNTOWN — 3321 OLIVE ST.
 PHONE JEFFERSON 0615

CLAIR LOAN PLAN, INC.

FINANCIAL EXPENSES or are Worried About Your DEBTS

THE BUDGET PLAN, INC.
 (NOT A LOAN CO.)
 CHESTNUT BR. 1000

CASH LOANS
\$10 to \$1000

AUTOMOBILE FURNITURE STORE FIXTURES

WE ALSO BUY MORTGAGES

Borrow	Repay Per Mo.
\$ 25	\$ 3.23
50	6.30
100	12.50
150	18.75
200	25.00
300	37.50
500	62.50

Quick Confidential Service

STERLING FINANCE CO.

4 E. COR. 5th & MARKET CH. 6794
 Free Parking in Rear of Bldg.

LOANS

FOR ANY

Worthwhile Purpose

Co-Maker, Automobile, Truck Loans
PROMPT—LOW COST
COURTEOUS SERVICE

Installment Loan Dept.
 "Use 8th Street Entrance"
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Mercantile-Commerce

BANK AND TRUST CO.
 Locust-Eighth-St. Charles

FOR QUICK LOAN SERVICE call at 324 N. High, Room 311, 75 to \$250.00. OR YOUR SIGNATURE ONLY; confidential

ATTEMPT TO FIRE THREE REJECTED AGAIN BY SENATE

House - Approved Conference Report Barring Pay for Men Voted Down, 52 to 17.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—Attempt of the House to fire three Government employees accused of membership in subversive organizations met a second Senate rebuff yesterday. Bitter debate in which Senators charged the three were being "impeached without a trial" preceded a 52-to-17 rejection of a House-approved conference report on a 143-million-dollar deficiency bill. Senators Clark (Dem.), Missouri, and Millikin (Rep.), Colorado, opposed the report because of a provision expressly forbidding payment of salaries to Dr. Robert Morris Lovett, Secretary to the Virgin Islands Government, and to Goodwin B. Watson and William E. Dodd Jr., Federal Communications Commission employees. The Senate previously had rejected the provision 69 to 0. Clark said the House acted on the basis of "star chamber machinations" while Millikin asserted "this thing smells to me of ancient toms in which liberty is buried." A House Appropriations subcommittee accused the three men of having been connected with subversive organizations.

GLORIOUS RELIEF FOR TIRED, ACHING FEET

KIN-SEPTIC

AT ALL DRUG STORES

8 PARACHUTED FROM BOMBER OF MISSING U. S. GEN. FORREST

Great-Grandson of Confederate Hero Aboard Fortress Shot Down in June 13 Raid on Kiel.

LONDON, June 25 (AP).—Eight parachutes were seen to open from the bomber in which Brig. Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest was riding as an observer when it was shot down in an air battle over Kiel, Germany, on June 13, United States Eighth Air Force headquarters announced today.

The Americans lost 24 bombers over Kiel. The 38-year-old great-grandson and namesake of the famous Confederate leader was in the lead bomber and other flyers saw his damaged plane drop out of a returning formation and spiral toward earth. None saw the big plane hit the ground, however, and the headquarters announcement was the first evidence that at least some of the crew might have parachuted to earth. The plane and its crew had been listed simply as "missing." Today's announcement was based on the statement of Capt. Harry M. Tomlin of San Francisco, Cal., pilot of another Fortress on the raid, who said he was positive he saw eight parachutes from Gen. Forrest's plane open after it dropped out of formation. Eleven men were aboard the plane besides Gen. Forrest. Attacked by 6 Nazis. Lieut. Robert C. Cozens, of Encinitas, Cal., pilot on a Fortress flying directly behind Gen. Forrest's plane, said six German fighters concentrated on the general's craft at the German coast. Despite a smoking engine, however, "he flew on and led us over the bomb run," Lieut. Cozens said. "As we turned off the target the general's ship again was attacked. I saw it slow down, drop out of formation. We pulled up and took over the leader's position." Other flyers saw a German cannon shell tear a three-foot hole in the tail section of Gen. Forrest's plane.

First General So Lost. Gen. Forrest was the first American of his rank to become a combat casualty in the European theater of operations. The number of American Generals and Admirals listed as missing or killed



Associated Press Wirephoto. **BRIG. GEN. NATHAN BEDFORD FORREST**

In the war around the world was raised to 15 by his failure to return. A native of Memphis, Gen. Forrest was a graduate of West Point and executive officer of the second bomber command at Fort George Wright, Wash. His wife lives at Spokane, Wash. Credited with an important part in the development and expansion of the heavy bombardment program, Gen. Forrest was promoted to Brigadier General last Nov. 2. He had only recently arrived in England. Gen. Forrest rode in the Flying Fortress piloted by Capt. Harry A. Stirwalt of Spokane, Wash. Two days before the Kiel raid he went out as an observer on a Fortress raiding Wilhelmshaven. Maj. J. J. Donahue of Washington, D. C., who served under Gen. Forrest in the last year, said Gen. Forrest had told him "I don't like to give orders until I've had an opportunity to find out for myself what it's like over there."

Gen. Forrest outdid his famous great-grandfather in getting ahead in his chosen profession. He was promoted to the rank of Brigadier General last Nov. 2 at the age of 37. The Confederate cavalryman, whose formula for military success was "git thar fustest with the mostest men," became a Brigadier General at the age of 41.

WLB PAY MINIMUMS SET ON 14 JOBS HERE

Provide Scale for Correcting Inequalities—No Other Effect on Current Rates.

Standard minimum wage rates for 14 classifications of workers in the St. Louis area were announced yesterday by the Seventh Regional War Labor Board in Kansas City. The minimums, formulated to approximate average prevailing wages as closely as possible, provide a yardstick for correcting "gross inequalities," and have no other effect on wage scales currently in effect, Joseph A. Hoskins, board chairman, explained. Under the new WLB policy, wages may be raised to correct gross inequalities only as high as the "sound and tested" minimum scale. A minimum wage of 65 cents an hour was set for common labor in industrial and manufacturing plants of the St. Louis area, which does not include East St. Louis. The same minimum was set for common labor in the Kansas City market. For St. Louis skilled crafts the following minimums for varying degrees of skill were set: Tool and die makers, \$1.08 and \$1.28 an hour; machinists, 70 cents, 85 cents and \$1; set-up men, 75 and 85 cents; bench hands and assemblers, 80 cents; spray painters, 85 and 75 cents; precision grinders, 85 and 75 cents; tool and die setters, 85 cents; shear operators, 70 cents; punch press operators, 65 and 70 cents; welders, 70, 80 and 90 cents; inspector and tester, 95 cents; crane operator, 80 cents; millwrights, 80 and 90 cents. Minimums for additional classifications of workers will be announced later.

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ADVERTISEMENT

BEST OF ALL

—in St. Joseph Aspirin—this News of **ASPIRIN** you enjoy both economy and quality. The world's largest seller at 10¢. 36 tablets 20¢. 100, only 55¢. Get St. Joseph Aspirin.

U. S. MILITARY POLICE, NEGRO SOLDIERS CLASH IN ENGLAND

LONDON, June 25 (AP).—Five United States enlisted men and one officer were injured in a fight between military police and a small group of Negro troops in Northwest England last night. Army headquarters said it was investigating and added: "Early reports indicated that the fight began when military policemen remonstrated with Negro soldiers behaving in a disorderly manner in the street of a town in Northwest England. The situation was never out of control, it was stated by the local commander." Pvt. William Grosslands, a Negro, was the only one reported seriously injured. The injured officer was Lieut. David D. Ousset, of San Antonio, Tex.

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WASTEPAPER IS WAR WEAPON! Wastepaper, corrugated boxes, old newspapers and brown paper are urgently needed for conversion into bomb bands, blasting bags and other weapons of war. Save and sell all wastepaper. Call a collector at Chestnut 1807.

TIRES

Let Us Help You With Inspection If You Need New Tires.

RECAPPING

REPAIRING—VULCANIZING—PROMPT SERVICE

Either for heavy truck or passenger car tires. The Merchants' system of recapping is the best and longest wearing heavy tread recap that money can buy.

27 YEARS' EXPERIENCE Recently expanded facilities to take care of your tire needs. Prompt service to out-of-town customers. Capacity over 1,000 tires weekly.

The Fastest Service in Town

MERCHANTS TIRE CO.

HARRY B. WHITE

2710 Washington Blvd. J.E. 5073

Limit on Telegraph Equipment. day took action to limit new installations of telegraph and cable recapture "stand by" equipment. The War Production Board yesterday equipment, including tickers and regarded as unessential.

Freund's—314 N. 6th STREET

Constantly

THE RING FROM Freund's

Reminds Her of You!

Unique engagement ring in 14K gold. Fine diamond. **\$29.75** PAY WEEKLY

Brilliant beauty. Original styling. Quality diamond. **\$47.00** PAY WEEKLY

De Luxe quality 14K modern gold setting. Only. **\$67.50** PAY WEEKLY

Other Diamond Rings \$18.00 to \$600.00

OUR 45th YEAR

Freund's

314 NORTH SIXTH STREET

OPEN MONDAY 'TIL 9 P. M.

Modern beauty and charm in this splendid 14K gold engagement and wedding ring ensemble.

SUMMER TRADE-IN SALE

Extra Big Trade-Ins on Living and Dining Room or Bedroom Suites

Big Trade-In Allowances Make Our Low Prices Even Lower

LOUNGE CHAIRS

Priced From **\$12.95**

Including a few tilt chairs with ottomans! Spring cushions. Button backs. Fine selection of covering. All colors. Marvelous values.

Drop-Leaf Unfinished BREAKFAST SET

\$12.88

Well built and smartly styled. Table and four chairs. Finished in your own color scheme, it will be a beautiful set.

STUDIO COUCHES & SOFA-BEDS

Priced From **\$39**

Metal or covered arm styles. Serviceable tapestry covers. Bedding value. Save!

Innerspring MATTRESS or Box Spring TRADE-IN SALE

\$10 ALLOWANCE

For Your Old Mattress or Spring

Your old mattress is **WORTH MONEY!** Trade it in for one of these mattresses or box springs.

REGULAR PRICE \$29.95

We Allow You for Your Old MATTRESS or SPRING **\$10.00**

You Pay Only \$29.95

Streamlined ICE REFRIGERATORS

\$39

This roomy, smartly styled refrigerator looks just like an electric one. Lots of storage space. Finished in gleaming white.

3-PIECE BEDROOM

Unusual Value at **\$69**

Choice of bed, chest and either dresser or vanity. Beautiful details and finished in rich walnut.

METAL WARDROBE

\$19.75

Ideal for extra storage space. Unusual value.

BUY MORE BONDS

NO INTEREST OR CARRYING CHARGES ON FURNITURE PURCHASES

SHOP IN COMFORT—ENTIRE STORE COMPLETELY AIR CONDITIONED

FRANKLIN FURNITURE COMPANY

OPEN EVERY NIGHT UNTIL 9

ELEVENTH AND FRANKLIN

KNOW THE FACTS ON APPLE "HONEY"

What it is... Apple "Honey" is our name for a new moistening agent used by Old Gold to help keep our choice blend of fragrant tobaccos, including delightful Latakia, moist and FRESH on the way to you.

Who developed it... The Eastern Regional Research Laboratory of the U. S. Department of Agriculture developed this new moistening agent by evaporating the juice of sun-ripened apples. We have named it Apple "Honey."

How it works... Apple "Honey" is sprayed on our tobaccos to protect moisture and freshness. This honey-like syrup reaches every shred! Tasteless, it does not change the flavor of Old Gold's fine tobaccos in any way.

What you'll find... Just buy a pack of Old Golds and you'll discover why thousands are switching to this grand blend. You'll know then what it means to have your cigarette's freshness and flavor protected by Apple "Honey."

FRESH!

Apple "Honey"

HELPS SEAL IN OLD GOLD FRESHNESS

Old Gold CIGARETTES

NO CHANGE IN TASTE!

BUY MORE WAR BONDS NOW!

Old Gold CIGARETTES

ENJOY SAMMY KAYE'S BAND AND GUESTS! WEDNESDAYS—7 P. M.—KMOX

P. Lorillard Company—Established 1760

Sole Survivor of Shell-Hit Tank
Remembers Only Brilliant Flash3 Crew Mates of St.
Louisian Were Killed in
Africa When Germans
Scored Hit on Machine.

Sole survivor of the four-man crew of a light tank blown up by a German shell, Sgt. Lester J. Hammond is home from the war in Africa, wearing the Purple Heart for five wounds suffered in the explosion.

Thrown from his seat as driver by the force of the exploding shell April 1, he remembers only a brilliant flash, and then nothing until he awoke three days later, he said to a Post-Dispatch reporter today.

At first told not to worry because "everything was all right," he learned after repeatedly asking about his comrades that they had been killed when the tank was hit, he related.

Details of the action preceding the hit are clear in his mind. "We were about to attack a slope in a narrow pass in Tunisia about 60 miles from the coast, the morning of April 1," he recalled, "and our battalion was ordered to draw the fire of the Germans to find out the strength of their artillery."

"We did so, and the German barrage began at once. It was still going on at 1 p. m. when we were ordered to charge the slope. Just as I was about to drive across a bridge over a wadi, or washed-out stream, the bridge was blown up by German mines; so I detoured, crossing the gully where the slope was gradual.



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer
SERGT. LESTER J.
HAMMOND

"Our tank topped the little ridge on the other side of the gully, and it was then that one of the heavy anti-tank shells, which the Germans were using, connected. I remember nothing between the flash of the explosion and the moment I awoke in a base hospital at Oran."

On convalescent leave till July 8, Sgt. Hammond is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Hammond, 2701A Allen avenue. A 1932 graduate of Beaumont High School, he left the employ of the Gaylord Container Corporation to enlist in the Army in November, 1941. After training at Jefferson Barracks, Fort Knox, Ky., and Fort Dix, N. J., he left for Ranger training in Ireland and England, reaching Africa Nov. 18, 10 days after the original landing there.

all three of these along with his Fine Gael to outvote the Fianna Fail.

Although losing his majority, the American-born De Valera himself retained his seat in the Dail. The Prime Minister's setback was not expected to bring about any change in Eire's foreign policy since the question of the country's continued neutrality was not an issue in the election.

DE VALERA PARTY FAILS
TO RETAIN MAJORITY

Prime Minister Out Unless He
Can Enlist Aid of Opposi-
tion Group.

DUBLIN, June 25 (AP).—Shorn of a clear majority in the Dail (Parliament), Eamon de Valera's chances for extending his 11-year span as Eire's Prime Minister hinged today on the possibility of his reaching an agreement with one or more of the lesser parties.

Complete returns from Tuesday's first wartime general election showed that De Valera's Fianna Fail party had won only 67 seats in the Dail compared with 77 it had held since the last election in 1938. Other parties and independents won 71 seats, split this way: Fine Gael 32, Labor 17, Farmers 9 and Independents 13.

William Cosgrave, leader of the Fine Gael, or United Ireland party, campaigned for a coalition government of all parties. De Valera opposed this proposal and said he would not join such a government.

The heads of the lesser parties have not committed themselves publicly to either De Valera or Cosgrave. De Valera, by reaching an agreement with the Farmer, Labor or Independent parties, could obtain a working majority, whereas Cosgrave would have to enlist

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ROOT BEER
"it's so flavorful"



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We have every modern type of equipment for scientific examination.

KNOW THE TRUTH ABOUT YOUR EYES

Good Glasses Need Not Be Expensive

PAY ONLY 50¢ A WEEK

DR. N. SCHEAR
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Call for Eye Test

NO EXTRA COST
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Our 45th Year
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314 NORTH
6th STREET

OPEN MONDAY NIGHT TILL 9 P. M.

★ BUSY PEOPLE... IN A BUSY WORLD—

... In these turbulent times many of you work longer hours... have little time for yourselves... and it is with you in mind that WEIL is shaping its policies these days—remaining open Fridays, Saturdays and Mondays from 8:30 A. M. to 9 P. M. (other days from 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.)... It is with you in mind that WEIL is endeavoring to keep all stocks at their peak—that WEIL is watching quality more than ever—is constantly striving to keep prices at the lowest level...

If THAT is the kind of a store you think YOU would like—stop in and see us soon!

A Style and Value Triumph

for
**SUMMER
1943**

MEN'S RAYON SHIRT
AND SLACK SUITS
\$3.95

Tailored of solid shade rayon and fancy slub fabrics with sport collar, short sleeves and two pockets at \$3.95.

MEN'S WHITE
COATS—
\$9.75

Double-breasted models with long lapels for dress and semi-formal summer wear...

MEN'S \$15 TROPICAL WEIGHT SUITS

\$11

A very practical suit for summer wear... coat and pants of good quality rayon and other summer fabrics in sizes 35 to 44 chest... an exceptional value at \$11.

MEN'S \$19 TROPICAL WEIGHT SUITS

\$15.95

They're cool! They're stylish! They're ideal for summer wear as these splendidly made coat and pants suits come in the medium and lighter shades... 35 to 46 chest including extra sizes at \$15.95.

ALL-WOOL TROPICAL WORSTED SUITS

\$22.50

Men! Here are suits that are standouts... Smart, shape-retaining all-wool fabrics of a fine weave and tailored in both single and double breasted models... 35 to 46 chest including extra sizes... and remember the price is only \$22.50.

YOUNG MEN'S WHITE SUMMER SUITS

\$13.95

Stylish, double-breasted, long-lapel suits of a white high-luster fabric that is ideal for all types of summer dress wear... sizes 33 to 44 chest... featured at \$13.95.

A SMALL
DEPOSIT
HOLDS
ANY
ITEM



MISSES' AND WOMEN'S
SHIRT
AND
SLACK
SUITS
\$1.50

CAN YOU WEAR
SIZE FOURTEEN?
Here are misses' slacks in size 14 only \$1

Well-made shirt and slacks suits of denim, cotton herringbones, and other cotton fabrics in stripes as well as natural tan, powder blue and rose shades... sizes 12 to 20 and 38 to 42 at \$1.50.



FOR BOYS!

BOYS' WASH KNICKERS of fancy plaids and other patterns... sizes 4 to 16... 98c

BOYS' WASH SHORTS of covets and Hannah Pickett fabrics... sizes 4 to 14 at 88c

STOUT BOYS' KNICKERS and shorts of splendid washable fabrics in sizes 10 to 16 at \$1.89

STOUT BOYS' WASH SLACKS of brown or blue cotton gabardine in sizes 28 to 36 waist at \$3.49

BOYS' WASH SLACKS of sanforized-shrunk fabrics... sizes 6 to 18 years at \$1.69

JUVENILE SLACKS of tan Army twill fabrics... sizes 6 to 12 years at \$1.95

BOYS' MIAMI SUITS in double-breasted models... sizes 17 to 22 at \$6.45—\$5.45 sizes 11 to 16 at

BOYS' WHITE SUITS of silk and rayon in sizes 15 to 22 years at \$7.95

BOYS' SPORT COATS in diagonals, checks and other fancy patterns... sizes 12 to 18 years at \$8.99

JUVENILE SPORT COATS of olive drab fabrics with belt to match... sizes 6 to 14 at \$5.99

BOYS' WASH KNICKERS of full sanforized shrunk fabrics in sizes 6 to 16 years at \$1.59

BOYS' SLACK SUITS (shirt and slacks) of cotton gabardine and sanforized Hannah Pickett fabric... sizes 8 to 18 at \$2.49

JUVENILE SLACK SUITS (shirt and long pants) of Hannah Pickett sanforized fabrics in sizes 4 to 8 only at \$1.99

BOYS' SOLDIER SUITS of tan khaki with Sam Browne belt and cap to match... sizes 2 to 8 at \$3.95

BOYS' SANFORIZED SHORTS of olive drab fabrics with belt to match... sizes 6 to 14 at \$1.59

SALE OF
STRAW Hats

THERE ARE:
• COTTON LEGHORNETTES
• VENTILATED CROWNS
• COCONUT COLORINGS
• MILAN BRAIDS, ETC.

Hurry! These wonderful values are selling fast! And remember—every hat is a new 1943 model! At

\$1.

SPORT
SHIRTS
\$1

Men's short sleeve sport shirts in various summer materials... one and two pockets... featured at \$1.



MEN'S SHORT-SLEEVE SHIRTS

Hundreds of inner or outer style sport shirts with sport collars and short sleeves... extra quality light weight fabrics at \$1.29

Men's Tan Cotton Sport Jackets (water repellent) at \$2.95

Men's Sanforized White Broadcloth Shirts in two well-known brands (14 to 17) at \$1.35

Men's Fancy Pattern Mercerized Anklet Hose at 25¢

Men's Athletic Shirts of good cotton yarns at 29¢

Men's Athletic Shorts of plain white and fancy fabrics at 29¢

MEN'S GENUINE "RIVERCOOL" SLACKS

\$3.99

One of our most popular slacks for summer wear... both solid shades and fancy weaves... unusually well tailored and made with pleated fronts, zipper flys and cuffed bottoms... sizes 28 to 42 waist at \$3.99.

SALE! 200 PAIR MEN'S
SUMMER
OXFORDS

\$1.99



Bring Ration Book (No. 18)

There are solid whites in buck and calfkin leathers, brown and white leathers, ventilated shoes in black, brown or white... not all sizes in all styles and mostly LARGE SIZES!... Out They Go at \$1.99.

Boys' Oxfords for summer dress wear or play in all-white or brown and white leathers \$1.59

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SATURDAY
UNTIL 9 P.M.

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BETTER Clothes for LESS Money

Gumbert, Back in Top Form, Ready to Help Cardinals in Pennant Drive

Pollet or White Will Face Cubs and Bithorn In Twilight Contest

By J. Roy Stockton
Of the Post-Dispatch Sports Staff.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Harry Gumbert and Howard Krist, tall, handsome and roommates, are smiling and happy these days. The "Hall Room Boys" think they are going to be important members of the Cardinal pitching staff. Each suddenly struck his best stride recently and it was their fine pitching that netted the Redbirds two victories in the three-game series with the Reds, concluded yesterday.

Gumbert was wild at the start of the season. He wasn't hit so hard, but he walked men at critical times, and it doesn't take many base hits to beat you, if you keep putting men on the bases. Krist, too, didn't pitch at his best, though his record didn't indicate that he was having much trouble. He suffered only one defeat this year, making only five during his career as a Cardinal.

But Krist knew something was wrong, and he didn't discover what it was until his night game with the Reds, last Monday, was three innings old. During those three frames, the Reds had picked him for five hits and two runs. And then suddenly Krist struck his best stride. During the remaining four innings, before rain abbreviated the contest, the Reds didn't make a single safety, and in one of the frames Howard struck out the side.

Back to the Old Sidearm. That night, Krist and Gumbert, inseparable companions, returned to the hotel together and they were grinning as they entered the lobby. Gumbert was as happy about Krist's fine work as was Howard himself. What had happened so suddenly to enable Krist to pitch so effectively, after all the trouble he'd been having?

"I went back to side-arming 'em," was Krist's grinning explanation. "I'd been throwing overhead too much, I guess, from fooling around with a screwball and knuckleball. But I think I'm set now. I was pitching like I did other years, when I really was some help to the ball club."

Krist really has been a help to the club, too. His lifetime record as a Redbird, including his four victories and one defeat this season, is 30 games won and only five lost, and while 14 of the victories were registered against the Phillies, he has beaten every other club in the league. He has a four won and one lost record against the Braves. He has beaten the Dodgers once without being beaten by them. He is one and one against Chicago, five and one against the Reds, 14 and one with the Phillies, and has beaten the Pirates twice without a defeat. And so perhaps it hasn't been necessary to pick spots so meticulously for the tall right-hander.

Nine Hits in Two Games. Gumbert, who was obtained from

Sher 2 Up In Junior Golf Final

Dave Sher was leading Charlton Bradshaw 2 up at the halfway mark of their 36-hole final match in the Metropolitan Golf Association junior tournament on the municipal course in Forest Park this afternoon. Both are Forest Park players.

Sher had a medal score of 77, against Bradshaw's 80. Par for the course is 72.

Bradshaw reached the championship round yesterday by defeating Charles Jordan, Algonquin, 1 up, while Sher advanced by winning from Lloyd Grass, of Normandy.

Bradshaw and Sher are battling for the crown vacated by Jack Penberthy, Soldan High School champion, who passed the age limit and was not eligible this year.

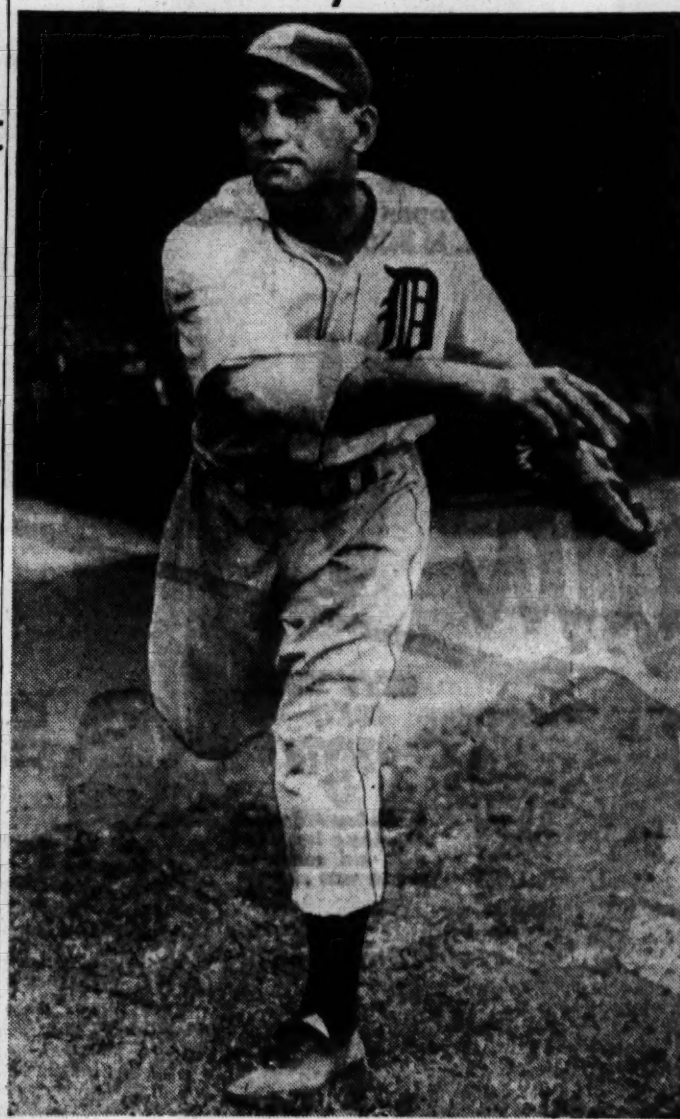
The Giants for Bill McGee, in what New York insists was the worst of many bad trades made by Bill Terry, has been brilliant in two of his last three games. He held the Reds to two hits at Sportman's Park, June 15, beating Bucky Walters, 3 to 1, and yesterday he trimmed the same Walters and Reds at Crosley Field, 5 to 1, yielding seven hits.

Yes, there's reason for the Hall Room Boys smiling. They seem to be at top form, to help with the pennant race, very hot just now. The Cards lead the Dodgers by a game and a half.

The Cardinals will bat against Hi Bithorn, who has defeated them three times this season, in a twilight game with the Cubs this evening.

Max Lanier had been scheduled to hurl for the Redbirds but was notified that his father, Stephen A. Lanier, died this morning at Denton, N. C. Manager Southworth announced that Howard Pollet or Ernie White would pitch instead.

Hornsby's Grief



"PRINCE" HENRY K. OANA, Hawaiian Islands, Tigers. Rogers Hornsby, Fort Worth business manager, sold him to Milwaukee. The Brewers turned him back without paying a \$4500 balance due. Detroit grabbed him as a free agent, Fort Worth having folded. Now Hornsby wants to know who's going to pay him that \$4500.

American League Plans To Operate Next Season, President Harridge Says

CLEVELAND, June 25 (AP).—President William Harridge of the American Baseball League declared today that "unless there is a sharp tightening of the man power situation," team owners plan to operate next year.

He also predicted that "the whole league as a whole" would enjoy a profitable season this year.

Harridge's remarks were made in a telephone interview with the Cleveland Plain Dealer and followed a prediction by Babe Ruth that major league baseball would become a war casualty next year if not sooner.

"Speaking only for the American League, we will certainly finish

"Bad weather this spring cut down our early attendance, but we have picked up now to a point where we are only a short step behind last year's record. And last year was one of our good years."

Concerning next year, Harridge said: "Unless there is a sharp tightening of the man power situation, I believe the people have showed that they want baseball."

Ruth, here as a guest at a newspaper carrier-party sponsored by the International Circulation Managers' Association, told newsmen yesterday he had "a hunch" that baseball won't survive the current season, and "it's a cinch they won't open the ball parks next year."

There is little to choose between the girls' teams performing in the St. Louis Park Softball League. The 11 contests which have been played have all been decided by small margins, with three runs the biggest margin enjoyed by a winner. Three runs is the highest total scored by any one team, while there have been six shutouts.

Results of games follow:

Team	Score	Team	Score
Both Lanes	2-0	Kettis	1-0
Both Lanes	2-0	Wetzel	0-0
Wetzel	1-0	Kettis	1-0
Both Lanes	2-0	Kettis	1-0

When WHIRLAWAY, America's No. 1 race horse, was beaten at Washington Park last Tuesday, it was the twenty-sixth time he had suffered defeat in his career. Above he is shown finishing third in his first 1943 start, behind his stablemate MAR-KELL, the winner, and KING'S ABBEY, the runner-up.

Ben Jones had hopes his Ocean Wave would be ready—but he won't, we learn. . . . Blue Swords is on the shelf. . . . That leaves just one horse with a remote chance of beating Count Fleet. . . . He is Occupation, winner of four Futurities and victor over the Count twice in three tries, last year.

Occupation came back to the races last Friday and barely nosed out Best Seller to win his first 1943 start. . . . The race was at six furlongs and the time 1:11 5-8 very creditable. . . . But Occupation barely lasted long enough to beat the on-coming Best Seller.

This seems to bear out the evidence of last year—that the son of Bull Dog is merely a sprinter. . . . He may, however, have been "short" on his first out. . . . And we'll hold our fire until after he travels a longer route. . . . They thought Johnston was just a sprinter. . . . But he turned out to be a router of highest quality.

Count Fleet Getting Set for the Classic. COUNT FLEET isn't likely to bother with handicaps this year, although, at this stage of the season he would receive a 12-pound concession from older horses. . . . His owner is concerned with winning the \$50,000 Arlington classic.

The Count will be shipped from Belmont to Chicago July 14. . . . He is recovering from the injury he suffered in winning the Belmont Stakes. . . . His trainer thinks he'll be OK for the Classic. . . . In that case, what is there to beat him?

Trainer Ben Jones isn't worried about Whirly winning to

Service Athletes Eligible

CHICAGO, June 25 (AP).—Stepping up its program of fitting men for service in the armed forces, the Western Conference has lifted its rigid athletic eligibility barriers for the duration, assuring sports participation for every student—whether he be a freshman, sailor, soldier, marine or a holder of a 4-F card.

Heavily endorsing the action of the Faculty Committee, Maj. John L. Griffith, Big Ten commissioner of athletics, said: "We don't want our boys to worry about their eligibility. This move was designed to erase all obstacles until our students return after the war. It may help relieve our shortage of football players this fall, but we are not thinking in terms of intercollegiate sports any more, but rather in terms of how we best can train men for the armed forces. I've always maintained that the Big Ten Conference will have good representation on the football field this fall."

This latest action augments other moves which waived residence rules and removed the ban on freshmen participation in varsity sports. Now, no competition by any athlete will be assessed against his record when he returns after the war. Servicemen-athletes of one school who have been shifted to other universities for specialized training will, therefore, be assured of keeping their eligibility intact at their original school although they may compete on varsity teams where they are stationed.

The only eligibility requirements to be enforced are those of regular enrollment in school as a student and the non-receipt of pay for athletic services.

Scholarship eligibility has been left to each university, with the expectations that each institution "will continue to maintain and enforce standards in such respect as to the condition in the current emergency."

Summing up their action, the faculty men stated: "Many of the conference rules of eligibility are the outgrowth of considerations which have little, if any, force during the present emergency. Competition during the war period sponsored by a college or university shall not be deemed 'intercollegiate' as such a term is used in the conference rules and regulations."

EVANSTON, Ill., June 25 (AP).—Francisco (Pancho) Segura of Miami won his critical semi-final match from Earl Cochell today, defeating the Southern Californian in straight sets, 6-3, 6-3, 6-0, to advance to tomorrow's final of the National Collegiate Athletic Association tennis championships.

Cochell, considered the most formidable barrier to the title march of the little Ecuador player in the N. C. A. A. meet, played at a vigorous pace in the first set but after holding a 2-2 deadlock he wilted and Pancho rolled off with a 6-3 triumph.

The Southern Californian came back strong in the second set and won the first two games. Then Segura, using a tantalizing drop shot and following up his advantage with steaming drives when Cochell came in to return the ball, packed away five consecutive games, dropped the next and then put over the clincher.

Cochell scored only eight points in being shut out in the third set.

Nancy Craig In Final Of Triple A Tourney. Nancy Craig, No. 1 player in the small girls' division of the Triple A tennis tournament, reached the final round yesterday with a two set victory over Pat Card and will meet Elaine Loeb for the title. Rain halted play in the late contests.

Richard Clark, second seeded in the small boys' class beat Richard Herr, 6-0, 6-0. Bill Schock, ranked second among junior boys won from Bob Hall, while Bill Ziervogel, third ranked junior, defeated Steve Post in the third round. Sarita Loeb beat her sister Elaine in a junior match, and August Schaffly advanced over Don Neiss by default.

SCORE BY INNINGS

Team	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.H.E.
NATIONAL LEAGUE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1000000
BOSTON (AT NEW YORK)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1000001

Other Games Today.

Team	Time	Location
NATIONAL LEAGUE	7:15 p. m.	St. Louis at Chicago, 6 p. m.
AMERICAN LEAGUE	7:15 p. m.	Brooklyn at Philadelphia, 7:30 p. m.
NATIONAL LEAGUE	7:15 p. m.	St. Louis at Chicago, 6 p. m.
AMERICAN LEAGUE	7:15 p. m.	Brooklyn at Philadelphia, 7:30 p. m.

Postponed Game.

Team	Time	Location
NATIONAL LEAGUE	7:15 p. m.	St. Louis at Chicago, 6 p. m.
AMERICAN LEAGUE	7:15 p. m.	Brooklyn at Philadelphia, 7:30 p. m.

Don't Feel Sorry For the Browns, McQuinn Declares

RICHMOND, Va., June 25 (AP).—Don't pity the lowly St. Louis Browns, boys, because they may do all right by themselves in this hectic American League scramble yet.

At least, that was the opinion of a fellow who ought to know—George McQuinn, the Browns' first baseman, who came to Richmond yesterday to take his final physical examination for the Army.

Officials at the local induction center reported McQuinn was sent to nearby Camp Lee for further examination. It will not be known for three days whether the Browns' first baseman will be rejected or accepted by the armed forces.

"Don't feel sorry for the Browns. Sure, we're at the foot of the league but only 3 1/2 games away from the leading 'Yankees,' McQuinn chirped. "But all the Browns need is to go on a little winning streak, and they'll be right up there with the rest of the teams."

"It's not hitting that's holding us down. That's our biggest fault. We've only got one 300 hitter on the team—Vernon Stephens."

"Then, too, we have had a lot of bad luck. We're always on the short end of the one-run games. I figure we can finish in the first division, and if we do that, we'll be doing all right."

McQuinn grinned. "Boy, those Yankees. They'll win the flag again this year. It looks like Washington has the best chance to beat them out. But I'll still pick the Yankees."

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Longson, Stabbed During Bout, to Go On With Show

Wild Bill Longson, heavyweight wrestler from Salt Lake City, paired with Sander Szabo of Santa Monica, Cal., in the headline bout on tonight's card at Kiel Auditorium, awaited his engagement with the referee.

Longson, who was hit in the head by a leg kick, where a bandage covered six stitches, cut off inflated by a spectator who reached through the ropes with a knife while Bill was tending with Dory Roche in a bout at Evansville, Ind., last Tuesday night.

During the first fall of the meeting with Roche, a man whose name Longson does not know cut him and he went on for 20 minutes before winning the fall. He had the leg taped up, went on for the second fall and remained in action 25 minutes longer before winning the match. Then he had a doctor examine the wound and six stitches were taken in it with extra heavy gut, with a view to getting him in the best shape possible for his bout tonight.

The attack was held by police, but Longson said he had no intention of prosecuting.

His bout tonight with Szabo is a one-fall affair. Charley Rentrop will be the referee.

Tonight's Auditorium Wrestling Program

Main match—Wild Bill Longson, Salt Lake City, Utah, heavyweight wrestling champion (241) vs. Sander Szabo, Santa Monica, Cal. (230). One fall to a 20-minute time limit.

Semifinal—Charley Rentrop, Chicago, 230 lbs., vs. Dory Roche, Omaha (240) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Third match—Warren Rockswold, St. Louis (230) vs. Ed. Dwyer, Omaha (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Fourth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Fifth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Sixth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Seventh match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Eighth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Ninth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Tenth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Eleventh match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twelfth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Thirteenth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Fourteenth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

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Sixteenth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Seventeenth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

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Nineteenth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twentieth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twenty-first match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twenty-second match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twenty-third match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twenty-fourth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twenty-fifth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

Twenty-sixth match—Dory Roche, Omaha (240) vs. Roy Graham, Des Moines (230) lbs. One fall, limited to 30 minutes.

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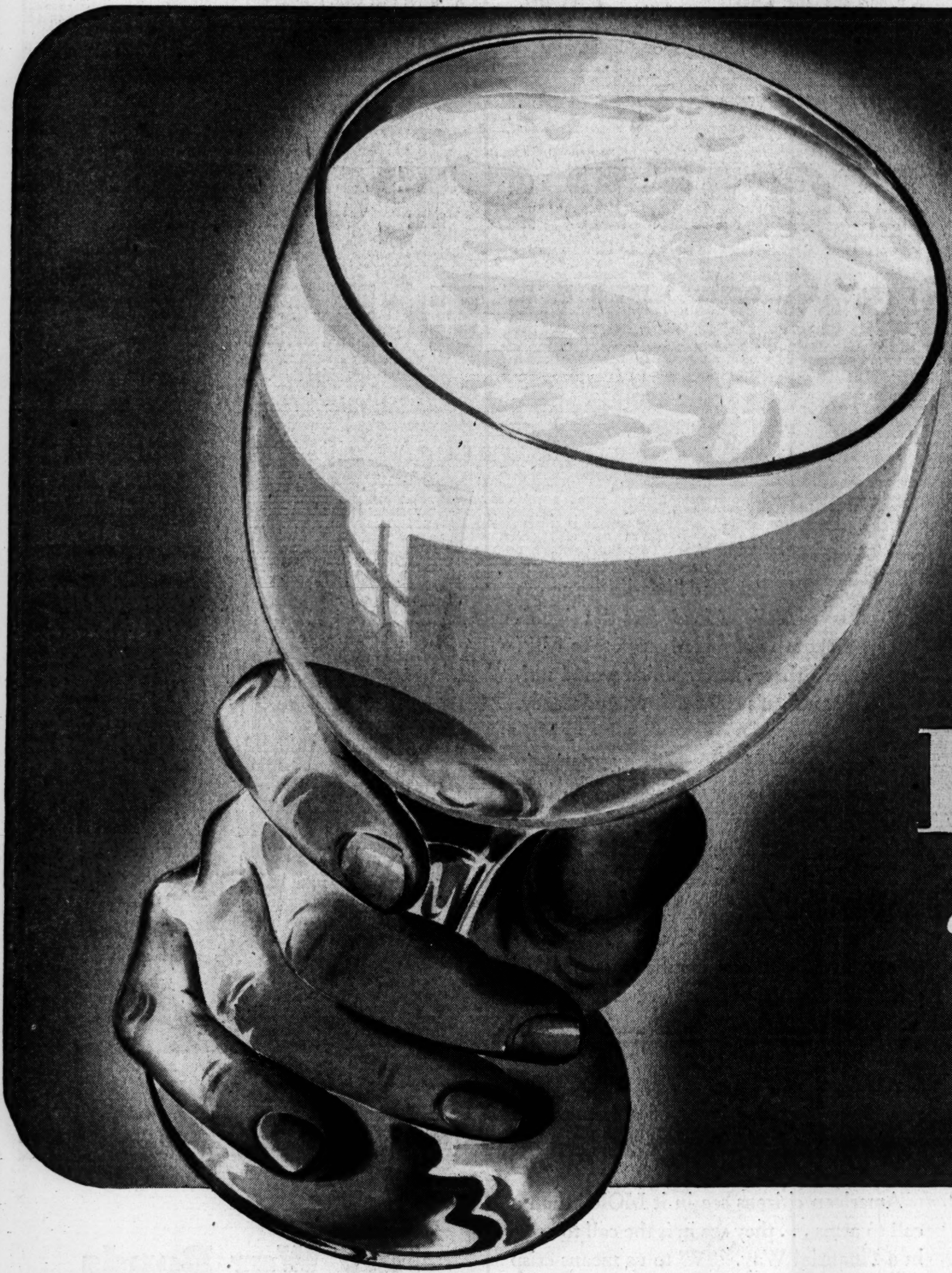
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*Here's
Looking at
a Flavor Thrill for
You*

"There's No Finer Beer in All The World"

WHEN thousands say of a brew that "There's No Finer Beer in All the World," it's certainly worth trying. It must offer a real experience in flavor to bring such praise.

We make Griesedieck Bros. Beer of the finest ingredients we can find anywhere. And... we make sure you get full benefit from their extra goodness. The beer is protected from air throughout the brewing process so that

the most delicate flavor and mellowness are kept in the beer for you to enjoy.

It is carefully and thoroughly aged to bring out its incomparable mellowness and smoothness. You get Griesedieck Bros. Beer at the very peak of delicious flavor!

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Griesedieck Bros.

Genuine Light Lager Beer

SAINT LOUIS



In "Regular" Bottles...
On Draught...and
In "Quality" Quarts



Cleaning Up

Tribulations of An English Bath

By Henry McLeMORE

LONDON, England.

I WISH I were a plain, common English sparrow, who is able to take a bath in a cupful of water. You've seen sparrows do it. They find themselves a little puddle in a bird-bath and give themselves an full Arden-Rubenstein treatment in five minutes, including a nice little shampoo. Patriots, both Englishmen and visitors to this country, have been asked by the Government to bathe in very little more water than a sparrow uses. Not only is water scarce in this country but the electricity needed to heat the water for hot baths can be used by essential war industries.

So every bathtub has a Plimsoll's mark on it. All men of the sea know what Plimsoll's mark is, it being the line on a boat above which cargo cannot be loaded. The bathtub Plimsoll's mark is a red streak above which those who wish to see the Nazis conquered do not fill the tub. The tubs in Buckingham Palace have their Plimsoll's marks and so do the ancient, little tubs with the lion's feet in Soho, Whitechapel and other homes, not quite as fashionable as the Palace.

★ ★ ★

THE TUB in my apartment has a Plimsoll's mark and while I have often longed to pop my Lionel Strongfort body into a brimming tub of water I have strictly adhered to the Government's request and have never filled the tub above the crimson mark. As a result I have had to learn an entirely new method of bathing. When I was learning to bathe myself as a child, water was plentiful and it was my delight to soap the back of the tub until it was a greased shoot and come rushing down into the water after the manner of a freckled bobbed. As I grew older I quit sliding, just as most of you undoubtedly did, and found satisfaction in soaking luxuriously in water so deep that my eyes and nose scarcely stayed above the water, rhino-fashion.

★ ★ ★

IF YOU WILL pardon me for being so intimate, I will describe a recent bath in my Plimsoll's marked tub. The water was scarcely a quarter of an inch deep. It was so shallow that the celluloid toys which I always take into the tub with me—my favorite is a pink swan—did not float but rested on the bottom. By the time I had taken care of the soap and worked up a handful of lather the water was all used up and there I sat in a perfectly dry tub, covered with suds and looking, I like to think, very much like an angel food cake with heavy icing.

The next problem was how to get these suds off. I tried standing up and shaking them off like a dog drying himself in front of a fire. I tried rubbing them off with a towel. I tried pretending as if they weren't there and slipped into my clothes—and when I say "slipped" I mean slipped.

★ ★ ★

AS I WALKED down the street people turned and guessed as to what I smelled like. I could hear passerby saying, "Lux, Camay, Woodbury's, Lifebuoy, Octagon, Cashmere Bouquet, Ivory, Palmolive" and any other of the standard brands which advertise in your newspaper. As a matter of fact I am using an English war soap called "Austerity Sandpaper" which is the only soap I have ever seen which penetrates the epidermis and cleanses the veins. Four more washings with this abrasive cake and I will be hanging in some medical center while interns point out my bones.

There was a saying in the last war that cleanliness was not next to Godliness but next to impossibility. I would like to say that unless the Plimsoll's mark in my tub is raised, my next newspaper offer will be to act as editor of the Hobo News and when I walk into a drawing room, not only eyebrows but windows will be raised.

Famous Fables

By E. E. Edgar

CENSORSHIP: James Gordon Bennett, the publisher, had a soft spot in his heart for the Paris edition of his New York Herald, and was extremely proud of the fact that the French paper had never missed a single issue in its history. Bennett went to great lengths to preserve this record, but he best demonstrated his ingenuity in 1914, when the German army was fast approaching Paris.

Most of the French papers had evacuated the capital city, but Bennett was determined to stand by his post and get his edition on the streets. He took hasty inventory. Only a skeleton staff remained. All the younger members had been called to the colors. Descending to the composing room, Bennett removed his coat and went to work setting copy.

He soon discovered that there would not be enough matter to fill the four pages. The news services were in a turmoil, and the handful of writers could not possibly fill the columns in time for the next edition. Bennett, however, refused to admit defeat. Hastily he set all the copy that had been written. Then, in all the blank spaces he placed the words:

"Deleted by Censor."

The paper hit the street on time.

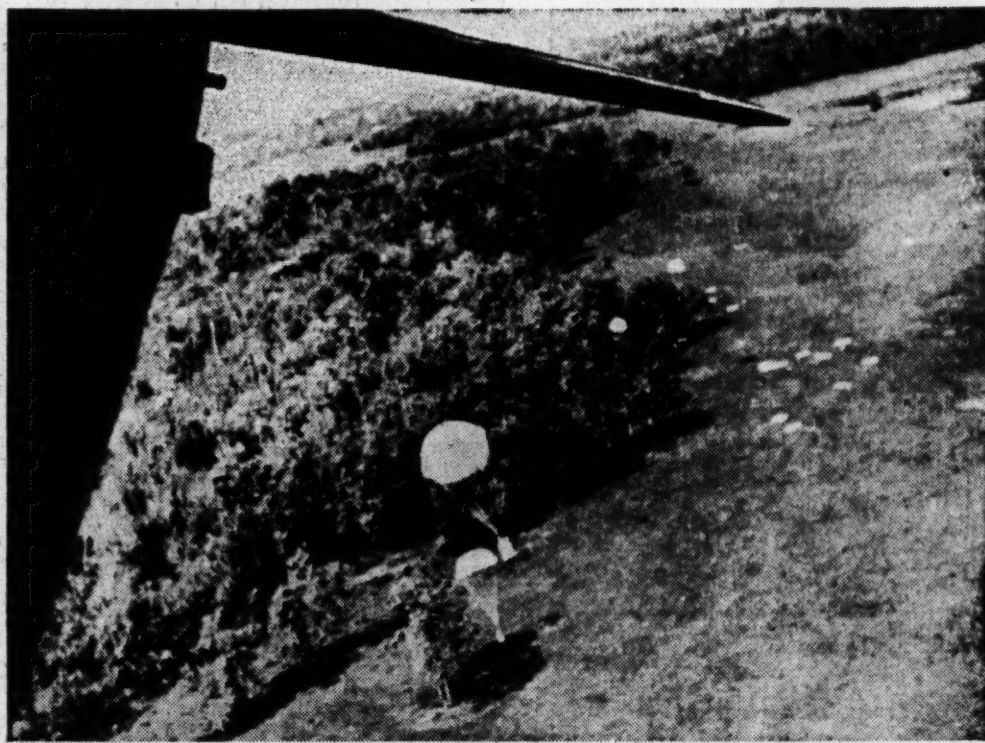
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EXCLUSIVE: Theodore Roosevelt, who never could resist a fight, wrote to President Wilson shortly after the U. S. entered World War I, requesting permission to lead a division of troops to France.

Wilson denied his request. When Roosevelt learned that he had been turned down, he was peeved.

"Personally," he said, "I find this a very exclusive war."

BRITISH EXPLOIT IN BURMA



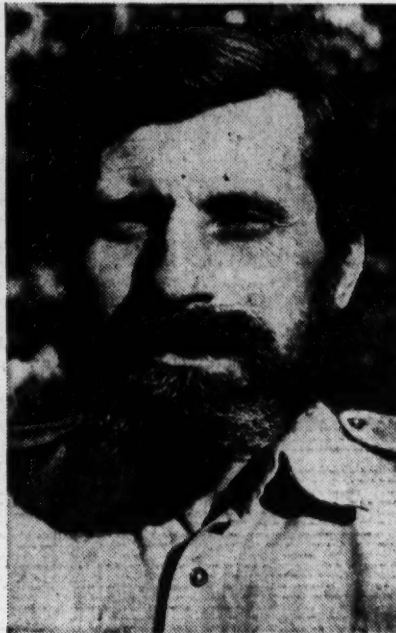
Supplies being dropped from an American plane for a force of British and native troops who carried out a daring three-month campaign against the Japanese in Burma, penetrating more than 200 miles into enemy-held territory and smashing rail communications and installations.



Their job done, these soldiers return to India by air, in contrast to their slow thrust overland into Burma, with mule "supply trains." The exploit, which began in mid-February, was not disclosed until May.



Sick and wounded members of the raiding force, who participated in bitter jungle fighting, are shown en route to base hospitals after being picked up by a transport plane. A flight rigger is passing out water.



Brigadier Charles Orde Wingate, 39-year-old British officer who led the foray, which was credited with upsetting the Japanese timetable for an attack against India. He is a relation of the famous Lawrence of Arabia.

—Associated Press Photos.

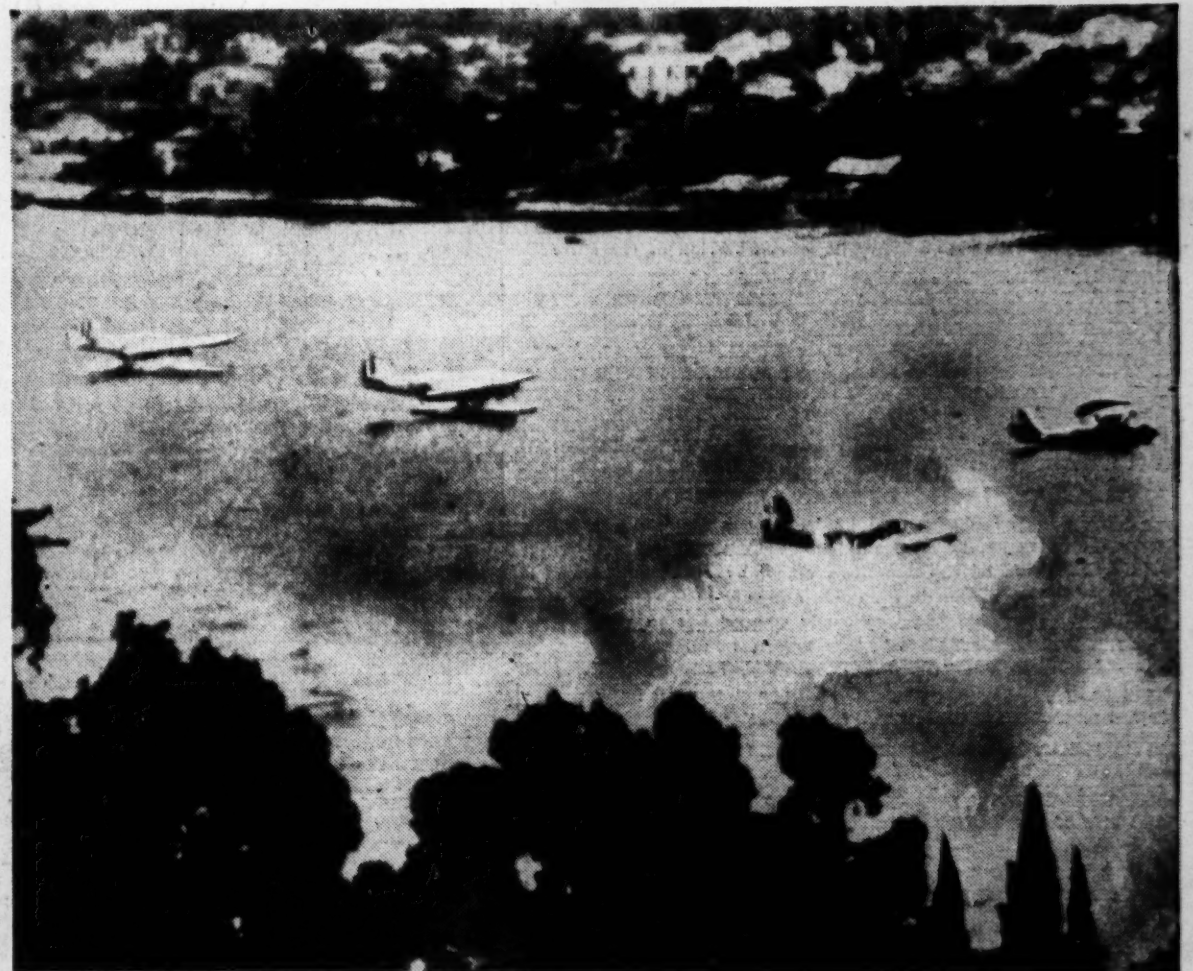


ANOTHER MEDAL FOR MISSOURI HERO

Col. Paul M. Crawford, commander of an American base hospital in Britain, pinning the medal of the Order of the Purple Heart on the pajama coat of Sgt. Jennings H. Palmer of Leeton, Mo. Palmer, tail gunner on the Flying Fortress "Mizpah," was wounded by a Nazi shell on his twenty-second air mission. He previously had received the Distinguished Flying Cross and the Air Medal with three clusters.

—International News Photo.

Axis Planes Attacked in Greece



Cannon fire from Royal Air Force Beaufighters straddling one of two Italian seaplanes, at right, during an attack on Preveza on the west coast of Greece. White planes at left are air ambulances and were not molested.

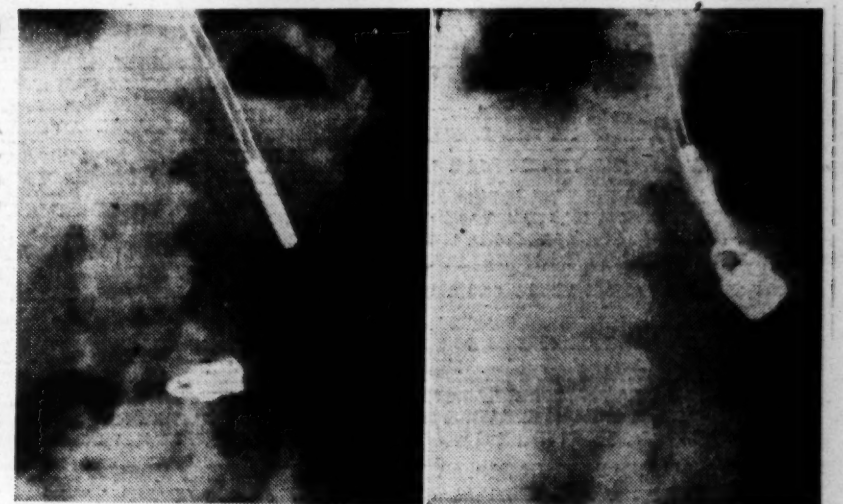
—Associated Press Wirephoto.



HE SWALLOWED A LOCK—AND HERE IT IS

Five-year-old Donald Brown smiling happily today in a Brooklyn (N. Y.) hospital as Nurse's Aide Margaret Sutton holds up a rubber tube and magnet with which a physician fished an inch-long metal lock, shown dangling at end of magnet, from the boy's stomach yesterday. X-ray pictures show steps in the unique operation: At left, the magnet nears the lock; at right, contact is made with the object, which the boy swallowed 13 days ago.

—Associated Press Wirephotos.



HOME WEDDING FOR SOLDIER

Pvt. and Mrs. George Mankes (center) surrounded by new-found friends at wedding arranged for them here recently. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi James A. Wax at the home of Mrs. Irl B. Rosenblum, 5785 McPherson avenue, who stands beside the bride. Mankes, whose home is in New York, is stationed here temporarily. His bride came from New York.

—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.

The New Films

By COLVIN McPHERSON

Negro Fantasy Is Fun

The foreword to "CABIN IN THE SKY," at Loew's Theater, calls it a "story of faith and devotion." That it is. But with Ethel Waters, Eddie ("Rochester") Anderson, Lena Horne, Louis Armstrong, Rex Ingram, Duke Ellington and his orchestra, the Hall Johnson Choir and many other Negro entertainers in it, it is bound to be more than that. With all these talents, it becomes a beautifully entertaining musical comedy.



ETHEL WATERS... WINS A DECISION FROM THE DEVIL

The screen version of the show which was at the American Theater two seasons ago tells the story of Little Joe Jackson, a gambling, no-good, and his loving wife, Petunia, who puts up a good fight and saves him from the devil, or, more specifically, Lucifer Jr. It turns out that the whole business was just Little Joe's delicious dream but that doesn't spoil the fun.

"Cabin in the Sky" would be worth the price if only to permit observation of Miss Waters' acting skill. One of the leading actresses of the American stage, by common acceptance, she has been seen in St. Louis not only in "Cabin in the Sky" and revues like "As Thousands Cheer," but in the dramatic "Mamba's Daughters." The screen audience, however, has encountered her only in minor roles, such as personal maid to Jeanette MacDonald in the happily forgotten "Cairo," or one of the episodes of "Tales of Manhattan."

In "Cabin in the Sky," she can pray for Little Joe's soul and seem pathetically sincere. She can sing "Happiness Is Just a Thing Called Joe" and score one or two points more than any of the "my man" prima donnas. She can get angry at Joe and his light-skinned girl friend, Georgia Brown, and make a threat to kill them as real as the flash of a knife blade. And when she goes down to Jim Henry's Paradise gin-mill and goes to town on the dance floor, there's an all-of-a-sudden heat wave in the place. Only a fully experienced actress could handle all her assignments.

Other players are enjoyed, too—Rochester, Miss Horne, Armstrong, Ingram, Willie Best, Butterfly McQueen and so on. Other songs pep up the show—"Cabin in the Sky," "Taking a Chance on Love," "Consequences" and "Honey in the Honeycomb." The dialogue is colloquial and clever, filled with punch lines.

How to Bust a Block

After you've seen a picture like "BOMBARDIER," at the Ambassador and Fox theaters, you go have a beer. Or maybe a milk-shake or plain lemonade. Somehow "Bombardier" of itself doesn't add up to the abundant life.

And over your beer, or milk-shake, or lemonade, you may come to wonder just why "Bombardier" was made that way. What was the big idea back of its production in Hollywood? Well, obviously to tie in with the war effort, but mainly to give us information about bombardiers, the boys who go around hunting pickle-barrels from 24,000 feet up, to drop bombs in. Pickle-barrels in the form of Nazi submarine bases and railroad centers and armament plants, or Japanese naval concentrations.

"Bombardier" does give information, fascinating information. It shows how bombardiers are trained. It tells us about the lads themselves—how they may be subject to peculiar emotional hazards, to strange fears, to air-sickness and one thing and another. We learn how pilots and bombardiers cooperate in delivering a load of destruction to the enemy.

Is there any need, then, to cook up a phony feud between Maj. Pat O'Brien and Capt. Randolph Scott? And do we have to have one silly emergency after another, such as a flare catching on the tail of the plane, or an automatic pilot going haywire or an oxygen tube getting loose? We think not.

Whatever is at stake in this war is a lot more important than any feud between any "Chick" and "Buck" and the mere honest details of a raid by Flying Fortresses are more thrilling than any excitement Hollywood could invent.

From Heel to Hero

Persons who expect that "PILOT NO. 5" is no more individual and interesting than its title might indicate are in for some surprises if they see the main feature at the Orpheum Theater. This account of an act of heroism in Java in March, 1942, and the story of the life that preceded it, is filled with hokum, quite true, and perhaps will not be believable in most respects, but certain scenes stand out vividly and cannot be forgotten.

At the start of the action, a Dutch Major, played by Steve Geray, asks for a volunteer who will fly the last remaining fighter plane against the Japanese. Franchot Tone is accepted and sets out to drop a 500-pound bomb on a Japanese carrier, from an improvised bomb rack. While he is on his way, others who remain on the island tell the story of his life. And in flash-back style, the audience sees it unfolded.

It seems that Mr. Tone had been a promising law student at one time and was much beloved by Marsha Hunt, but he took the wrong turn in the road and went to work for a crooked political machine. When he did try to get out, it was too late.

Whether most credit goes to David Hertz, who wrote the original story and screen play, or to George Sidney, who directed, there are moments in "Pilot No. 5" which will stick with many people long after the title and perhaps the players in the film can no longer be recalled. The scene in which the crooked Governor, played by Howard Freeman, poses for the film cameras. That's real slugging at politicians. Another scene in which a crazy girl becomes imprisoned in a chimney. It's good for a nightmare or two. And the arrival of an Italian refugee in his brother's law office in this country. Highly effective.

Second Features and Such

Second features are still with us, and who was kidding whom about their being abolished? Loew's companion feature, "A STRANGER IN TOWN," sends Frank Morgan, an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, to a small town on a duck-hunting trip and he helps Richard Carlson clean up a nasty political mess. The drubbing the crooks get is quite satisfying.

At the Orpheum, "THE DEVIL WITH HITLER" is a short slapstick burlesque in which the Old Nick actually does set out to do something about Adolf the Schicklgruber. At the Ambassador and Fox, Roy Rogers and his cowboy cavallering in "SONG OF TEXAS." At the St. Louis second features, "SHANTYTOWN" and "A GENTLE GANGSTER." One March of Time issue on "The New Canada" at the St. Louis and another about "Invasion!" at the Ambassador and Fox are added items.

They'll Do It Every Time :: By Jimmy Hatlo



Cherry and Berry Canning Methods

HOW tempting they look in the stores now; the blackberries, dewberries, black and red raspberries, boysenberries and cherries. And luckily for us and our families, they are the very simplest of "put-up" jobs for next winter's delicious desserts. No pre-cooking, and but a short-processing time in water bath or oven, and you will have jars full of berries that will keep their rich color, tempting aroma, vitamins and flavor. There's no doubt how important they will be in solving desert problems next winter. The Government has warned us to can fruits against probable shortages and the point values now—well, you know, so let's can our own.

There is no reason we should not re-use glass jars no matter what they've held before. For quite a while now, I've bought mayonnaise, coffee, etc., with an eye to re-using the jars for canning. The only "musts" are that they have no nicks or cracks and that the top size fits exactly the size of canning lids that are on the market. Try out the tops, before you sterilize the jars. It's a mean jolt to be suddenly faced with a full jar all ready to be sealed and no lid to fit it.

There are plenty of jars and lids in the stores now; the Government has seen to it. Also there are several new types of lids on the market. My standby is the two-piece metal vacuum type closure; you can buy them almost everywhere. Whatever type you get, follow the manufacturer's directions; it would take too much space to list all the types and different procedures. Just a word about the glass insert, metal screw band tops that require rubbers. The glass tops do stick out more than the metal type ones, so there is greater chance of disturbing the seal once the metal screw band is removed. That's why canning experts advise leaving the screw bands on the jars with glass inserts. With all-metal tops it is unnecessary.

Open kettle canning of berries and cherries belongs to the horse and buggy days. Our up-to-date choice is between the water bath and the oven method. The water bath method requires a large kettle, wash boiler, etc., with a perforated insert that holds the jars one-half inch above the kettle bottom; it must be deep enough to have water an inch above the jar tops. A well-insulated oven with accurate oven heat regulator is the "must" for oven processing. Don't use your oven until you have had it tested for accurate temperature regulation. One way or the other, make your choice and let's get started.

The gadgets are the same as we used in canning our strawberries. A large-mouthed funnel and a pouring ladle or measuring cup with a wooden handle simplify filling the jars. Tongs make it easy to handle the hot jars and lids. Swatches of clean cheesecloth are used in the water. Don't let them soak. Out with them again, and start stemming.

Now here's the recipe that I've found to give the most delicious results. Gently dump the berries from their boxes into cold water in your sink. With your fingers half opened, lift the berries up and down in the water. Don't let them soak. Out with them again, and start stemming.

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The Doctor Gives Views On Rationing

By Logan Clendening, M. D.

AS I WATCH the gyrations of the rationing boards, I am reminded of a speech which was made by a great Conservative whom I knew in Edinburgh many years ago, somewhat to the following effect:

"In the city of Edinburgh, which comprises nearly a million souls, every morning there is left on every doorstep one bottle or two bottles of milk. The household may need three bottles of milk, and if that is the case, three bottles of milk are left on the doorstep. This intricate arrangement has been made possible by the development of capitalism. I doubt whether or not an entirely Socialistic government could deliver exactly the precise number of bottles of milk on the proper doorsteps as required by the citizens of Edinburgh every morning, Saturday and Sunday included, every day in the year."

The quotation indicates to my conservative mind that when the emergency is all over it is most unlikely that the distribution of food will be left in the hands of the bureaucrats. They have not shown any conspicuous knack in conducting an over-all paternal management of the distribution of food, nor adjusting food prices to the pocketbook level of the average American family.

★ ★ ★
UNDOUBTEDLY PART of the confusion is due to the fact that Americans are unaccustomed to working on a point ration system. And this is a good augury for the future. But the way in which one commodity is advertised as very scarce one week and then the next week is so plentiful that its ration point value must be reduced in order to use up the surplus must drive a Socialistic-minded bureaucrat nuts. Again I am encouraged because it shows that the law of supply and demand still works, no matter how much they attempt to caulk up the holes in the dam, and I like to live in a world of law and order.

Another less economical spectacle, and one which I think involves a mistake, is the result of putting a time limit on when a certain ration stamp can be used. The American housewife, who is naturally a thrifty soul, finds herself Saturday with a whole page of stamps which will be useless Monday. So she proceeds to market, buys a number of things she does not immediately need and with the help of others like her, cleans out all the grocery stores and markets, so that even the cockroaches are feeling a depression.

★ ★ ★
ON THE WHOLE from the standpoint of a nutritionist, in spite of the fluctuating announcements, I cannot see that anyone is really suffering from malnutrition, and in many cases there is evidence that changes of dietary habits are beneficial.

I do not believe from the study of such authoritative surveys as I have been able to obtain that the diversion of food to civilian populations of other lands threatens to impose any deficiencies on the American people. The severest criticism of the Surplus Commodities Corporation which I have read concludes that at one time the corporation had stored enough food to supply a full month's ration of 48 points for half a million people. And that is not serious, because the stores were not perishable and will be used somewhere, sometime.

Still and all, we can recall with satisfaction for postwar purposes the words of the Great Decentralizer that: "If it were left to Washington to tell us when to plow and plant and reap, we would all starve."

Questions and Answers.
G. D. H.: I am in my late thirties and have been classified as a "potential diabetic." What are my chances of having a normal baby?
Answer: Many women, even those who have more or less serious cases of diabetes, have been able to have normal babies. If by proper treatment the disease is brought under control, there is no reason why you should not have a normal baby.

H. B.: Are men with high blood pressure accepted in the Army? If a man has served in the Army and acquired high blood pressure, will he be released?
Answer: Applicants with high blood pressure are not accepted in the Army. If it can be proved that the high blood pressure was the result of Army duty, the soldier will be honorably discharged in the line of duty.



Powerful, quick-acting. Will not spot or stain walls, drapes or furniture. Pleasantly pine-scented. For Exceeds U. S. Dept. of Commerce Min. Requirements for an AA Spray.

Why the Smiths Are Popular

WHY are the Smiths putting on such airs? Have they had their tires recapped? Is their victory garden the best in the neighborhood? Has their son just got his wings, or is their daughter an ensign in the Waves? Have they more than enough points for a nice big roast? Have they a relative in the fuel business? Or, more important still, have they got a cook?

Maybe that old bachelor uncle of Mrs. Smith's has died and left them money? Maybe the roofing man has told them they are now third on his list? Maybe Smith has been summoned to Washington to take an important desk in one of the war-production bureaus? Maybe Mrs. Smith has been named chairman of the local chapter of a national organization seeking a solution for post-war problems?

Why do all the men pat Smith on the back and fight to sit next to him on the bus and offer him their excess stocks of cauliflower and eggplant seedlings? Why do they ask his opinion of the war situation and protest that they have great faith in his judgment? Why do the women pay pretty compliments to Mrs. Smith's hair-do and praise her cooking, and ask her recipe for lamb stew with dumplings? Why do they mention that they have not seen half as much of her as they would like to, and invite the Smiths to come over for a meal and name their own day?

How is it that the Smiths, who have lived in the neighborhood for

twenty years and never caused a ripple, suddenly find themselves the center of attraction? The explanation is simple. The canning season is approaching and the rumor has gone out that the Smiths are among the chosen few who own a pressure cooker!

CHRISTOPHER BILLOP.



THREE SISTERS

"How Cool you look!"



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*Will not shrink more than 1%.

TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE

by WYNN

SATURDAY, JUNE 26.

Be alert to check extravagance and to spot heavy expenses before completely committed, today. Afternoon temptations to substitute action for reason; don't just dash about. Evening: new ideas that flow in are likely to be valuable.

Happiness. Seek truth wherever it is to be found. This is the only formula that has ever made anyone truly happy. No human being with a closed mind has ever been happy; he or she is prejudiced and therefore unaware of much truth that could otherwise have been enjoyed. Nothing but truth is enjoyable. "Those who become disillusioned," says Manly P. Hall, "had illusions." Avoid Fool's Paradise.

Your Year Ahead. Your year ahead means inward readjustment, if born on this date. Must control emotional swings. Push for practical financial-work betterment from mid July on; caution with estate. Danger: March 19th to April 7th.

My Neighbor Says:

To keep flowers fresh, change the water each night after cutting off about an inch of stem with a slanting stroke. If you have any charcoal, drop a small piece into the water. Remove the leaves near the bottom of the stem, as they spoil the water.

Gelatin salads will come out more easily if the mold has been well lubricated with French dressing or mayonnaise before filling with the salad mixture. This also gives extra flavor to the salad.

My Day -o- By Eleanor Roosevelt

HYDE PARK, Thursday.

I AM printing a letter today which has come to me and reads as follows: "Long Beach, Cal. 'Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt. 'My Day: 'Could you spare me a few lines in your column for the youth of America? After all, they are as important as teas, victory gardens, etc."

My son, who is a private in the Army, is home on furlough. Today we went down to get his transportation back to camp, which happens to be in Mississippi, a long trip. "We were told that, because of his being a private, we could not buy him a Pullman ticket. They were reserved for officers. The only way to procure a berth for him would be on a troop train. I am asking you, Mrs. Roosevelt, is this a democratic way of doing things. Is he still not a citizen of the U. S. A. and shouldn't the soldiers be accorded some consideration?"

"He came out of the ticket office and made one remark—a remark I have heard often of late—what are we fighting for, mother? Will you please give this your consideration, and I thank you." I think there must be some mistake about this, because, unless a train is already overcrowded, I am quite sure that a private, as well as a civilian, can get a berth or any accommodation that he is willing to pay for. What many people do not realize is the volume of travel today and the fact that they should make reservations far in advance. I know, for instance, of a case not long ago where a civilian waited in the station-master's office for accommodations, in com-

How It Started

By Jean Newton

"THE NAKED TRUTH"

Are we too soft to stand the shock of reverses? Can't we stand bad tidings, uncushioned by the announcement of good. Must the news be sugar-coated? The ancients tell how Truth and Falsehood went bathing. When they came out of the water, Falsehood put on Truth's clothes, but was regarded askance. Truth, refusing to masquerade, went nude—and was acclaimed. It is a reflection upon our backbone and spirit to assume that we do not prefer naked, plain, or unpleasant truth to the garnished brand.

My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Martha Carr:
I AM writing on behalf of a friend, an elderly lady, who is crippled and on relief, and wondering if anyone has some bedsprings they are not using. She also needs two chairs and a small gas stove because, having been moved to herself by the relief workers, she had no furniture of her own. Thank you and others in her behalf. A FRIEND.

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Martha Carr, of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will answer all questions of general interest but, of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. Those who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

Incidentally, won't those of you who have toys available, and in good condition, please get in touch with me?

IN ANSWER TO "Afraid": Girls who are growing up often have just the same problem to work out, so don't feel too worried, too set apart. This is a fault best overcome by directing your mind into other channels, toward lively and interesting things to do with the crowd, perfecting your tennis, learning to swim at the "Y," helping mother with the household chores, perhaps making a little money all your own, being so active and so busy that each day passes happily and you drop quickly and wearily into a good night's sleep. I know just how you feel about the bees and the flowers and suggest you try reading "Being Born," by Strain, and "A Girl Grows Up," by Fedder, both of which are interesting and instructive and more on your mental level, and both of which you can get at the Public Library.

IN ANSWER TO "Mrs. D. M. J.": None of the nurseries in town will take children younger than two years. If you feel that it is absolutely necessary for you to leave children who are so very young, and go to work in a defense plant, or elsewhere, perhaps the Children's Aid Society can help you. This Society helps working mothers to find housekeepers who will care for their youngsters and their homes while they are away. This answer applies also to "Mother of War Baby."

IN ANSWER TO "M. B.": You are just the right age for a lively teen-age group. If your parents know the crowd which goes to the movies together on Sundays, and approves of it, I see no reason why you should not be allowed to go along, and the return hour sounds reasonable enough. There are lots of amusing things you can think up to do this summer by way of picnics and parties of one kind and another, tennis, etc., which will keep you in the open.

IN ANSWER TO "E. C. B.": Surnames originated in various ways, but usually as an indication, somewhere in the dim and distant past, of a person's trade, occupation, or profession, or perhaps some personal characteristic. Thus Miller, Carter and Draper were so-called by trade, originally; Danville would have referred to an individual's place of birth; Short to a physical trait. You can find books on the subject at the public library such as "These Names of Ours" and "British Surnames."

IN ANSWER TO "N. K.": You have me all confused. Is the first boy who has become a pain in the neck to you a different fellow entirely, or is he the same one who gave you the "stretchy" bracelet? If the bracelet is of the costume jewelry variety, there is no reason why you should not accept it. If you are weary of a boy, you don't need to knock him over the head! Just be cool and forbidding. He will soon take the hint.

IN ANSWER TO "Mrs. M. E.": A Lieutenant is an officer, therefore your brother is a commissioned officer, whether he received this commission at West Point or from an Officers' Candidate School. Your friend who says otherwise is decidedly mixed up.

IN ANSWER TO "M. E. L.": Sometimes a woman's maiden name is restored to her by the court if she asks it. If not, then she combines her maiden name and her husband's surname and becomes, for instance, Mrs. Brown Jones.

IN ANSWER TO "Mrs. A. B.": You will find the Social Planning Council list of summer camps at the Public Library's Reference Department, and also material in other camps.

Social Problems

By Emily Post

Dear Mrs. Post:
ONE of the girls in our office is being married. Someone has suggested giving her a shower, but I think such parties should be reserved for the girl's best friends. Isn't that what you have said?

Answer: There is no reason why as many of her office associates may not give her a shower as may care to do so. But they should be free to join or not join by giving it somewhere outside of the office so that there would be no way of knowing who purposely stayed away and who were not able to be present. In any case, the gifts should be limited to a simple item—as a handkerchief or a kitchen gadget, for example.

DEAR MRS. POST: Why is it that an unmarried attendant of honor to the bride is called a maid of honor; a married one, matron of honor, and yet the bridesmaids are maids whether married or single? It hardly seems consistent.

Answer: They, too, are called bridesmaids. The word is perhaps less often heard because one married friend as matron of honor is not unusual, whereas several married attendants are comparatively rare.

DEAR MRS. POST: What is correct jewelry to give a very young baby?

Answer: A pair of bib pins; three little studs held together with a chain for the back of its dress; a necklace of tiny pearls or coral, or turquoise beads are sometimes given a baby girl to wear when she is older. A young child should not wear a ring or a bracelet—not, that is, according to best taste.

DEAR MRS. POST: Is an envelope addressed to Pvt. and Mrs., or does it have to be Mr. and Mrs. when the wife is included.

Answer: Pvt. and Mrs. is correct. A man's military rating as well as rank is always given on the superscription of an envelope.

An Analysis Of Bidding in Bridge Game

By Ely Culbertson

DEAR MR. CULBERTSON: Several days ago, friends of mine were playing bridge and this hand was dealt:

North dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.
A964
A7
AQJ7654
10876542
9—
K832
NORTH
WEST
EAST
SOUTH
93
KQ1032
Q865
109
AKQJ
J876
KJ932

The bidding proceeded as follows:

North East South West
3 hearts Pass 3 spades Pass
5 clubs Pass 5 diamonds Pass
Pass Pass 6 no trump Pass
Pass Pass
You will observe that any of the doubled contracts could have been made and, with the hundred honors, three spades would have netted the highest score. Please advise what the correct contract was, and how to arrive at it.
"Five no trump was made as follows: West opened a spade. South won and led a small diamond to the ace, returned the diamond seven and successfully finessed the jack. South cashed the diamond king and two more rounds of spades, then put East in with the diamond queen. East led the king of hearts; dummy won and returned a heart. East made his queen, but then had to lead a heart, which South took with the jack, and the established diamond and fourth spade completed the contract."

The bidding on this deal was unusual, to put it mildly. The first outstanding error was made by North, in opening with three clubs. For some strange reason that I have never been able to discover, some players cling to the antiquated notion that a strong hand can be announced via an opening three bid. That is not the case. Opening three bids should be reserved exclusively for hands containing one long and solid, or almost solid, suit, but with very little strength on the side. With aces in both hearts and diamonds, North's correct opening bid was one club.

Aside from this, however, the most serious mistake in the bidding was made by South when he failed to redouble four hearts. This error was no more excusable for having been an error of omission. Surely South should have welcomed the opportunity to play at a heart contract with something akin to ecstasy, and how could he make that feeling known to North except by redoubling? Assuming anything like proper play by declarer, the defenders could not have taken more than three tricks and the 530 points collected by North-South exclusive of their rubber bonus, would have represented the largest possible score.

Incidentally, South's failure to redouble four hearts points up the generality that players are entirely too sparing in their use of this powerful weapon, even when the conditions are exactly right.

(Write your bridge troubles and problems to Ely Culbertson, care of this paper, enclosing a self-addressed stamped envelope.)

If doors or bureau drawers stick during hot weather, a little wax rubbed on the surface where friction occurs will end the trouble.

Is Mother Girl's Best Friend?

By Elsie Robinson

IS MOTHER a girl's best friend? Wilma believes she is, and, without a dissenting vote, All Mothers Incorporated, will agree with her. But you might be surprised if you took a straw vote from the rest of the girls. However, let's give Wilma her say first:

"Dear Miss Robinson:

"Why do you so frequently criticize mothers? It is very hard to understand, particularly when you say that you are a mother yourself. Everybody knows that every mother's life is a sacrifice. Why, when children are grown, do they forget the loving service? Why don't they turn to mother for guidance as they did when they were little? Think how happy it would make her. Surely she still knows the world better than they do, for has she not had a much longer experience? Let us make mother happy while we can. She may leave us some day, WILMA."

That's a nice letter. It will bring a lump into many a throat and a tear into many an eye, and I hope it makes some of our ungrateful sons and daughters sit down and write a note to the little old lady at home who gave them years of gentle, unselfish service.

But I still refuse to take back a word I've said; and I still won't admit that mother is necessarily a girl's best friend. She can be. She may be. She sometimes is. But she can't assume that position merely by marrying papa and giving birth to little sister.

If mothers wish to rank as authorities they must qualify like any other class of citizens. A mother must be more than a mother. She must be a happy, healthy, hustling, human being, and help to her universe. And she

"We Are What We Eat"

Economical Menus for Tomorrow

By Meta Given

LET'S get rid of the idea that lettuce is a not-too-satisfactory substitute for sugar. It can stand on its own feet as a sweetening which has an entirely different flavor and different characteristics all around. Honey has such an intense sweetness that it is seldom used as the sole sweetening agent in any cooked food. Part honey and part sugar is more satisfactory.

Prune Drop Cookies.
Two and one-half cups flour; two teaspoons baking powder; one-half teaspoon salt; one-fourth teaspoon cinnamon; one-third cup sugar; one-third cup shortening; two-thirds cup honey; one egg, beaten; one-half teaspoon grated orange peel; one-fourth cup milk; one cup chopped, cooked prunes.

Sift and measure flour and resift three times with dry ingredients. Cream sugar and shortening, add honey and beat well. Add the flour and milk alternately. Fold in the chopped, cooked prunes. Drop from spoon onto a well-oiled cookie sheet and bake in a moderately hot oven (375 degrees F.) for 15 or 20 minutes. Yield, two and one-half dozen.

MENUS FOR SATURDAY.

Breakfast.
Orange juice, six juice oranges; hot cooked rice, three-fourths cup; rice, cooked, top milk, sugar; toast and butter, eight slices enriched bread, butter or fortified margarine; coffee (for adults), three tablespoons coffee; milk (for children), two cups milk.

Luncheon.
Scrambled eggs, five eggs, one-third cup milk, one-half teaspoon salt, dash pepper; lettuce and green pepper salad, one-half head lettuce, one-half green pepper, one-third cup mayonnaise; toast and butter, eight slices enriched bread, toast, butter or fortified margarine; doughnuts, six bought doughnuts; milk for all, one quart milk.

Dinner.
Halibut steaks, one and one-half pounds halibut, margarine, salt, pepper and paprika, pan fry or broil; mashed potatoes, one and one-half pounds potatoes, milk and seasoning; buttered spinach, two pounds spinach, butter, seasoning, lemon edges or a little vinegar if desired; radishes, two bunches; baked custard, two eggs, one-fourth teaspoon salt, one-third cup sugar, two and one-half cups milk, one-half teaspoon vanilla, bake at 325 degrees Fahrenheit for 40 to 50 minutes; prune drop cookies (see recipe above); cereal beverage (for adults), two teaspoons cereal beverage; milk (for children), two cups milk.

PICTURED ABOVE ARE FOUR STACKS OF HAY, THE ONE AT LEFT GROWN ON SOIL-TREATED LAND, THE OTHERS ON LAND THAT WAS NOT TREATED. COWS, WITH ACCESS TO ALL FOUR STACKS, ATE FROM THE SOIL-TREATED HAY, IGNORED THE OTHER STACKS. AT RIGHT, DR. W. A. ALBRECHT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI.

Out of the Soil Comes the Weal or Woe of Living Things, Believes Dr. W. A. Albrecht, Scientist at University of Missouri

By F. A. Behymer

A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch

COLUMBIA, Mo., June 25.

IT'S what we eat that makes us what we are. Eating the right food is good for us and eating the wrong food is bad for us. And that goes for domestic animals and wild life, the birds, the fishes and vegetation. The right food is the fruit of the soil's fertility. The wrong food is the fruit of its infertility. Out of the soil comes the weal or woe of living things.

"Most everything is as it eats," says Dr. W. A. Albrecht, chairman of the Soils Department of the College of Agriculture of the University of Missouri, who has devoted himself to a study of soil constituents, their effects upon crops and, ultimately, upon animals and humans who consume the crops, during a considerable part of the time since he became a member of the faculty in 1916.

Out of his study has come the concept, supported by countless experiments and observations, that soil fertility, as variously constituted for its various purposes, is the source of life's good and that its impairment or destruction is the cause of a great many of life's frustrations and ills. There is more to be learned and much to be done, but under the leadership of Dr. Albrecht and others following the same line of research, there is the beginning of a back-to-nature movement that gives promise of correcting many of the mistakes of man in his efforts to improve on nature.

Through the ages, before man came along, Mother Nature ran things and did a pretty good job of it. By tried and proved processes—the weathering of the rocks, its disintegration and the distribution of its elements, the growth of vegetation and its decay, the procession of the seasons, the gifts of the sunshine and the air—she created and maintained the fertility that was needed for all the forms of life. The plants tasted the richness that touched their roots and found it good and flourished, each according to its fashion. The wild life of the forest fed upon it and was satisfied. The birds found the seeds that were suited to their needs and the fishes fed upon the nutrients that were washed from the land into the water.

Then along came man, looked upon what Mother Nature had done, and, true to the nature of the breed, found fault with it. The old girl had done the best she could, but give him time and he would show her a better way. Slowly through the years he supplanted her processes or bent them

to his will and in the time of trouble, when wars raged and great was the need for the earth's products, there was want in the land, for the devils of man had failed. There was dispersal of wild life and afflictions were visited upon the beasts that served man and even upon man himself.

These things happened because Mother Nature is shy. She doesn't fight for what she knows is best. Before man came she dwelt in peace with her plants and her wildlife. But when man found fault and set himself up as smarter than she and turned to ways of his own, she withdrew, as she always does when she is opposed, and left man to make his mistakes. Perhaps, after he had tried to improve on her and had suffered for his conceit, he would return in humility to her and place himself at her service.

It was a long time coming, for there was much richness stored in the earth, not quickly squandered by profligate spending. Man, not lacking in cunning, pitted his talents against the plagues that he had brought upon himself and sought the remedies that gave best promise of removing them. Then at last the wisest of the wise men found that the remedies that were best were to be found in the medicine chest of long-sorced Mother Nature.

Wild life, the wise ones say, has been diminished by migration and death, because of the disappearance of the foods that they require. That, in turn, has resulted from the depletion of the soil. Restoration starts with the soil and the production from it of the foods that were prevalent before man upset Mother Nature's provision for her feathered and furred children.

Birds and animals, says Dr. Albrecht, cannot be re-established where they used to be by such a simple expedient as planting, hatchlings and colonies unless the soil where the plantings are made

can produce the food upon which they live and without which they cannot live. Wild things are wiser than the wisest men. They know what foods they need to keep them alive, and select it unerringly if it is to be found. Whether it is to be found depends upon what has happened to the soil which grows the foods. They cannot be fooled by substitutes that are deficient in nutrients. They will eat these if they have to rather than accept the alternative of starvation, but they will not thrive.

Tests have shown that animals pick the foods that they need, not merely those that they like. As Prof. Evard of Iowa State College has observed, a pig will make a hog of itself, if permitted its choice of foods, quicker than man can make a hog of it by forcing it to take the foods that are offered. For that reason it has become the common practice to provide self-feeders from which the growing pigs can select the foods that are best for them. It has been demonstrated that in making the selection they are not guided by taste but a deeper knowledge of their needs.

Cows, too, know what is good for them and make their selection by a perception more acute than test tubes provide. This has been proved by an experiment on the E. M. Polrot farms at Golden City, Mo. A prairie grass field was treated to restore to the soil nutrients that it had lost. At harvest time hay taken from 10 acres of treated land was mixed with hay taken from 15 acres of untreated land and this mixed product was stacked apart from the rest of the crop taken from untreated land. There were four stacks in all. Three of them were so placed that the cattle had to pass them daily in going for water. The fourth, composed of the mixed hay, was placed beyond the other three. The animals passed the three stacks and went on to the fourth and fed upon it until it was consumed and then looked around for more of the hay from the treated soil. They fed at the other stacks only when there was no alternative. This has happened annually since 1936, when the first and only treatment was applied. Though the treatment was not heavy its effects in restoring nutrient elements to the soil have survived this long.

Dr. Albrecht recognizes in all living things a capacity for the selection of the foods they require to flourish, and that the required food values derive from the soil, so that not only vegetation is a

Take My Word for It

By Frank Colby

Colby's Dictionary of Newswatch Terms.

Mount Vernon: I love your newswatch terms. Give us some more, for I want to send them to commentators — whose phony "Hahvud" accent and banishes wall amuse us nightly. — Mrs. S. H.

Flah means "flair" and "flair," as: Gull Scouts presented flahs to ah flahs of the Ah me sh fawce.

Bodge means "bodge," as: Ah flahs taw into faw aw five enemy invasion bodge.

Shoek means "shark," as: The shock filled wottahs of the hahbuh. Shop means "sharp," as: Faw of ah flahs swam faw faw ah as they woddod off the shop teeth of blood-thusty shoeks.

Goddling means "guarding," as: Jummum ahmud positions goddling the pahaws of Frawnce.

Fah means "fire" and "far," as: Ah, lost night in Frawnce ah flahs stotted a fah that was visible as fah as fawty-faw miles.

Yod means "yard," as: Ah hoddly fawces, snolling like tighs, crept fawd yod by yod despite the shop bock of Jummum machine gun fah that came from ahmud cabs that had been pocked beyond the bob wah, and which threatened to bah ah mook fawd.

Stun means "stern," as: Jummum prisnahn smottling undah the stun commawnds of ah Ah me men godding them and hudding them behind bob wah.

Coost means "cast," as: A Buhlin broadcast hud lost night put its coost on the table by stating that ah bommbahs rawed through an ovaohcast sky to coost bombs on railroad yods and ehcroft plonts, stotting fahs that spread foster than has been obssved so faw this yuh.



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Hillbilly Jamboree
SATURDAY NIGHT, 9:00 TILL 7
GRANDPAPPY JONES AND HIS
CARSON COWBOYS & VONNIE LEE
National Champion String Band
& JIMMIE & DICK—The Novelty Boys With Core Deane
Don't miss
JACK FIELDS' Sensational Orchestra
and the National Champion String Band
SET-UPS—Bring Your Own
Showboat Ballroom
Air-Conditioned, 4440 Delmar, East of Taylor
ADMISSION 50c

AIR-CONDITIONED WONDERLAND
Special Rates for Parties—Call RO. 2640
Chicago Shoe Skates For Sale
LADIES' AND MEN'S
COMFORTABLY COOL—
ROLLER RINK * EASTON
WANTED USED SHOE
OR RINK SKATES

ROLLER SKATE AT THE ARENA
SEPARATE FLOOR FOR BEGINNERS
Amusements Amusements

Ray HERBECK and his
FOREST PARK HIGHLANDS
RIDES • SWIMMING • FREE CHOW
DANCING NIGHTLY 40
MUSIC with ROMANCE
Featuring LORRAINE BENSON

Today's Photo Play Index

MELBA	Grand & Miami	Dinnerware to Ladies, 2 Shows, 6 and 9	Wm. Lundigan, 'Sunday Punoch'	Bruce Smith, 'Smith of Minnesota'
MICHIGAN	Michigan & Rogers	Dinnerware to Ladies, 2 Shows, 6 and 9	Boris Karloff, 'The Black Cat'	Richard Travis, 'Truck Busters'
CINDERELLA	Cherokee & Rogers	Dinnerware to Ladies, 2 Shows, 6 and 9	Man Will Get You 'Truck Busters'	Man Will Get You 'Truck Busters'
VIRGINIA	5117 Virginia	Henry Fonda, M. O'Hara, 'Immortal Sergeant'	Gene Autry, 'Bells of Capistrano'	
LEMAV	318 Lemay Ferry	Joan Davis, 'He's My Guy'	Frankie Albert, 'Spirit of St. Louis'	
STUDIO	4227 Nat. Bridge	Ann Miller, 'Reveille With Beverly'	L. Leder, 'South Ford, 'Gloria Mae'	
SAVOY	Ferguson, Mo.	Ann Miller, 'Reveille With Beverly'	J. M. Brown, 'Little Joe the Wrangler'	
NORMANDY	722 S. Nat. Bridge	Jane Withers, 'Johnny Doughboy'	and 'Pamela Fairbanks'	
SOUTHWAY	9738 S. Bridge	15c Plus Tax, Humphrey Bogart, 'Big Shot'	and 'Exile Express'	
MELVIN	3212 Chilpewa	Joel McCrea, 'Forsythe Against the Ropes'	Florence Rice, 'Stand By, Mr. Watson'	
O'FALLON	4028 W. Florence	William Tracy, 'Fall In'	James Gagny, 'Great Guy'	
BADEN PARK	8201 N. Broadway	John Porter, 'Fall In'	James Gagny, 'Great Guy'	
ASHLAND	2520 N. Newstead	Ashland Only, 'BEAR GUNNER'		
BREMEN	20th and Deutscher	Simone Simon, 'TAHITI HONEY'	Marguerite Chapman, 'A Man's World'	
SALISBURY	2504 Broadway	Brenda Starr, 'The Girl Who Sings'	Rosella Night	
QUEENS	4700 6th St. Marlin	'Tahiti Honey' Simon Simon & 'Man's World'	Petit Point Coupons Redeemed	
JANET	6000 Fairview	Pappy Chase, 'Hi, Neighbor'	Ray Henry, 'The Girl Who Sings'	
LOWELL	5039 N. Broadway	Gene Autry, 'Bells of Capistrano'	'Life Begins at 8:30' Vermillion Rose Night	
BRIDGE	4889 Nat. Bridge	Joan Bennett, 'Margie for Error'	Clara Lee, 'The Girl Who Sings'	
PAULINE	5000 Claxton	'Boogie Man Will Get You' Boris Karloff, 'Peter Lorre and 'Smith of Minnesota'		
ROBIN	5470 Robin	'A Man's World' Marg. Chapman, 'London Blackout Murders' Bakerware to Ladies		
BEVERLY	7740 Park Olive	Teresa Wright, 'Shadow of a Doubt'	GUY KIBBEZ, 'GLORY WARREN'	
GEM	4000 W. Johns	'CINDERELLA SWINGS IN' — CARTOON		
OVERLAND	Overland, Mo.	Loretta Young, 'A Night to Remember'	Ralph Bellamy, 'The Great Impersonation'	

DRIVE-IN THEATRE
MOVIES FROM YOUR CAR
Noel COWARD & John MILLS William TRACY & Joe SAWYER
'In Which We Serve' 'ABOUT FACE'

OSAGE Kirkwood, Mo. Air-Conditioned
Bob Hope, Dorothy Lamour, 'THEY GOT ME COVERED'
Bibi Sten, 'Hi Ya, Chum' Starts Mon. 'Come With Wind'

OZARK Webster Groves
Open 7—Starts 7:15
Aldridge At 8:45
30c
James Inc. Ellison • Jane Kent • ARMY SURGEON

APOLLO Kirkwood, Mo. Air-Conditioned
Delia & Walters
MONTY WOOLLEY
LIFE BEGINS AT 8:30
Noel Coward in 'In Which We Serve'

ARCADIA Air-Conditioned
Archie Skidmore
2 Musical Hits with Nation's Greatest Dance Orchestra
'Dead End Kids' 'Mug Toss'

Compton 3145 Park
15c
'A Night to Remember' Loretta Young, Brian Aherne, 'The Girl Who Sings'

FAIRY 5549 Easton
15c
'A M & ZING MRS. HOLLYDAY' and 'TRUCK BUSTERS'

HI-WAY Family Night, 'Red River Robin Hood', Tim Holt, John Hubbard, Virginia, G & Y, 'Secrets of the Underground', Cartoon, Revs.

King Bee 1710 N. Jefferson
15c
'It Comes Up Love' and 'The Devil Commands' to Ladies, 'Hi Ya, Chum'

Kirkwood 3200 Westwood
15c
Frederic Foster, 'Red River Robin Hood', Tim Holt, John Hubbard, Virginia, G & Y, 'Secrets of the Underground', Cartoon, Revs.

Lexington AIR-CONDITIONED
3408 N. Union
15c
John Abbott, 'London Blackout Murders', 'Gene Autry, 'TENNESSEE'

AMBASSADOR! FOX!
STREAKING ACROSS THE SCREEN WITH THE FURY OF A BLOCK-BUSTER!
RKO-Radio's Adventure Romance of the Year!
NOW! BUY A BOND TO BUY A BOMBER!
SEND YOUR NAME TO WAR!

BOMBARDIER
With Randy SCOTT Pat O'BRIEN Anne SHIRLEY Eddie ALBERT
PLUS!
KING OF THE COWBOYS... Singing Your Favorite Songs!!
ROY ROGERS 'SONG OF TEXAS!'
Shirley RYAN • MacLANE
WOMEN... JOIN U.S. MARINE CORPS!
EXTRA! 'INVASION!' WHEN? HOW? America's Girls for the Sea... In a Bottle of Europe! ADOLPH HERE WE COME!

MISSOURI • NOW!
DOORS OPEN 12 NOON
TWO OF THE YEAR'S GRANDEST FILMS!
BETTY GRABLE BACK FROM 'CASABLANCA'
George MONTGOMERY • Cesar ROMERO
'CONEY ISLAND!' Tunes! Girls! Fun! In TECHNICOLOR!
BOGART 'ACTION in the NORTH ATLANTIC!' Raymond MASSEY • Julia BISHOP

ST. LOUIS NOW SHOWING!
MacLANE • LaRue 'Gentle Gangster!' with Joyce COMPTON
LEE • Archer • Gilbey 'SHANTY-TOWN!' EXTRA! THE NEW CANADA! OUR NEIGHBOR AT WAR!!

LAST CHANCE TO SEE
This extraordinary picture
6th WEEK BEGINS SATURDAY
FULL-LENGTH VERSION WITH SPECIAL SOUND EQUIPMENT
WALT DISNEY'S
FANTASIA
STOKOWSKI
Special Added Attraction
Ballet Russe de MONTE CARLO
'The GAY PARISIAN' in Technicolor
Make Reservations Now—Phone FR. 0386
ONE SHOW NIGHTLY 8:15—MATS. SAT. & SUN. 2:15
PRICE \$1.12 (Inc. Tax) Children Half Price
ART THEATRE 3143 Olive Cor. of Compton

GARRICK 6th & CHESTNUT
REFORM GIRLS
Plus 2nd Feature
Strange Adventures (on Forbidden Island)

EMPIRE 11th & GRAND
Year's Gayest Romantic Fun Hit!
LANA TURNER • ROBERT YOUNG
'SLIGHTLY DANGEROUS'
Edmond Lowe • Marguerite Chapman
'MURDER IN TIMES SQUARE'
EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT
WAR WORKERS' ALL-NIGHT SHOW
Come as Late as 2:30 A. M.
and See Both Features

UPTOWN 3rd & CHESTNUT
JOHN CARROLL • SUSAN HAYWARD
FREDDY • GUNN • RAY MARTIN • BASIE • RAY MCKINLEY
and Their Famous Bands in
'HIT PARADE OF 1943'
PLUS CO-FEATURE
ANN • MELVYN • LEE • SOTHERN • DOUGLAS • BOYMAN
'THREE HEARTS FOR JULIA'

BATAAN
The story of a patrol of 13 heroes
Getting ready at M-G-M
SHIRLEY DEAN • JAMES SMITH
Soleist Pianist
EXCELLENT DINNERS
MODERATELY PRICED
ENTERTAINMENT NIGHTLY

Claridge
ENTERTAINMENT NIGHTLY
SHIRLEY DEAN • JAMES SMITH
Soleist Pianist
EXCELLENT DINNERS
MODERATELY PRICED
ENTERTAINMENT NIGHTLY

COOL! SCIENTIFICALLY AIR-CONDITIONED!
6 UNITS! WILL ROGERS 'SILVER QUEEN'
GEORGE BRENT 'ONE OF OUR AIRCRAFT IS MISSING'
AIR HIT! 'One of Our Aircraft is Missing'
Cort. Revs. with Poppy! 1st-Run News!

LOEWS STATE
YEAR'S GAYEST SHOW!
The Broadway musical hit now on the screen... full of melody... full of joy!

CABIN IN THE SKY
STARRING
ETHEL WATERS 'ROCHESTER' (EDDIE ANDERSON)
LENA HORNE
Plus
'Stranger in Town' with FRANK MORGAN

Gala MIDNIGHT SHOW
SAT. NIGHT
Last Main Feature at 1 A.M.
Loew's ORPHEUM

SOARING, ROARING DRAMA!
M-G-M's unusual thrill story of America's fighting heroes smashing the Japs in the Pacific!

'PILOT #5'
STARRING
FRANCHOT MARSHA
TONE-HUNT
GENE KELLY
VAN JOHNSON
ALAN BAXTER
Plus Great Comedy Hit!
'THE DEVIL WITH HITLER'

SKYLINE HABIT
GET THE
'Well-tune' Brits Spot! 8:11 Enfon
'BLITZED' — But Business as Usual
RED DUNCAN, M. C.
Scotty—Dede Solmar—Jean Chardis
Rita Mae—Bob Landolt—Ray Meyer
Music by ALLISTER WYLLIE'S SKYLINERS

DANCE! SWIM! RIDES! SKATE! DINE!
Picnics Solicited
FREE BAND CONCERT
Sunday Afternoon
NEW DOWNS PARK
8600 S. BROADWAY
Where the Barracks Bus Transfers at the Loop

MOVIE TIME
AMBASSADOR
'Bombardier' at 11:30, 2:30, 5:30, 8:15 and 9:30
'Song of Texas' at 1:30, 3 and 8:30
FOX
'Bombardier' at 2:30, 5:30, 8:15 and 9:30
'Song of Texas' at 1:30, 3 and 8:30
LOEW'S
'Cabin in the Sky' at 10:15, 1:15, 4:15, 7:00 and 10:07
'A Stranger in Town' at 11:50, 2:50, 5:50 and 8:50
MISSOURI
'Action in the North Atlantic' at 12:15, 4:00 and 8:01
'Coney Island' at 11:20, 1:35, 3:37, 5:41, 7:45 and 9:49
ORPHEUM
'Pilot No. 5' at 10:15, 12:15, 2:25, 4:27, 6:31, 8:35 and 10:39
'The Devil With Hitler' at 11:20, 1:35, 3:37, 5:41, 7:45 and 9:49
ST. LOUIS
'A Gentle Gangster' at 7:24 and 9:08
'Shantytown' at 8:18 and 9:08

Excursion Steamer
Admiral
ON THE MISSISSIPPI
Music & Dancing
Cool
Excursions
SUN-TUE-WED-THUR-FRI — 10 am
SAT. AFT. 2:30 to 7
MOONLIGHT TRIPS Nightly at 9
No Trips Monday except July 5
Washington Ave. Wharf — MAJ. 4040

Order your want ads for Seven Days and save more than one-third the cost.

PAGE 5F

TODAY'S

A black and white illustration of a woman's face with dark, wavy hair, looking slightly to the right. To her right is a small, light-colored dress with a high collar and a small bow at the waist.

This flattering basque frock is pretty in cotton with gay, contrasting banding. Anne Adams Pattern #442 is adorable all in one color, too. Perfect for those informal afternoons, or shopping. Easy-to-make! Skirt and sleeve trim is optional. Pattern #442 is available only in misses' sizes 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20. Size 16 requires 3 1/4 yards 35-inch fabric, 3 1/4 yards contrast banding, and 3 1/4 yards ric-rac.

Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly size, name, address, style number.

Raymond from Helen L. Ellerbrook.
Ruth from Fred Page.
Katherine G. Muscarella.
Donna from Jack Robbins.
Neva from Gordon Brady.
Evelyn from Edna.
Clifford M. from Eveline M. Porter.
Leona from Theodora Clark.
Bernice M. from William Alsbrook.
Mary from Samuel Nagel.
Ed from Mary C. Crosby.
Blanche E. from John Pekarek.
Frank W. from Winifred E. Lowe.
Margaretta from Fred Kelly.
Allie M. from Virgil Burnes.
Elizabeth from William H. Lanctot.
Estela from Edgar Huddleston.
Edward J. from Gladion Maud Behm.
Elizabeth F. from Mary Lutz.
Frona E. from Wilber Eugene Fears.

Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS	35. Range of the Rockies
1. Worship	37. Angry
7. Arab chiefs	38. Bangle
13. Conclusion	40. Kindly
14. Implement for raising nap on woollens	42. Peruke
15. Exit	43. Wary
16. Soft drink	45. Appointments
17. Rowing implement	47. Symbol for calcium
18. Negative	49. Protecting
19. Female sand-piper	52. Rubber
21. Point opposite	54. You and I
	55. Open vessel

21. Siamese epin	59. Varnish
22. Toward	60. Among
23. Episcopian pastor	61. Receptacle for coal
24. Pertaining to the sole of the foot	62. Huge wave
25. Town in Belgium	63. Article
26. Chinese measure	64. Nuts
	65. Special ability
	71. Beat
	72. Fases, as time

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9						14	
15						17	
19							
23	20		21				
27	24	25		26			
28	29		30				31

THEY RATIONED!

A SHORTAGE OF A CUTIE NOT-A CUTIE YOU COULD BE SO POPULAR, THE REASON AREN'T—

UNDERARM ODOR— DON'T MAKE ME LAUGH! I BATHE AND BATHE IN SUMMER

R TODAY

RADIO FAVORITES TODAY

Variety and Comedy.

00 KMOX, last Kate Smith Show for the summer.

00 KSD, Tommy Riggs and His Betty Lou, Anita, Felix Miller's orchestra.

KMOX, Comedy Caravan; Bing Crosby and his radio company, and Joe E. Brown.

Music.

M.

00 KSD, Lucille Manners, soprano; Ross Graham, baritone; Frank Black's orchestra.

30 KSD, All-Time Hit Parade; Jerry Wayne and Martha Stewart, singers; Mark Warnow's

00 KSD, Walks Time; Frank Munn, tenor; Abe Lyman's orchestra and chorus.
:00 KSD, Fred Waring's Pleasure Time.
:05 KSD, The Music You Want When You Want It.
Commentators.
:15 KSD, John W. Vandercook and NBC correspondents.
:45 KSD, H. V. Kaltenborn.
:00 KWK, Cal Tinney.
:45 KSD, Elmer Davis, Director of the OWI.
:15 KSD, John B. Kennedy.

12—**RABANEL, SCORES: NOT FOR GLODY**, a dramatization of OCD narrative.
KPUO—Faithful Words. **KMOX**—Open House. **KWK**—Scored.
13—**News: Scores: Testime Tunes.** **WILL**—Scored. **WABC**—American Way.
KMOX—Horace Hagit.
15 KPUO—Scored Recital. **KWK**—Described. **WABC**—Broadway Melodies.
16—**SCORES: RABANEL SCORES: THE KSD ORCHESTRA,** directed by **Kuss**
KPUO—Open Bible. **KMOX**—Cousins Emmy. **KWK**—Navy Bulletin Board. **WABC**—Scored. **WILL**—Broadway Melodies. **WILL**—Scores: Musical Roundup: News.
17—**KSD**—ALEX DREIER, comedian.
18—**WABC**—Scored. **WILL**—Scored. **WILL**—Went Last We Forget. **WILL**—Strictly Instrumental.

by the Associated Press.

count 'Em, Rommel.

WESTVILLE, N. J., June 26 (AP)—Corp. Robert Dunn of Westville writes from Africa that Negro artillerymen provided a little cry for Americans on one sector in the Tunisian campaign.

With each fire order, the boys tossed the projectile and as it went down its way changed in rhythm, "Rommel, count yo' men."

Executive to Work.

TORONTO, June 26.—A group of

orkers at the Toronto Ordnance report tried out a novel plan to curb absenteeism.

One employee, who was absent was greeted on his return by fellow workers who carried paddles. When he didn't give a valid excuse for his absence he was given the alternative of being paddled or treating the gang.

He decided to treat.

Editor Bows to War.

NEWBERRY, S. C.—The *Newberry Sun*, a weekly, carried this announcement by Editor O. F. Arm-

for the duration. The Army
called our last employee, the
third in a little over a year. We
now the nation will survive with-
out the Sun, but it cannot live
without victory in this war."

322 OLIVE JR. 7294

PHILCO
CORPORATION
INVITES YOU TO
LISTEN TO

OUR SECRET WEAPON **TRUTH**

**Hear Rex Stout
Expose AXIS LIES!
KMOX 6:15 P.M.**

half a minute to apply!
 harm all day or evening
 prevents underarm odor, with-
 perspiration.
 irritate your skin, even after
 having.
 n for your nicest clothes.
 your druggist's today!



*Takes the Odor
 out of
 Perspiration*

GRIN AND BEAR IT—By Lichty



"But I did complain to the laundry and all they did was to offer me a job!"

ROOM AND BOARD—By Gene Ahern



SKIPPY—By Percy L. Crosby



BELIEVE IT OR NOT—By Ripley



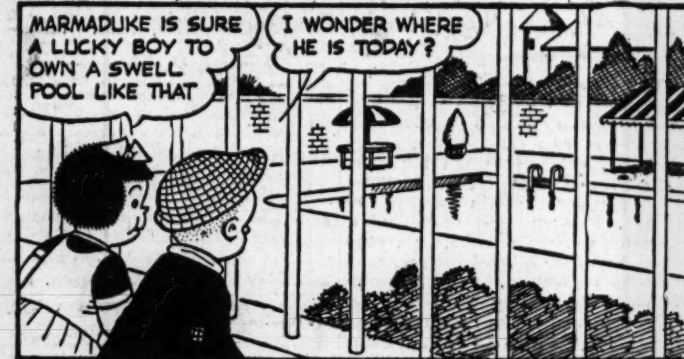
BLONDIE—By Chic Young



LIL ABNER—By Al Capp



NANCY—By Ernie Bushmiller



JANE ARDEN—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN—By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



CHIEF WAHOO—By Saunders and Woggon



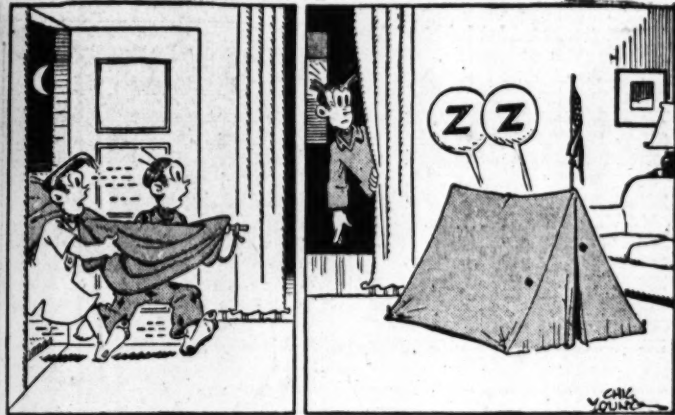
RAMBLIN' BILL—By Tex Bradley



SUPERMAN—By Jerry Siegel and Joe Shuster



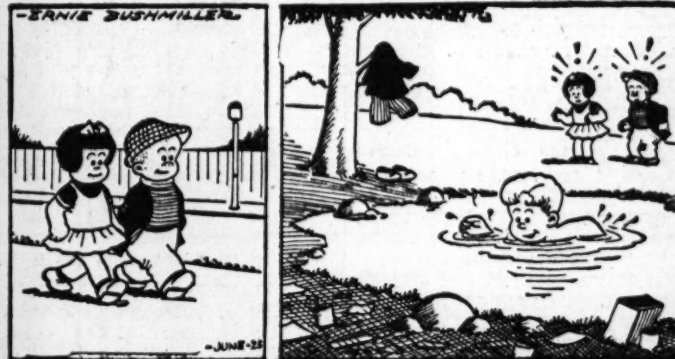
Tactful Commando Tactics!



Hard to Please



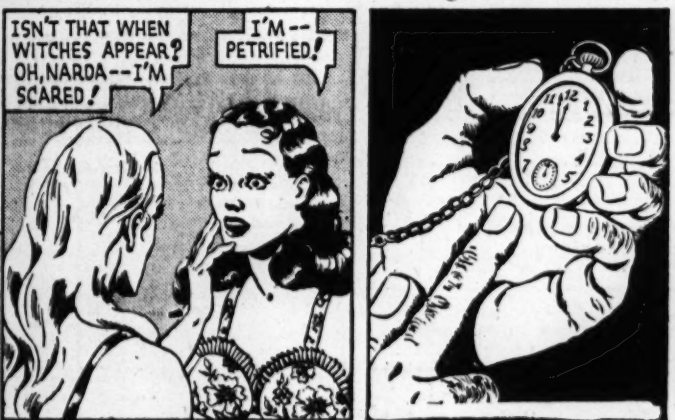
The Better 'Ole



The Witching Hour.



Recalled



PRIVATE BREGER—By Dave Breger



"Boy, my Thompson submachine gun, caliber .45!"

THE SPIRIT—By Will Eisner



"Doughboy Hooked on the Run!"



SUNFLOWER STREET—By Tom Little and Tom Sims



WILLIE, SAMSON, SUSIE AND GRANNY LOU.

